



## HIWIN GmbH

Brücklesbünd 2 D-77654 Offenburg Telephone +49 (0) 7 81 9 32 78 - 0 Telefax +49 (0) 7 81 9 32 78 - 90 info@hiwin.de

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#### Note:

The technical data in this catalogue may be changed without prior notice.



## Linear guideways & accessories

A linear guideway permits linear movement with the aid of rolling elements. By using balls or rollers between the rail and block, a linear guideway can attain an extremely precise linear movement. Compared with a standard sliding guide, the friction coefficient here is just one fiftieth. The good efficiency and zero play mean that the linear guideway can be used in various ways.

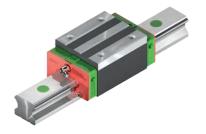
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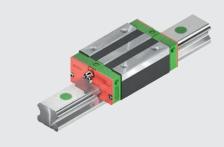
## 1. Product overview



## Linear guideway, series HG and QH

<u>Page 26</u>

- 4-row recirculation ball bearing guide
- o 45° contact angle
- High loading capacity in all mounting positions
- High rigidity
- O Block with SynchMotion™ technology (QH series)



## Linear guideway, series EG and QE

<u>Page 44</u>

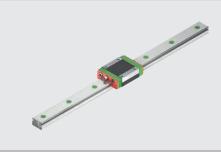
- 4-row recirculation ball bearing guide
- o 45° contact angle
- High loading capacity in all mounting positions
- o Low installation height
- O Block with SynchMotion™ technology (QE series)



## Linear guideway, series WE

<u>Page 59</u>

- 4-row recirculating ball bearing guide
- o 45° contact angle
- High torque loading capacity
- Low installation height



## Linear guideway, series MG

Page 71

- o 2-row recirculating ball bearing guide
- o 45° contact angle
- Compact construction
- Narrow and wide designs

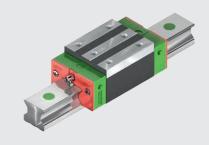




## Linear guideway, series MG-0

Page 83

- o 2-row recirculation ball bearing guide
- o 45° contact angle
- Optimized ball deflection
- o Improved synchronous performance
- Reduced weight



## Linear guideway, series RG and QR

<u>Page 92</u>

- 4-row recirculation ball bearing guide
- o 45° contact angle
- o Roller guide
- Very high loading capacity
- Very high rigidity
- Block with SynchMotion™ technology (QR series)



## Linear guideway, series PG

Page 109

- O HG series with integrated positioning measurement system
- Zero contact distance measurement
- Simple attachment and assembly
- Signal output in real time

#### Accessories

Page 116

- Grease nipple
- Lubrication adapter
- Push-in fittings

General information

## 2. General information

#### 2.1 Properties and advantages

#### 1. High positioning accuracy

A carriage mounted with a linear guideway only has to overcome rolling friction. The difference between the static and dynamic rolling friction is very small so the break-away force is only slightly greater than the motion force. Stick-slip effects are not experienced.

#### 2. Long lifetime and highly precise movement

With a sliding guide, the different thicknesses of lubrication film may result in accuracy errors. The sliding friction and the fact that lubrication is often insufficient cause a lot of wear and therefore decreasing accuracy. Contrasted with this, the linear guideway has very low rolling friction, coupled with extremely low wear. Guidance accuracy remains virtually constant over the entire lifetime.

#### 3. High speed and low driving force

The low friction coefficients mean that only low driving forces are needed. The required power also remains low when reversing.

## 4. Same high load capacity in all directions

Thanks to the enforced guidance inherent in its design, a linear guideway can absorb forces in a vertical and horizontal direction.

#### 5. Simple installation and interchangeability

Assembling a linear guideway is a simple process. A high level of accuracy is achieved with a milled or ground mounting surface if the assembly instructions are followed. Standard sliding guides require considerably more effort to assemble as the sliding surfaces have to be scraped. Individual components cannot be interchanged without scraping. Linear guideways can however be interchanged with very little effort.

## 6. Simple lubrication

Insufficient lubrication on sliding guides destroys the sliding surfaces. Lubricant must be used at a large number of points on the sliding surfaces. The linear guideway only requires minimal lubrication which is provided by a simple supply line to the block. HIWIN can also supply blocks with an integrated oil lubrication unit and interchangeable oil tank for long-term lubrication.

#### 7. Corrosion protection

To achieve optimum corrosion protection, blocks and rails can be supplied with different coatings. The individual procedures selected depend on the application. Data relating to the ambient conditions and corrosive substances is needed for an optimum choice of coating. The miniature linear guideways MG and MG-O are produced in stainless steel.



#### 2.2 Selection principles

#### Establish the selection conditions

- Machine base
- Max. installation space
- Desired accuracy
- Rigidity required
- Type of loading

- Travel distance
- Speed of travel, acceleration
- Frequency of use
- Lifetime
- Ambient conditions



#### Select the series

- HG series Grinding, milling and drilling machines, lathes, machining centres, woodworking
- EG series Automation technology, high-speed transport, semiconductor equipment, precision measuring equipment
- $\circ$  WE series Single axes with high torque loads M<sub>X</sub>
- o MG/MG-O series Miniature technology, semiconductor equipment, medical technology
- o RG series Machining centres, injection moulding machines, machines and systems with high rigidity



#### Select the accuracy class

O Classes C, H, P, SP, UP depending on the accuracy required



## Define the size and number of blocks

- O Depending on empirical values
- Depending on type of loading
- o If a ballscrew is used, the nominal size of the linear guideways and the ballscrew should be roughly the same, e.g. 32 ballscrew and 35 rail



## Calculate the maximum load of the blocks

Calculate the maximum load using the sample calculations (see Section 2.5). Ensure that the static structural
safety of the selected linear guideway is higher than the corresponding value in the table on static structural
safety.



#### Determine the preload

The preload depends on the rigidity requirements and the accuracy of the mounting surface.



## **Determine the rigidity**

 Use the rigidity table to calculate the deformation (8)the rigidity increases with preload and as the guide increases in size.



#### Calculate the lifetime

Establish the lifetime needed taking account of the speed and frequency of travel; base work on sample calculations (see Section <u>2.4</u>).



## Select the type of lubrication

- o Grease via grease nipple
- Oil via connection line



### **Selection complete**

#### General information

#### 2.3 Load ratings

#### 2.3.1 Static load rating Co

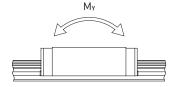
If a linear guideway is subject to disproportionately high loads or impact during movement or when stationary, local permanent deformation occurs between the block and balls. Once this permanent deformation exceeds a particular level, it impacts on how easily the guide moves. By definition, the static load rating corresponds to a static load which causes a permanent deformation of 0.0001 × ball diameter at the point of

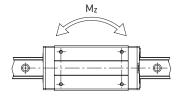
contact subject to the most loading. The values are stated in the tables for each linear guideway. These tables can be used to select a suitable linear guideway. The maximum static load to which a linear guideway is subjected must not exceed the static load rating.

#### 2.3.2 Permissible static moment $M_{\rm 0}$

The permissible static moment is the moment that corresponds to the greatest possible loading of moving parts by the static load rating in a defined direction and magnitude. The permissible static moment is defined in three directions (MX, MY and MZ) for linear movement systems.







#### 2.3.3 Static structural safety

Static structural safety, which depends on the ambient and operating conditions, must be taken into account for rail systems at rest or moving slowly. A higher level of structural safety is especially important for guides subject to impact loads, see <u>Table 2.1</u>. The static structural safety can be calculated using <u>F 2.1</u>.



$$f_{SL} = \frac{C_0}{P} \; ; \quad f_{SM} = \frac{M_0}{M}$$

**Please note:** The load-bearing capacity of the linear guideway is often limited not by its load-bearing strength, but the screw connection. We therefore recommend checking the maximum permitted load-bearing capacity of the screw connection in accordance with VDI 2230.

Static structural safety

 $f_{\text{SM}}$  Static safety factor for torque loading

C<sub>0</sub> Static load rating [N]

 $M_0$  Permissible static moment [Nm]

P Equivalent static working load [N]

M Equivalent static moment [Nm]

Table 2.1 Static structural safety	
Loading	f <sub>SL</sub> ; f <sub>SM</sub> [min.]
Normal loading	1.25 – 3.00
With impact and vibration	3.00 - 5.00

## 2.3.4 Dynamic load rating $C_{\text{dyn}}$

The dynamic load rating is the defined loading (in direction and magnitude) at which a linear guideway achieves a nominal lifetime of  $50\,\mathrm{km}^{\,1)}$  travel distance (HG, QH, EG, QE, WE, MG, MG-O) or  $100\,\mathrm{km}^{\,1)}$  (RG). The dynamic load rating is stated for each guide in the dimension charts. This can be used to calculate the lifetime of one particular guide.

 $C_{dyn}$  50 km = 1.26 ×  $C_{dyn}$  100 km (series HG, QH, EG, QE, WE, MG, MG-0)

 $C_{dyn}$  50 km = 1.23 ×  $C_{dyn}$  100 km (series RG)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> The dynamic load rating of linear guideways is stated for a lifetime of 50 or 100 km travel distance depending on the manufacturer. The following factors can be used to convert the dynamic load rating.



#### 2.4 Lifetime calculation

#### 2.4.1 Definition of lifetime

Continual and repeat loading of the tracks and balls on a linear guideway causes signs of fatigue on the track surface. Ultimately this results in what is known as pitting. The lifetime of a linear guideway is defined as the total travel distance covered until pitting starts to form on the surface of the track or balls.

#### 2.4.2 Nominal lifetime (L)

The lifetime may vary significantly even if the linear guideways are produced in the same way and used under the same movement conditions. The nominal lifetime should therefore be viewed as a rough estimate of the lifetime of a linear guideway. The nominal lifetime corresponds to the total travel distance which 90 % of a group of identical linear guideways reach under the same conditions without failure.

#### 2.4.2.1 Nominal lifetime calculation

The actual loading affects the nominal lifetime of a linear guideway. The nominal lifetime can be calculated with Formulas <u>F 2.2</u> and <u>F 2.3</u> using the selected dynamic load rating and equivalent dynamic loading.

## Formulas for calculating nominal lifetime (L)

Series HG, QH, EG, QE, WE, MG, MG-0:

F 2.2

$$L = \left(\frac{C_{dyn}}{P}\right)^3 \times 50 \, km$$

Series RG, QR:

F 2.3

$$L = \left(\frac{C_{dyn}}{P}\right)^{10/3} \times 100 \, \text{km}$$

#### 2.4.2.2 Factors affecting nominal lifetime

The type of loading, hardness of the track and temperature of the guide have a considerable impact on the nominal lifetime. Formulas  $\underline{F2.4}$  and  $\underline{F2.5}$  show the relationship between these factors.

#### Hardness factor (f<sub>h</sub>)

The tracks of the linear guideways have a hardness of 58 HRC. A hardness factor of 1.0 applies. If the hardness differs from this, the hardness factor shown on the right should be used. If the stated hardness is not reached, the permissible loading is reduced. If this happens, the dynamic and static load ratings must be multiplied by the hardness factor.

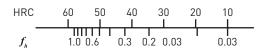
#### Temperature factor (f<sub>t</sub>)

Standard rails can be used in an ambient temperature range of -10 to 80 °C. At ambient temperatures up to 150 °C, linear guideways with a metallic end cap must be used (identified in the type code by the addition "/SE"). Intermittent ambient temperatures of up to 180 °C are possible. However, we do recommend contacting our technical support team to be sure. If the temperature of a linear guideway exceeds 100 °C, the permissible load and lifetime are reduced. The dynamic and static load ratings must therefore be multiplied by the temperature factor.

L Nominal lifetime [km]

C<sub>dyn</sub> Dynamic load rating [N]

P Equivalent dynamic loading [N]





## General information

## Load factor (f<sub>w</sub>)

The equivalent dynamic load is multiplied by the load factor according to <u>Table 2.2</u>. This takes into account the external effects on the rail's service life that are not entered directly in the calculations (e.g. vibrations, impacts, and high speed). For short-stroke applications (stroke  $< 2 \times$  block length), the load factor determined must be doubled.

Table 2.2 <b>Load factor</b>		
Type of loading	Speed of travel	f <sub>w</sub>
No impact and vibration	up to 15 m/min	1.0 – 1.2
Normal load	15 m/min to 60 m/min	1.2 – 1.5
Little impact	60 m/min to 120 m/min	1.5 – 2.0
With impact and vibration	greater than 120 m/min	2.0 – 3.5

## Formula for calculating nominal lifetime (taking factors into account)

Series HG, QH, EG, QE, WE, MG, MG-0:

F 2.4

$$L = \left(\frac{f_h \times f_t \times C_{dyn}}{f_w \times P}\right)^3 \times 50 \, \text{km}$$

Series RG, QR:

F 2.5

$$L = \left(\frac{f_h \times f_t \times C_{dyn}}{f_w \times P}\right)^{10/3} \times 100 \, \text{km}$$

L Nominal lifetime [km]

f<sub>h</sub> Hardness factor

C<sub>dyn</sub> Dynamic load rating [N]

f<sub>t</sub> Temperature factor

P Equivalent dynamic loading [N]

f<sub>w</sub> Load factor

## 2.4.3 Lifetime calculation (L<sub>h</sub>)

The speed of travel and frequency of movement are used to calculate the lifetime in hours from the nominal lifetime.

## Formula for calculating lifetime (Lh)

Series HG, QH, EG, QE, WE, MG, MG-0:

F 2.6

$$L_h = \frac{L}{v \times 60} = \frac{\left(\frac{C_{dyn}}{P}\right)^3 \times 50,000}{v \times 60}$$

Series RG, QR:

F 2.7

$$L_h = \frac{L}{v \times 60} = \frac{\left(\frac{C_{dyn}}{P}\right)^{10/3} \times 100,000}{v \times 60}$$

L<sub>h</sub> Lifetime [h]
L Nominal lifetime [m]
v Speed [m/min]

 $C_{dyn}/P$  Ratio between load rating and load

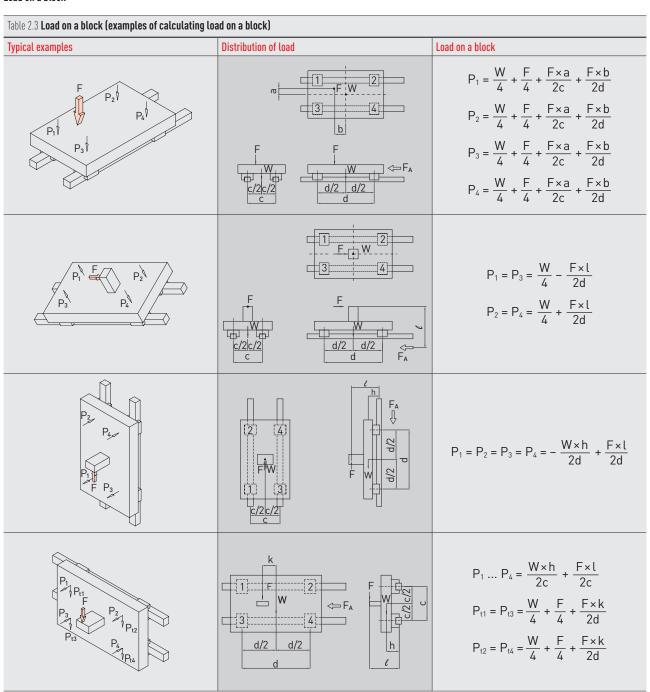


### 2.5 Operating load

#### 2.5.1 Operating load

When calculating the loads acting on a linear guideway, various factors must be taken into account, e.g. the focal point of the load, the motion force's point of entry and the mass inertia at the start and end of movement. To obtain a correct value, each parameter must be taken into account.

#### Load on a block

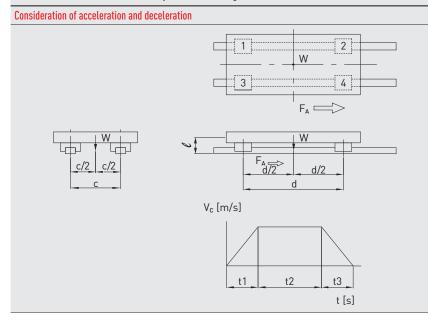


- $P_1...P_4$  Load on the individual block
- W Weight of load
- F Motion force; other force arising
- $F_A$  Reaction force
- l Distance from external force to carriage

- c Rail spacing
- d Block spacing
- a, b, k Distance from external force to geometric center
- h Distance from center of gravity to driver

#### Load and mass inertia

### Table 2.4 Load and mass inertia (examples of calculating load and mass inertia)



## Load on one block

Constant velocity

$$P_1 ... P_4 = \frac{W}{4}$$

Acceleration

$$P_1 = P_3 = \frac{W}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{W}{q} \times \frac{v_c}{t_1} \times \frac{l}{d}$$

$$P_2 = P_4 = \frac{W}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{W}{q} \times \frac{V_c}{t_1} \times \frac{l}{d}$$

Deceleration

$$P_1 = P_3 = \frac{W}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{W}{g} \times \frac{v_c}{t_3} \times \frac{l}{d}$$

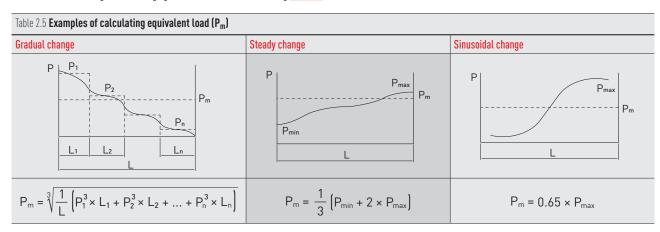
$$P_2 = P_4 = \frac{W}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{W}{g} \times \frac{v_c}{t_3} \times \frac{l}{d}$$

- P<sub>1</sub>...P<sub>4</sub> Load on the individual block
- W Weight of load
- F Motion force
- F<sub>A</sub> Reaction force
- g Gravitational acceleration [m/s²]
- v<sub>c</sub> Velocity [m/s]

- t<sub>1</sub> Acceleration time [s]
- t<sub>2</sub> Constant speed time [s]
- $t_3 \qquad \text{ Deceleration time [s]}$
- c Rail spacing [m]
- d Block spacing [m]
- l Distance from center of gravity to carriage [m]

#### 2.5.2 Calculation of equivalent load during changing loads

If loading of a linear guideway fluctuates greatly, an equivalent load must be used in the lifetime calculation. The equivalent load is defined as the load which causes the same wear on the bearings as the changing loads. It can be calculated using <u>Table 2.5</u>.



- P<sub>m</sub> Equivalent load
- P<sub>n</sub> Changing load
- $P_{min} \quad Minimum \ load$
- $P_{\text{max}}$  Maximum load
- L Total travel distance
- L<sub>n</sub> Travel distance under load P<sub>n</sub>



#### 2.6 Friction and lubrication

#### 2.6.1 Frictional resistance

Using rolling elements in the linear guideway mainly reduces friction on the roll friction of the rolling elements. This makes the friction coefficient of linear guideways very low, up to one fiftieth of that of traditional sliding guides. Generally, the friction coefficient is around 0.004 depending on the series. If the loading is only 10 % or less

of the dynamic load rating, most of the frictional resistance is caused by the wiper and grease and friction between the rolling elements. If the operating load is more than 10 % of the dynamic load rating, the load provides the majority of the frictional resistance.

F2.8  $F = \mu \times W + S$ 

F Frictional force [N]

S Frictional resistance [N]

μ Friction coefficient

W Load [N]

#### 2.6.2 Lubrication

Like any other roller bearing, linear guideways need a sufficient supply of lubricant. In principle, both oil and grease can be used for lubrication. The lubricant is a design element and should be taken into account when designing a machine.

Lubricants reduce wear, protect against contamination, reduce corrosion and their properties extend the service life. Dirt may build up on unprotected rails. This dirt must be removed on a regular basis.

HIWIN provides greases for various requirements:

HIWIN G01: heavy-duty applications

HIWIN G02: clean room and vacuum applications

O HIWIN GO3 high-speed clean room and vacuum applications

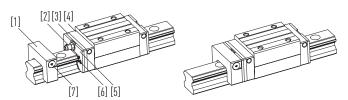
HIWIN G04: high-speed applications
 HIWIN G05: standard applications

You will find information about the HIWIN lubricants in the accessories chapter on <a href="Page 120">Page 120</a>. You will also find details about the HIWIN lubricants and lubrication of the linear guideways in the "HIWIN assembly instructions for linear guideways" available from www.hiwin.de.

## 2.6.3 Oil lubrication unit E2

The oil lubrication unit E2 consists of a lubricating unit between the deflection system and the end seal, and an interchangeable oil tank. The block does not need to be disassembled in order to interchange the oil tank. Lubrication passes from the oil tank via the connector to the lubricating unit which then lubricates the track of the rail. Due to the specific design of the oil tank, the block can be assembled in any position with-

The oil lubrication unit E2 is available for the HG, EG and RG series. You will find the corresponding dimensions, lubricant volumes and intervals in the chapters for the corresponding series. Series HG: <a href="Page 39">Page 39</a>, series EG: <a href="Page 55">Page 55</a>, series RG: <a href="Page 49">Page 55</a>, series RG: <a href="Page 49">Page 55</a>, series RG: <a href="Page 40">Page 4



out influencing the lubrication effect. The oil lubrication unit E2 can be used at an ambient temperature of  $-10\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+60\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The replacement intervals depend greatly on the loads and the environmental conditions. Environmental influences such as high loads, vibrations and dirt shorten the replacement intervals.

- [1] Oil tank
- [2] Connector
- [3] Lubrication unit
- [4] Deflection system
- [5] End seal
- [6] Screw
- [7] Seal plug

## **Applications**

- Machine tools
- Production machines, injection moulding machines, paper industry, textile machines, foodstuffs industry, woodworking machines
- Electronics industry, semiconductor industry, robot technology, cross tables, measurement and test machines
- Other areas, medical equipment, automation, industrial handling

## General information

#### 2.7 Mounting position

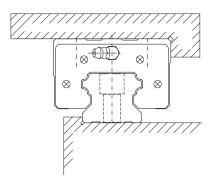
## 2.7.1 Examples of typical mounting positions

A linear guideway can absorb loads from above/below and right/left. The mounting position depends on the requirements of the machine and the loading direction. The precision of the rail is defined by the straightness and evenness of the installation surfaces, since the rail is attached to these while the screws are being tightened.

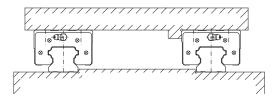
Profile rails that are not attached to an installation surface may have larger tolerances in terms of straightness. Below you will find typical mounting situations: Details of the assembly tolerances can be found in the chapters for the individual series.

## A profile bar on a reference edge:

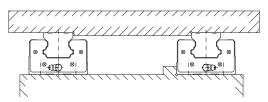
The reference edge is identified by arrows on the top of the rail. For very short rails, identification is on the front side of the rail.



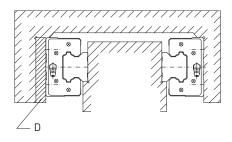
#### Two rails with mobile block:



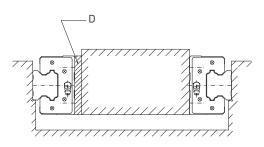
#### Two rails with permanently installed block:



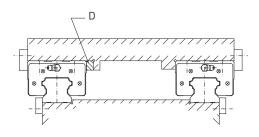
## Two external blocks:



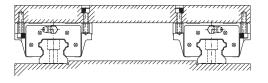
## Two internal blocks:



## Setup with permanently installed surface:



## HGW..C block with different mounting directions:



) Spacer

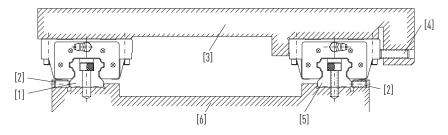


#### 2.8 Assembly

Depending on the accuracy required and the linear guideway's impact and vibration loading, the following three types of assembly are recommended.

## 2.8.1 Assembly of rails with reference edge and clamp

If the machine is subject to severe vibration, impact or lateral force, guides and blocks may move. To avoid this problem and achieve a high level of rigidity and guidance accuracy, we would recommend assembling the linear guideway with reference edges and clamps on both sides.

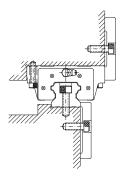


- [1] Following side
- [2] Guide clamping screw
- [3] Carriage
- [4] Block clamping screw
- [5] Reference side
- [6] Machine bed

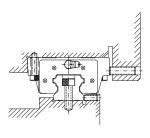
## 2.8.1.1 Types of attachment

The following four types of attachment are recommended.

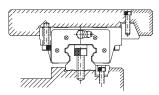
## Attachment with a clamping plate:



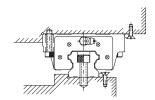
## Attachment with clamping screws:



#### Attachment with clamping strips:



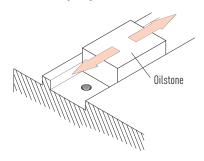
## Attachment with needle rollers:



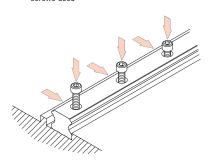
## General information

#### 2.8.1.2 Assembly of the rails

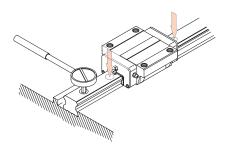
1) Before beginning, remove all dirt from the surface of the machine



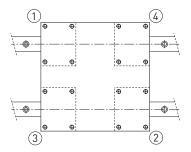
3) When aligning the rail on the bed, ensure that the thread engages with the screws used



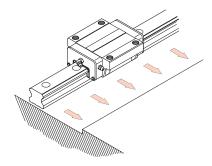
5) Tighten rail mounting bolts in three stages using a torque wrench until the specified torque is reached



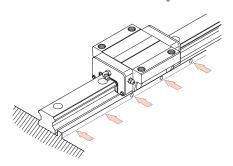
- ${\bf 2.8.1.3}~{\bf Assembly}~{\bf of}~{\bf the}~{\bf blocks}$
- Carefully place carriage on block. Then provisionally tighten carriage mounting holts
- Press block against carriage's reference edge and align carriage by tightening clamping screws.
- To assemble carriage evenly, tighten mounting bolts on reference side and following side in turn four times.



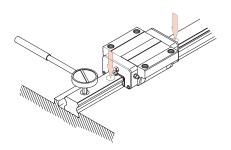
2) Place the rail carefully on the bed and align it with the reference edge



4) Tighten clamping screws one after another in order to ensure good contact between the rail and the reference edge



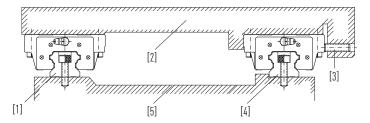
4) Assemble the second rail in the same way as the first





### 2.8.2 Assembly of rails with reference edge without clamp

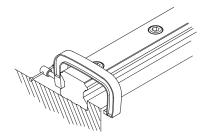
To ensure that the reference and following rails are parallel when not using clamping screws, we would recommend the following methods of assembly. The block is installed as described above.



- [1] Following rail
- [2] Carriage
- [3] Block clamping screw
- [4] Reference rail
- [5] Machine bed

#### 2.8.2.1 Assembly of rail on the reference side

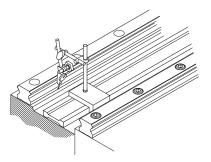
Place the guide on the machine bed's mounting surface. Tighten the mounting bolts slightly and then use a vice to press the guide against the reference edge of the machine bed. Then tighten the mounting bolts in turn to the specified torque.



### 2.8.2.2 Assembly of rail on the following side

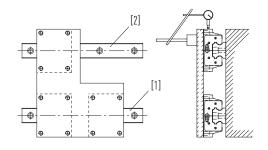
#### Aligning to a straight edge:

Place the straight edge between the guides and align it parallel to the reference edge on the reference side using a dial gauge. Once the guide on the following side is aligned parallel to the reference side, tighten the mounting bolts in turn working from one end of the guide to the other.



### Using a plate:

Install a plate on two blocks on the reference rail. On the following rail, loosely secure a block on the plate. Then fit a dial gauge on the plate and bring the gauge into contact with the side of the following rail's block. Then move the plate from one end to the other and align the following rail parallel to the reference rail. Tighten the mounting bolts in turn.

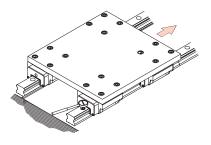


- [1] Reference rail
- [2] Following rail

## General information

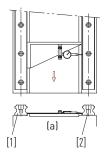
#### Aligning to a reference rail:

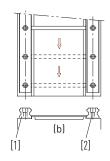
When the reference rail is correctly installed, securely fit a plate on two blocks on the reference rail and one of the two blocks on the following rail. Then move the plate from one end of the rails to the other, while tightening the mounting bolts of the following rail.



## Using a gauge:

Use a special gauge to establish the position of the following rail and tighten the mounting bolts to the specified torque.

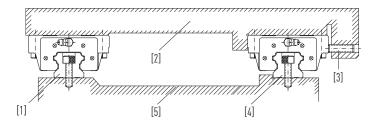




- [1] Reference rail
- [2] Following rail

#### 2.8.3 Assembly of rails without reference edge and without clamp

To ensure that the reference and following rails are parallel even if there is no reference edge on the reference side, we would recommend the following type of assembly. The blocks are installed as described above.

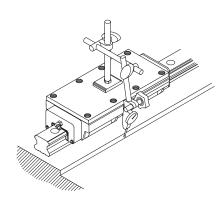


- [1] Following rail
- [2] Carriage
- [3] Block clamping screw
- [4] Following rail
- [5] Machine bed

### 2.8.3.1 Assembly of rail on the reference side

#### Aligning to a temporary reference edge:

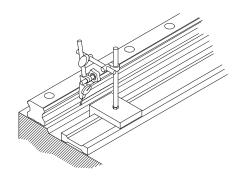
Closely connect two blocks with a plate. Use an edge on the machine bed to align the rail from one end to the other. To check, move the block and tighten the mounting bolts in turn to the specified torque.



#### Aligning to a straight edge:

Use a dial gauge on a straight edge to align the rail from one end to the other. Be sure to tighten the mounting bolts in turn.

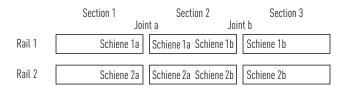
The following rail is assembled as described under <u>2.8.2.2, "Assembly of rail on the following side"</u>.





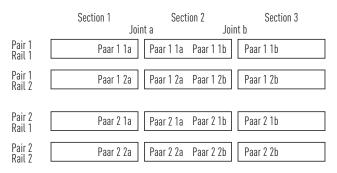
#### 2.8.4 Joint rails

Joint (multi-part) rails must be assembled according to the markings on them. The joints of each section are identified in consecutive alphabetical order as well as by the rail/pair number so that each rail section can be clearly assigned.

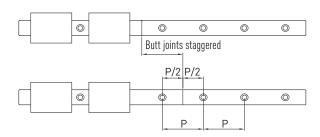


Each joint is printed on the top of the rail. This assists with initial assembly and can be removed at any time using a suitable cleaning agent (e.g. methylated spirit). For paired multi-part rails, the word "Paar" must also be stated in addition to the rail number.

Paar = pair Schiene = rail



For paired multi-part rails, the butt joints should be staggered.



## 2.8.5 Tightening torques for mounting bolts

Insufficient tightening of the mounting bolts strongly compromises the precision of the linear guideway; the following tightening torques are therefore recommended for the relevant screw sizes.

Table 2.6 <b>Tightening torques of the mou</b>	nting bolts according to ISO 4762-12.9										
Screw size	rew size Torque [Nm] Screw size Torque [Nm]										
M2	0.6	M8	30								
M3	2	M10	70								
M4	4	M12	120								
M5	9	M14	160								
M6	13	M16	200								

#### General information

#### 2.9 Sealing systems

### 2.9.1 Sealing systems SS, ZZ, DD, KK

The HIWIN end seals firstly prevent the ingress of foreign substances such as dust particles, chips or liquid into the block's ball tracks and secondly reduce the amount of lubricant lost. HIWIN provides various sealing systems for the various ambient conditions of your application. The effectiveness of the end seal impacts directly on the lifetime of the linear guideway and should therefore be taken into account at the design stage and selected to suit the ambient conditions of your application.

#### SS (standard):

End seal with bottom seal

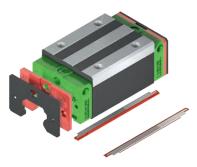
- For applications with little dirt and dust
- Only minimal increase in displacement forces



#### ZZ:

Only minimal increase in displacement forces

- For applications associated with hot chips or sharp-edged particles of dirt
- The scraper protects the end seal and prevents it from being damaged



#### DD:

Double end seal with bottom seal

- For applications associated with a lot of dirt and dust
- The double end seal effectively prevents the ingress of dirt into the block



#### KK:

Double end seal with bottom seal and scraper

- For applications associated with a lot of dirt and dust and hot chips or sharpedged particles of dirt
- The scraper protects the end seals and prevents them from being damaged



## Availability of sealing systems SS, ZZ, DD and KK:

Sealing systems SS, ZZ, DD and KK are available for all series and sizes. The exceptions are the MG and MG-O series, for which only the standard sealing system SS is available.



#### 2.9.2 Sealing systems SW and ZWX for optimum dust protection

Sealing systems SW and ZWX allow HIWIN linear guideways to also be used in areas with very high levels of dirt. The sealing systems offer optimum protection against the ingress of dirt, dust and liquid. The end seal is resistant to oils and greases and very resistant to wear.

#### **Properties:**

- o End seal with double sealing lip
- Optimized bottom seal
- Additional top seal
- Optimized stainless steel scraper

#### SW:

End seal with double sealing lip, optimized bottom seal and additional top seal

- Optimum dust protection
- The additional top seal prevents the ingress of dirt via the top of the rail
- The optimized bottom seal protects against the ingress of dirt on the rail flank

#### Advantages:

- Optimum dust protection
- Lifetime extended ten-fold
- Longer lubrication intervals
- Lower maintenance costs



#### 7WX

End seal with double sealing lip, optimized bottom seal, additional top seal and optimized scraper

- Optimum dust protection
- The additional top seal prevents the ingress of dirt via the top of the rail
- The optimized bottom seal protects against the ingress of dirt on the rail flank
- The optimized scraper also protects against dirt particles > 0.2 mm in diameter and prevents damage to the end seal.

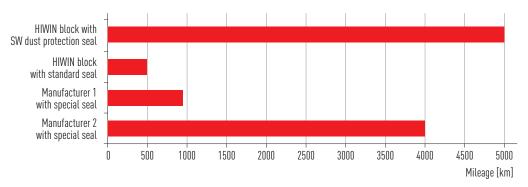


#### Dust test for sealing systems SW and ZWX

Thorough dust tests have shown that the lifetime with sealing systems SW and ZWX is ten times longer than that with a standard seal in cases of high dust levels.

#### Test conditions:

- O Sealed room in which MDF dust is swirled about
- $v = 1.3 \,\text{m/s}$
- Grease lubrication



Series	Sizes											
	15	20	25	30	35	45	55	65				
IG	0	• •	• ■	• =	• ■	• •	0 🗆	0 🗆				
RG	_	_	_	_	_	0 🗆	0 🗆	0 🗆				

## General information

### 2.10 SynchMotion™ technology

The innovative SynchMotion™ technology reduces contact between the rolling elements and with the block. Like the ball cage of a standard ball bearing, the rolling elements are kept a defined distance from one another using SynchMotion™ technology. Reciprocal friction, as is produced in standard linear guideways, is therefore prevented and synchronous fluctuations are greatly reduced. No uncontrolled ball movements occur, even at high speeds. SynchMotion™ technology also improves the transport of lubricant within the block and the storage of lubricant.

## Advantages:

- o Improved synchronous performance
- Optimised for high travel speeds
- Improved lubrication properties
- Less running noise
- O Higher dynamic load capacities

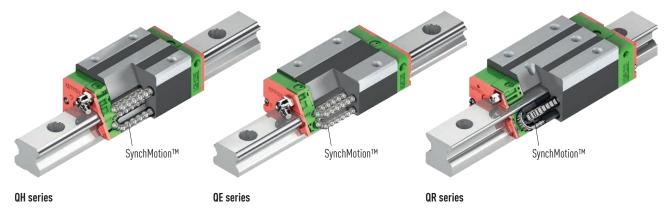


Table 2.8 <b>Availabi</b>	lity of SynchMotio	n™ technology fo	r HIWIN linear gui	deways								
Series	Sizes											
	15 20 25 30 35 45 55 65											
QH	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	_				
QE	•	•	•	•	•	_	_	_				
QR	_	-	•	•	•	•	_	_				

Carriages with SynchMotion™ technology come in identical sizes, are compatible with the HG, EG and RG blocks, are fitted on the standard rail and are very easy to interchange.



## 2.11 Heat-resistant linear guideways

"Solid steel" blocks with steel deflection systems are deployed for permanent use at temperatures in excess of 80 °C. The standard end seals are replaced by heat-resistant seals and the plastic cover caps on the rail with brass caps.

## Special properties:

- Good resistance to temperature
- Operating temperature up to 150 °C
- Temperature peaks up to 180 °C.

## Areas of use:

- Devices for heat treatment
- Welding devices
- O Devices for the production of glass
- O Devices for use in vacuums



Table 2.9 Series with steel deflection system option	
Series	Sizes
HG	15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 45, 55, 65
EG	20, 25
MGN	7, 9, 12, 15
MGW	12, 15

Order code: Add the "/SE" identifier to the order code for the steel deflection system option. Refer to structure of order codes in the chapter for the individual series. HG: from Page 26, EG: from Page 44, MG: from Page 72

Sample order: HG W 25 C C ZA H ZZ SE

HG/QH series

## 3. Linear guideways

#### 3.1 HG and QH series

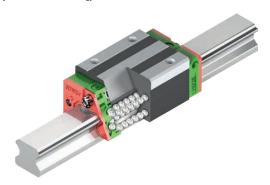
#### 3.1.1 Properties of the linear guideways, series HG and QH

The HIWIN linear guideways of the HG series with four ball tracks are designed for high loads and rigidities. Due to the 45° arrangement of the ball tracks the HG series can equally take loads from all directions. Low displacement forces and a high efficiency are further features of the HG series. The ball retainers prevent the balls from falling out when the block is pulled off the rail during assembly.

The models of the QH series with SynchMotion™ technology offer all the advantages of the standard series HG. Controlled movement of the balls at a defined distance also results in improved synchronous performance, higher reliable travel speeds, extended lubrication intervals and less running noise. Since the installation dimensions of the QH blocks are identical to those of the HG blocks, they are also fitted on the HGR standard rail and can therefore be interchanged with ease. For more information, refer to Page 24.

#### 3.1.2 Structure of the HG/QH series

- 4-row recirculation ball bearing guide
- 45° contact angle of ball tracks
- O Ball retainers prevent the balls from falling out when the block is removed
- Various sealing variants depending on the field of application
- 6 options for connecting grease nipple or lubrication adapter
- SynchMotion™ technology (QH series)



#### Structure of the HG series

#### Advantages:

- Zero play
- Interchangeable
- High accuracy
- High loading capacity in all loading directions
- Low friction losses even with preload thanks to optimized ball tracks and 2-point contact

## 3.1.3 Order codes for the HG/QH series

For HG/QH linear guideways, a distinction is made between interchangeable and non-interchangeable models. The dimensions of both models are the same. The main difference is that the block and rail in the interchangeable models can be freely interchanged. Block and rail can be ordered separately and fitted by the customer. Their accuracy extends to class P.

Given their stringent dimensional accuracy check, the interchangeable models are a good choice for customers who do not use rails in pairs on one axis. Non-interchangeable linear guideways are always supplied preassembled. The order codes of the series include the dimensions, model, accuracy class, preload etc.



## Structure of the QH series

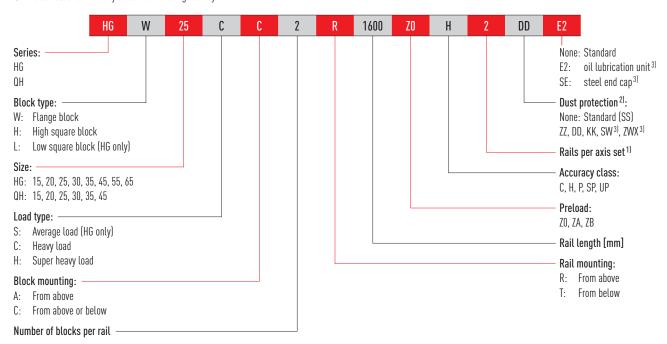
## Additional advantages of QH series:

- Improved synchronous performance
- Optimized for higher travel speeds
- Extended lubrication intervals
- Less running noise
- Higher dynamic load capacities



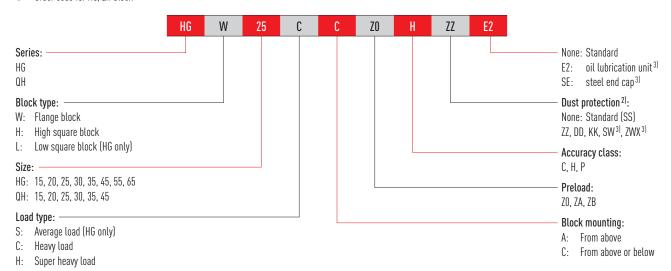
#### Non-interchangeable models (custom-assembled)

Order code for the fully assembled linear guideway

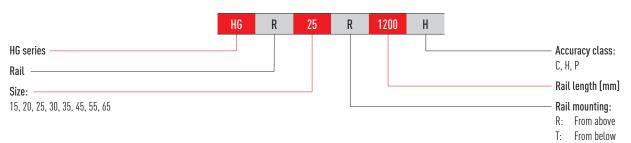


#### Interchangeable models

Order code for HG/QH block



Order code for HG rail



#### Note:

<sup>1)</sup> The figure 2 is also a quantity, i.e. one item of the above-mentioned article consists of a pair of rails. No number is specified for individual rails. By default multi-part rails are delivered with staggered butt joints.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> You will find an overview of the individual sealing systems on Page 22

<sup>3)</sup> Not available for QH

HG/QH series

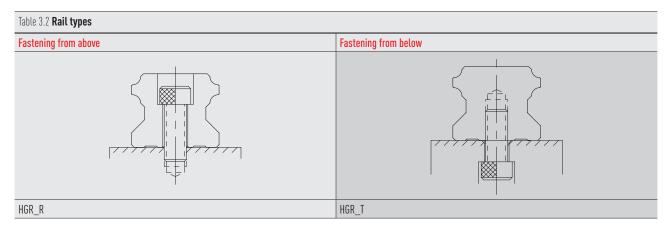
## 3.1.4 Block types

HIWIN provides square and flange blocks for its linear guideways. Given their low height and larger mounting surface, flange blocks are better suited to large loads.

Table 3.1 Block types					
Туре	Series/ size	Structure	Hight [mm]	Rail length [mm]	Typical application
High square type	HGH-CA HGH-HA		28 – 90	100 - 4,000	Machining centers     NC lathes     Grinding machines     Precision milling machines     High-performance cutting machines
Low square type	HGL-CA HGL-HA		24 – 70		Automation technology     Transport technology     Measuring technology     Machines and equipment requiring high positioning accuracy
Flange type	HGW-CC HGW-HC		24 – 90		ingh pooleoning decelledy

## 3.1.5 Rail types

In addition to rails with standard fastening from above, HIWIN also provides rails for fastening from below.

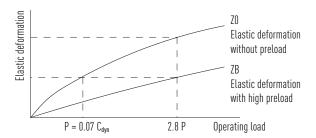




## 3.1.6 Preload

#### Definition

Every rail type can be preloaded based on the size of the balls. The curve shows that the rigidity doubles at higher preload. The HG/QH series offers three standard preload classes for various applications and conditions.



## Preload ID

Table 3.3 <b>Preload</b> I	ID			
ID	Preload		Application	Sample applications
ZO	Light preload	0 - 0.02 C <sub>dyn</sub>	Constant load direction, little vibration, lower accuracy needed	<ul> <li>Transport technology</li> <li>Automatic packaging machines</li> <li>X-Y axis in industrial machines</li> <li>Welding machines</li> </ul>
ZA	Medium preload	0.05 – 0.07 C <sub>dyn</sub>	High accuracy needed	<ul> <li>Machining centres</li> <li>Z axes for industrial machines</li> <li>Eroding machines</li> <li>NC lathes</li> <li>Precision X-Y tables</li> <li>Measuring technology</li> </ul>
ZB	High preload	above 0.1 C <sub>dyn</sub>	High rigidity needed, vibration and impact	<ul> <li>Machining centres</li> <li>Grinding machines</li> <li>NC lathes</li> <li>Horizontal and vertical milling machines</li> <li>Z axis of machine tools</li> <li>High-performance cutting machines</li> </ul>

HG/QH series

## 3.1.7 Load ratings and torques

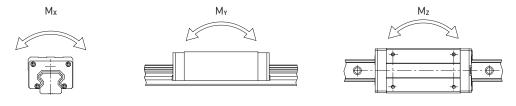


Table 3.4 <b>Load</b>	ratings and torques for	series HG/QH			·		·	
Series/size	Dynamic load rating	Static load rating	Dynamic m	oment [Nm]		Static mon	nent [Nm]	
	C <sub>dyn</sub> [N] 1)	C <sub>0</sub> [N]	M <sub>X</sub>	Мү	Mz	M <sub>OX</sub>	M <sub>OY</sub>	M <sub>OZ</sub>
HG_15C	11,380	16,970	76	67	67	120	100	100
QH_15C	13,880	14,360	90	84	84	100	80	80
HG_20S	12,190	16,110	99	61	61	130	80	80
HG_20C	17,750	27,760	178	126	126	270	200	200
QH_20C	23,080	25,630	231	171	171	260	190	190
HG_20H	21,180	35,900	208	203	203	350	350	350
QH_20H	27,530	31,670	268	230	230	310	270	270
HG_25S	24,290	18,650	239	123	123	310	160	160
HG_25C	26,480	36,490	301	240	240	420	330	330
QH_25C	31,780	33,680	361	294	294	390	310	310
HG_25H	32,750	49,440	374	379	379	560	570	570
QH_25H	39,300	43,620	451	410	410	500	450	450
HG_30C	38,740	52,190	494	396	396	660	530	530
QH_30C	46,490	48,170	588	491	491	600	500	500
HG_30H	47,270	69,160	600	630	630	880	920	920
QH_30H	56,720	65,090	722	623	623	830	890	890
HG_35C	49,520	69,160	832	577	577	1,160	810	810
QH_35C	60,520	63,840	1,019	720	720	1,070	760	760
HG_35H	60,210	91,630	1,011	918	918	1,540	1,400	1,400
QH_35H	73,590	86,240	1,233	1,135	1,135	1,450	1,330	1,330
HG_45C	77,570	102,710	1,497	1,169	1,169	1,980	1,550	1,550
QH_45C	89,210	94,810	1,723	1,295	1,295	1,830	1,380	1,380
HG_45H	94,540	136,460	1,825	1,857	1,857	2,630	2,680	2,680
QH_45H	108,720	128,430	2,097	2,041	2,041	2,470	2,410	2,410
HG_55C	114,440	148,330	2,843	2,039	2,039	3,690	2,640	2,640
HG_55H	139,350	196,200	3,464	3,242	3,242	4,880	4,570	4,570
HG_65C	163,630	215,330	5,049	3,245	3,245	6,650	4,270	4,270
HG_65H	208,360	303,130	6,449	5,068	5,068	9,380	7,380	7,380

<sup>1)</sup> Dynamic load rating for travel distance of 50,000 m



**3.1.8 Rigidity** Rigidity depends on preload. Formula <u>F 3.1</u> can be used to determine deformation depending on rigidity.

F 3.1

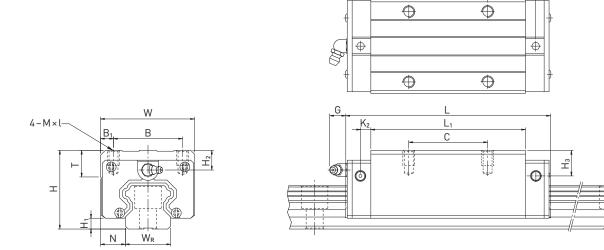
$$\delta = \frac{P}{k}$$

δ Deformation [μm]
P Operating load [N]
k Rigidity [N/μm]

Load class	Series/	Rigidity depending	on preload	
	size	ZO	ZA	ZB
Average load	HG_20S	130	170	190
Heavy load	HG_15C	200	260	290
	QH_15C	180	230	260
	HG_20C	250	320	360
	QH_20C	230	290	320
	HG_25C	300	390	440
	QH_25C	270	350	400
	HG_30C	370	480	550
iper heavy load	QH_30C	330	430	500
	HG_35C	410	530	610
	QH_35C	370	480	550
	HG_45C	510	660	750
	QH_45C	460	590	680
	HG_55C	620	800	910
per heavy load	HG_65C	760	980	1,120
Super heavy load	HG_20H	310	400	460
	QH_20H	280	360	410
	HG_25H	390	510	580
	QH_25H	350	460	520
	HG_30H	480	620	710
	QH_30H	430	560	640
	HG_35H	530	690	790
	QH_35H	480	620	710
	HG_45H	650	850	970
	QH_45H	590	770	870
	HG_55H	790	1,030	1,180
	HG_65H	1,030	1,330	1,520

## 3.1.9 Dimensions of the HG/QH blocks

## 3.1.9.1 HGH/QHH



Series/ size		llation nsions [	mm]	Dimer	nsions (	of the bl	ock [m	m]									Load rati	ngs [N]	Weight [kg]
	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	N	W	В	B <sub>1</sub>	С	L <sub>1</sub>	L	K <sub>1</sub>	K <sub>2</sub>	G	M×l	T	H <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>dyn</sub>	C <sub>0</sub>	
HGH15CA	28	4.3	9.5	34	26	4.0	26	39.4	61.4	10.00	4.85	5.3	M4 × 5	6.0	7.95	7.7	11,380	16,970	0.18
QHH15CA	28	4.0	9.5	34	26	4.0	26	39.4	61.4	10.00	5.00	5.3	M4 × 5	6.0	7.95	8.2	13,880	14,360	0.18
HGH20CA	30	4.6	12.0	44	32	6.0	36	50.5	77.5	12.25	6.00	12.0	M5 × 6	8.0	6.00	6.0	17,750	27,760	0.30
HGH20HA							50	65.2	92.2	12.60							21,180	35,900	0.39
QHH20CA	30	4.6	12.0	44	32	6.0	36	50.5	76.7	11.75	6.00	12.0	M5 × 6	8.0	6.00	6.0	23,080	25,630	0.29
QHH20HA							50	65.2	91.4	12.10	_						27,530	31,670	0.38
HGH25CA	40	5.5	12.5	48	35	6.5	35	58.0	84.0	15.70	6.00	12.0	M6 × 8	8.0	10.00	9.0	26,480	36,490	0.51
HGH25HA							50	78.6	104.6	18.50	_						32,750	49,440	0.69
QHH25CA	40	5.5 12.5 48 35 6.5 35 58.0 83.4 15.70 6.00 13	12.0	0 M6 × 8 8.0	8.0	10.00	9.0	31,780	33,680	0.50									
QHH25HA							50	78.6	104.0	18.50	_						39,300	43,620	0.68
HGH30CA	45	6.0	16.0	60	40	10.0	40	70.0	97.4	20.25	6.00	12.0	M8 × 10	8.5	9.50	13.8	38,740	52,190	0.88
HGH30HA							60	93.0	120.4	21.75							47,270	69,160	1.16
QHH30CA	45	6.0	16.0	60	40	10.0	40	70.0	97.4	19.50	6.25	12.0	M8 × 10	8.5	9.50	9.0	46,490	48,170	0.87
<b>QHH30HA</b>							60	93.0	120.4	21.75	_						56,720	65,090	1.15
HGH35CA	55	7.5	18.0	70	50	10.0	50	80.0	112.4	20.60	7.00	12.0	M8 × 12	10.2	16.00	19.6	49,520	69,160	1.45
HGH35HA							72	105.8	138.2	22.50	_						60,210	91,630	1.92
QHH35CA	55	7.5	18.0	70	50	10.0	50	80.0	113.6	19.00	7.50	12.0	M8 × 12	10.2	15.50	13.5	60,520	63,840	1.44
QHH35HA							72	105.8	139.4	20.90	_						73,590	86,240	1.90
HGH45CA	70	9.5	20.5	86	60	13.0	60	97.0	139.4	23.00	10.00	12.9	M10 × 17	16.0	18.50	30.5	77,570	102,710	2.73
HGH45HA							80	128.8	171.2	28.90							94,540	136,460	3.61
QHH45CA	70	9.2	20.5	86	60	13.0	60	97.0	139.4	23.00	10.00	12.9	M10 × 17	16.0	18.50	20.0	89,210	94,810	2.72
QHH45HA							80	128.8	171.2	29.09							108,720	128,430	3.59
HGH55CA	80	13.0	23.5	100	75	12.5	75	117.7	166.7	27.35	11.00	12.9	M12 × 18	17.5	22.00	29.0	114,440	148,330	4.17
HGH55HA							95	155.8	204.8	36.40							139,350	196,200	5.49
HGH65CA	90	15.0	31.5	126	76	25.0	70	144.2	200.2	43.10	14.00	12.9	M16 × 20	25.0	15.00	15.0	163,630	215,330	7.00
HGH65HA							120	203.6	259.6	47.80							208,360	303,130	9.82

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  98.8 for version SE;  $^{2)}$  121.8 for version SE For dimensions of the rail see <u>Page 35</u>, for standard and optional lubrication adapters see <u>Page 116</u>.



## 3.1.9.2 HGL

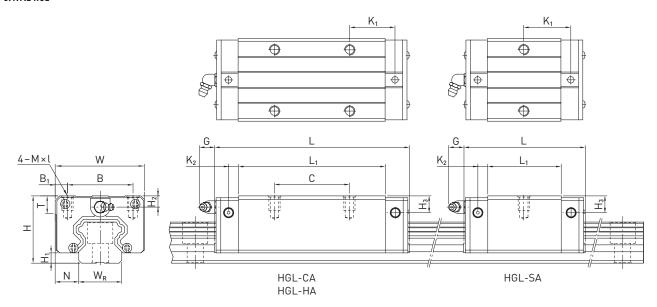


Table 3.7 <b>Dim</b>	Table 3.7 Dimensions of the block																		
Series/ size	Installation Dimensions of the b dimensions [mm]						lock [m	ock [mm]											Weight [kg]
	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	N	W	В	B <sub>1</sub>	C	L <sub>1</sub>	L	K <sub>1</sub>	K <sub>2</sub>	G	M×l	T	H <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>dyn</sub>	C <sub>0</sub>	
HGL15CA	24	4.3	9.5	34	26	4.0	26	39.4	61.4	10.00	4.85	5.3	M4 × 4	6.0	3.95	3.7	11,380	16,970	0.14
HGL25SA	36	5.5	12.5	48	35	6.5	_	38.2	64.2	23.20	6.00	12.0	M6 × 6	8.0	6.00	5.0	18,650	24,290	0.32
HGL25CA							35	58.0	84.0	15.70							26,480	36,490	0.42
HGL25HA							50	78.6	104.6	18.50							32,750	49,440	0.57
HGL30CA	42	6.0	16.0	60	40	10.0	40	70.0	97.4 <sup>1)</sup>	20.25	6.00	12.0	M8 × 10	8.5	6.50	10.8	38,740	52,190	0.78
HGL30HA							60	93.0	120.42)	21.75							47,270	69,160	1.03
HGL35CA	48	7.5	18.0	70	50	10.0	50	80.0	112.4	20.60	7.00	12.0	M8 × 12	10.2	9.00	12.6	49,520	69,160	1.14
HGL35HA							72	105.8	138.2	22.50							60,210	91,630	1.52
HGL45CA	60	9.5	20.5	86	60	13.0	60	97.0	139.4	23.00	10.00	12.9	M10 × 17	16.0	8.50	20.5	77,570	102,710	2.08
HGL45HA							80	128.8	171.2	28.90							94,540	136,460	2.75
HGL55CA	70	13.0	23.5	100	75	12.5	75	117.7	166.7	27.35	11.00	12.9	M12 × 18	17.5	12.00	19.0	114,440	148,330	3.25
HGL55HA							95	155.8	204.8	36.40							139,350	196,200	4.27

 $^{1)}$  98.8 for version SE;  $^{2)}$  121.8 for version SE For dimensions of the rail see <u>Page 35</u>, for standard and optional lubrication adapters see <u>Page 116</u>.

## 3.1.9.3 HGW/QHW

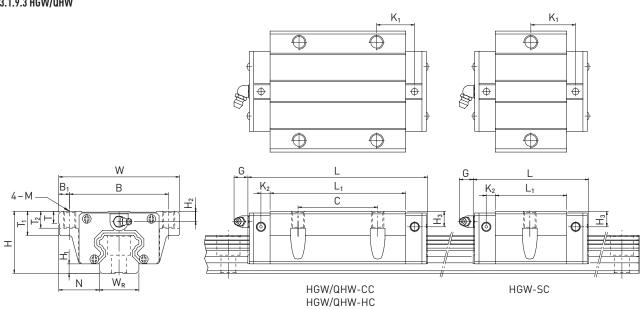


Table 3.8 <b>Dim</b>	nension	s of the	e block																		
Series/ size		lation isions [i	mm]	Dime	ension	s of the	block	( [mm]											Load rati	ings [N]	Weight [kg]
	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	N	W	В	B <sub>1</sub>	C	L <sub>1</sub>	L	<b>K</b> <sub>1</sub>	K <sub>2</sub>	М	G	T	T <sub>1</sub>	T <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>dyn</sub>	C <sub>0</sub>	
HGW15CC	24	4.3	16.0	47	38	4.5	30	39.4	61.4	8.00	4.85	M5	5.3	6.0	8.9	7.0	3.95	3.7	11,380	16,970	0.17
QHW15CC	24	4.0	16.0	47	38	4.5	30	39.4	61.4	8.00	5.00	M5	5.3	6.0	8.9	7.0	3.95	4.2	13,880	14,360	0.17
HGW20SC	30	4.6	21.5	63	53	5.0	_	29.5	54.3	19.65	6.00	M6	12.0	8.0	10.0	9.5	6.00	6.0	12,190	16,110	0.28
HGW20CC							40	50.5	77.5	10.25									17,750	27,760	0.40
HGW20HC								65.2	92.2	17.60									21,180	35,900	0.52
QHW20CC	30	4.6	21.5	63	53	5.0	40	50.5	76.7	9.75	6.00	M6	12.0	8.0	10.0	9.5	6.00	6.0	23,080	25,630	0.40
QHW20HC								65.2	91.4	17.10									27,530	31,670	0.52
HGW25SC	36	5.5	23.5	70	57	6.5	_	38.2	64.2	23.20	6.00	M8	12.0	8.0	14.0	10.0	6.00	5.0	18,650	24,290	0.42
HGW25CC							45	58.0	84.0	10.70	-								26,480	36,490	0.59
HGW25HC								78.6	104.6	21.00	-								32,750	49,440	0.80
QHW25CC	36	5.5	23.5	70	57	6.5	45	58.0	83.4	10.70	6.00	M8	12.0	8.0	14.0	10.0	6.00	5.0	31,780	33,680	0.59
QHW25HC								78.6	104.0	21.00	-								39,300	43,620	0.80
HGW30CC	42	6.0	31.0	90	72	9.0	52	70.0	97.4 <sup>1)</sup>	14.25	6.00	M10	12.0	8.5	16.0	10.0	6.50	10.8	38,740	52,190	1.09
HGW30HC								93.0	120.42)	25.75									47,270	69,160	1.44
QHW30CC	42	6.0	31.0	90	72	9.0	52	70.0	97.4	13.50	6.25	M10	12.0	8.5	16.0	10.0	6.50	6.0	46,490	48,170	1.09
QHW30HC								93.0	120.4	25.75	-								56,720	65,090	1.44
HGW35CC	48	7.5	33.0	100	82	9.0	62	80.0	112.4	14.60	7.00	M10	12.0	10.1	18.0	13.0	9.00	12.6	49,520	69,160	1.56
HGW35HC								105.8	138.2	27.50	-								60,210	91,630	2.06
QHW35CC	48	7.5	33.0	100	82	9.0	62	80.0	113.6	13.00	7.50	M10	12.0	10.1	18.0	13.0	8.50	6.5	60,520	63,840	1.56
QHW35HC								105.8	139.4	25.90									73,590	86,240	2.06
HGW45CC	60	9.5	37.5	120	100	10.0	80	97.0	139.4	13.00	10.00	M12	12.9	15.1	22.0	15.0	8.50	20.5	77,570	102,710	2.79
HGW45HC								128.8	171.2	28.90									94,540	136,460	3.69
QHW45CC	60	9.2	37.5	120	100	10.0	80	97.0	139.4	13.00	10.00	M12	12.9	15.1	22.0	15.0	8.50	10.0	89,210	94,810	2.79
QHW45HC								128.8	171.2	28.90									108,720	128,430	3.69
HGW55CC	70	13.0	43.5	140	116	12.0	95	117.7	166.7	17.35	11.00	M14	12.9	17.5	26.5	17.0	12.00	19.0	114,440	148,330	4.52
HGW55HC								155.8	204.8	36.40									139,350	196,200	5.96
HGW65CC	90	15.0	53.5	170	142	14.0	110	144.2	200.2	23.10	14.00	M16	12.9	25	37.5	23.0	15.00	15.0	163,630	215,330	9.17
HGW65HC								203.6	259.6	52.80									208,360	303,130	12.89
1) 08 8 for you	roion CE	. 7] 121 (	0 for yor	oion Cl																	

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  98.8 for version SE;  $^{2)}$  121.8 for version SE

For dimensions of the rail see Page 35, for standard and optional lubrication adapters see Page 116.



## 3.1.10 Dimensions of the HG rail

The HG rails are used for both the HG and QH blocks.

## 3.1.10.1 Dimensions of HGR\_R

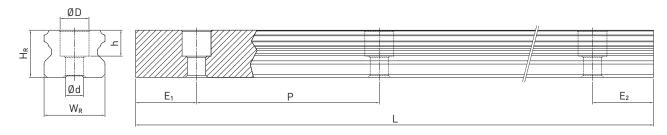
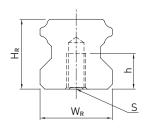


Table 3.9 <b>Din</b>	Table 3.9 Dimensions of rail HGR_R											
Series/	Assembly screw	Dimer	nsions of	rail [mr	n]				Max. length	E <sub>1/2</sub> min	E <sub>1/2</sub> max	Weight
size	for rail [mm]	$W_R$	H <sub>R</sub>	D	h	d	Р	[mm]	$E_1 = E_2  [mm]$	[mm]	[mm]	[kg/m]
HGR15R	M4 × 16	15	15.0	7.5	5.3	4.5	60	4,000	3,900	6	54	1.45
HGR20R	M5 × 16	20	17.5	9.5	8.5	6.0	60	4,000	3,900	7	53	2.21
HGR25R	M6 × 20	23	22.0	11.0	9.0	7.0	60	4,000	3,900	8	52	3.21
HGR30R	M8 × 25	28	26.0	14.0	12.0	9.0	80	4,000	3,920	9	71	4.47
HGR35R	M8 × 25	34	29.0	14.0	12.0	9.0	80	4,000	3,920	9	71	6.30
HGR45R	M12 × 35	45	38.0	20.0	17.0	14.0	105	4,000	3,885	12	93	10.41
HGR55R	M14 × 45	53	44.0	23.0	20.0	16.0	120	4,000	3,840	14	106	15.08
HGR65R	M16 × 50	63	53.0	26.0	22.0	18.0	150	4,000	3,750	15	135	21.18

## 3.1.10.2 Dimensions of HGR $\_$ T



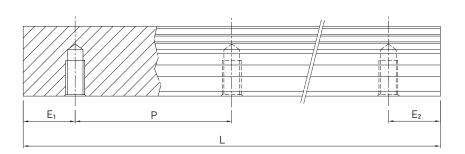


Table 3.10 <b>D</b>	imension	s of rail HG	R_T							
Series/	Dimens	sions of rail	[mm]			Max. length	Max. length	E <sub>1/2</sub> min	E <sub>1/2</sub> max	Weight
size	W <sub>R</sub>	H <sub>R</sub>	S	h	P	[mm]	$E_1 = E_2  [mm]$	[mm]	[mm]	[kg/m]
HGR15T	15	15.0	M5	8	60	4,000	3,900	6	54	1.48
HGR20T	20	17.5	M6	10	60	4,000	3,900	7	53	2.29
HGR25T	23	22.0	M6	12	60	4,000	3,900	8	52	3.35
HGR30T	28	26.0	M8	15	80	4,000	3,920	9	71	4.67
HGR35T	34	29.0	M8	17	80	4,000	3,920	9	71	6.51
HGR45T	45	38.0	M12	24	105	4,000	3,885	12	93	10.87
HGR55T	53	44.0	M14	24	120	4,000	3,840	14	106	15.67
HGR65T	63	53.0	M20 <sup>1)</sup>	30	150	4,000	3,750	15	135	21.73

<sup>1)</sup> Deviating from DIN 645

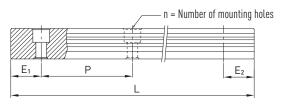
## Note:

- 1. The tolerance for E is +0.5 to –1 mm for standard rails and 0 to –0.3 mm for joints.
- 2. If the  $E_{1/2}$  dimensions are not indicated, the maximum possible number of mounting holes will be determined under consideration of  $E_{1/2}$  min. 3. The rails are shortened to the required length. If the  $E_{1/2}$  dimensions are not indicated, these will be carried out symmetrically.

HG/QH series

## 3.1.10.3 Calculating the length of rails

HIWIN offers rails in customized lengths. To prevent the risk of the end of the rail becoming unstable, the value E must not exceed half of the distance between the mounting holes (P). At the same time, the value  $E_{1/2}$  should be between  $E_{1/2}$  min and  $E_{1/2}$  max so that the mounting hole does not rupture.



F 3.2

$$L = (n-1) \times P + E_1 + E_2$$

- L Total length of the rail [mm]
- n Number of mounting holes
- P Distance between two mounting holes [mm]
- $E_{1/2}$  Distance from the middle of the last mounting hole to the end of the rail [mm]

## 3.1.10.4 Tightening torques for mounting bolts

Insufficient tightening of the mounting bolts strongly compromises the precision of the linear guideway; the following tightening torques are therefore recommended for the relevant screw sizes.

Table 3.11 <b>Tightenin</b>	Table 3.11 Tightening torques of the mounting bolts according to ISO 4762-12.9									
Series/size	Screw size	Torque [Nm]	Series/size	Screw size	Torque [Nm]					
HG_15	M4 × 16	4	HG_35	M8 × 25	30					
HG_20	M5×16	9	HG_35	M10	70					
HG_25	M6 × 20	13	HG_45	M12 × 35	120					
HG_30	M8 × 25	30	HG_55	M14 × 45	160					
HG_30	M10	70	HG_65	M16 × 50	200					

#### 3.1.10.5 Cover caps for mounting holes of rails

The cover caps are used to keep the mounting holes free of chips and dirt. The standard plastic caps are provided with each rail. Optional cover caps must be ordered separately.



Table 3.12 Cover caps for mounting holes of rails										
Rail	Screw	Article number		Ø D [mm]	Height H [mm]					
		Plastic	Brass	Steel						
HGR15R	M4	5-001342	5-001344	_	7.5	1.1				
HGR20R	M5	5-001348	5-001350	5-001352	9.5	2.2				
HGR25R	M6	5-001353	5-001355	5-001357	11.0	2.5				
HGR30R	M8	5-001358	5-001360	5-001362	14.0	3.3				
HGR35R	M8	5-001358	5-001360	5-001362	14.0	3.3				
HGR45R	M12	5-001322	5-001324	5-001327	20.0	4.6				
HGR55R	M14	5-001328	5-001330	5-001332	23.0	5.5				
HGR65R	M16	5-001333	5-001335	5-001337	26.0	5.5				



# 3.1.11 Sealing systems

Various sealing systems are available for HIWIN blocks. You will find an overview on <a href="Page 22">Page 22</a>. The table below shows the total length of the blocks with the different sealing systems. Sealing systems suitable for these sizes are available.

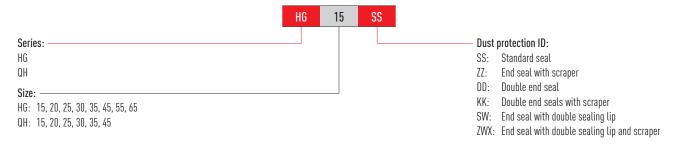


Series/	Total length L					
size	SS	DD	ZZ	KK	SW	ZWX
HG_15C	61.4	68.0	69.0	75.6	63.2	_
QH_15C	61.4	68.0	68.4	75.0	_	_
HG_20S	56.5	59.5	57.5	62.5	57.5	61.3
HG_20C	77.5	82.5	82.5	87.5	78.5	82.3
QH_20C	76.7	81.7	81.9	86.9	_	_
HG_20H	92.2	97.5	97.2	102.2	93.2	97.0
QH_20H	91.4	96.4	96.6	101.6	-	_
HG_25C	84.0	89.0	89.0	94.0	85.0	91.8
QH_25C	83.4	88.4	89.4	94.4	_	
HG_25H	104.6	109.6	109.6	114.6	105.6	112.4
QH_25H	104.4	109.0	110.0	115.0	-	_
HG_30C	97.4	104.8	105.4	112.8	99.0	105.8
QH_30C	97.4	104.8	104.8	112.2	_	_
HG_30H	120.4	127.8	128.4	135.8	122.0	128.8
QH_30H	120.4	127.8	127.8	135.2	_	_
1G_35C	112.4	119.8	120.4	127.8	115.2	122.4
QH_35C	113.6	118.6	119.0	124.0	_	_
HG_35H	138.2	145.6	146.2	153.6	141.0	148.2
QH_35H	139.4	144.4	144.8	149.8	_	_
HG_45C	139.4	149.4	150.0	160.0	140.0	144.8
QH_45C	139.4	146.6	147.2	154.4	_	_
HG_45H	171.2	181.2	181.8	191.8	171.8	176.6
QH_45H	171.2	178.4	179.0	186.2	-	-
HG_55C	166.7	177.1	177.1	187.5	163.7	172.9
HG_55H	204.8	215.2	215.2	225.5	201.8	211.0
HG_65C	200.2	209.2	208.2	217.2	196.2	203.4
HG_65H	259.6	268.6	267.6	276.6	255.6	262.8

HG/QH series

### 3.1.11.1 Designation of sealing sets

The sealing sets are always supplied along with the assembly material and include the parts needed in addition to the standard seal.



### 3.1.12 Friction

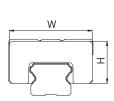
The table shows the maximum frictional resistance of the individual end seal. Depending on sealing setup (SS, DD, ZZ, KK), the value may have to be multiplied. The values indicated apply to blocks on uncoated rails. Higher friction forces occur on coated rails.

Table 3.14 Frictional resistance of single	e-lipped seals		
Series/size	Friction force [N]	Series/size	Friction force [N]
HG/QH_15	1.2	HG_45	3.9
HG/QH_20	1.6	QH_45	5.3
HG/QH_25	2.0	HG_55	4.7
HG/QH_30	2.7	HG_65	5.8
HG/QH_35	3.1		



### 3.1.13 Lubrication unit E2

You will find more information about the lubrication unit in the general information in the lubrication unit E2 Section <u>"2.6.3 Oil lubrication unit E2" on Page 15</u>.



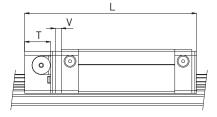


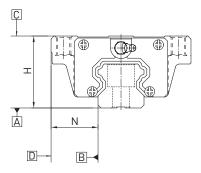
Table 3.15 <b>Dimens</b> i	ions of block w	rith lubrica	ntion unit E2							
Model	Dimensio	ns of the b	lock [mm]	,					Oil quantity	Mileage <sup>2)</sup>
	W	Н	T	V	L <sub>SS</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	L <sub>ZZ</sub> 1)	L <sub>DD</sub> 1)	L <sub>KK</sub> 1)	[cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[km]
HG_15C	32.4	19.5	12.5	3.0	75.4	80.5	82.0	87.1	1.6	2,000
HG_20S	43.0	24.4	13.5	3.5	70.9	73.0	75.0	78.0	3.9	4,000
HG_20C	43.0	24.4	13.5	3.5	93.5	95.6	97.5	100.6	3.9	4,000
HG_20H	43.0	24.4	13.5	3.5	108.2	110.2	112.2	115.2	3.9	4,000
HG_25C	46.4	29.5	13.5	3.5	100.0	102.0	104.0	107.0	5.1	6,000
HG_25H	46.4	29.5	13.5	3.5	120.6	122.6	124.6	127.6	5.1	6,000
HG_30C	58.0	35.0	13.5	3.5	112.9	118.0	119.9	125.0	7.8	8,000
HG_30H	58.0	35.0	13.5	3.5	135.9	141.0	142.9	148.0	7.8	8,000
HG_35C	68.0	38.5	13.5	3.5	127.9	133.4	135.3	140.8	9.8	10,000
HG_35H	68.0	38.5	13.5	3.5	153.7	159.2	161.1	166.6	9.8	10,000
HG_45C	82.0	49.0	16.0	4.5	157.2	162.1	166.1	171.7	18.5	20,000
HG_45H	82.0	49.0	16.0	4.5	189.0	193.9	197.9	203.5	18.5	20,000
HG_55C	97.0	55.5	16.0	4.5	183.9	189.6	193.8	200.0	25.9	30,000
HG_55H	97.0	55.5	16.0	4.5	222.0	227.7	231.9	238.1	25.9	30,000
HG_65C	121.0	69.0	16.0	4.5	219.2	220.7	226.7	229.7	50.8	40,000
HG_65H	121.0	69.0	16.0	4.5	278.6	280.1	286.1	289.1	50.8	40,000

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  Total length depending on selected dust protection. SS = Standard dust protection  $^{2)}$  Mileage at which the oil tank level should be checked at the very latest

HG/QH series

### 3.1.14 Tolerances depending on accuracy class

The HG and QH series are available in five accuracy classes depending on parallelism between block and rail, height accuracy H and accuracy of width N. The choice of accuracy class is determined by the machine requirements.



### 3.1.14.1 Parallelism

Parallelism of stop surfaces D and B of block and rail and parallelism of top of block C to mounting surface A of rail. Ideal linear guideway installation is required, as is a measurement in the centre of the block.

Rail length [mm]	Accuracy class								
	C	Н	Р	SP	UP				
- 100	12	7	3	2	2				
100 - 200	14	9	4	2	2				
200 - 300	15	10	5	3	2				
300 - 500	17	12	6	3	2				
500 - 700	20	13	7	4	2				
700 - 900	22	15	8	5	3				
900 – 1100	24	16	9	6	3				
1100 – 1500	26	18	11	7	4				
1500 – 1900	28	20	13	8	4				
1900 – 2500	31	22	15	10	5				
2500 – 3100	33	25	18	11	6				
3100 – 3600	36	27	20	14	7				
3600 – 4000	37	28	21	15	7				



### 3.1.14.2 Accuracy - height and width

### Height tolerance H

Permissible absolute dimension variance of height H, measured between centre of screw-on surface C and underside of rail A, with block in any position on the rail.

### Height variance of H

Permissible variance of height H between several blocks on a rail, measured in the same rail position.

### Width tolerance N

Permissible absolute dimension variance of width N, measured between centre of screw-on surfaces D and B, with block in any position on the rail.

### Width variance of N

Permissible variance of width N between several blocks on a rail, measured in the same rail position.

Series/size	Accuracy class	Height tolerance of H	Width tolerance of N	Height variance of H	Width variance of N
HG_15, 20	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.02	0.02
QH_15, 20	H (High)	± 0.03	±0.03	0.01	0.01
	P (Precision)	0	0	0.006	0.006
		- 0.03	-0.03		
	SP (Super precision)	0	0	0.004	0.004
		- 0.015	- 0.015		
	UP (Ultra precision)	0	0	0.003	0.003
		- 0.008	- 0.008		
G_25, 30, 35 H_25, 30, 35 G_45, 55 H_45	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.02	0.03
UH_25, 30, 35	H (High)	± 0.04	± 0.04	0.015	0.015
	P (Precision)	0	0	0.007	0.007
		- 0.04	- 0.04		
	SP (Super precision)	0	0	0.005	0.005
	HD (HI)	- 0.02	-0.02	0.000	0.000
	UP (Ultra precision)	0 - 0.01	0 - 0.01	0.003	0.003
UC /E EE	C (Normal)	± 0.1	±0.1	0.03	0.03
no_45, 55 QH_45	H (High)	± 0.05	± 0.05	0.015	0.03
·	P (Precision)	0	0	0.007	0.02
	P (Precision)	- 0.05	U   - 0.05	0.007	0.01
	SP (Super precision)	0.00	0.00	0.005	0.007
	or (ouper precision)	-0.03	- 0.03	0.000	0.007
	UP (Ultra precision)	0	0	0.003	0.005
	(	- 0.02	-0.02		
HG_65	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.03	0.03
	H (High)	± 0.07	± 0.07	0.02	0.025
	P (Precision)	0	0	0.01	0.015
		- 0.07	- 0.07		
	SP (Super precision)	0	0	0.007	0.01
		- 0.05	- 0.05		
	UP (Ultra precision)	0	0	0.005	0.007
		-0.03	- 0.03		

Unit: mm

HG/QH series

Table 3.18 <b>Height and wid</b>	th tolerances of interchange	eable types			
Series/size	Accuracy class	Height tolerance of H	Width tolerance of N	Height variance of H	Width variance of N
HG_15, 20	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.02	0.02
QH_15, 20	H (High)	± 0.03	± 0.03	0.01	0.01
	P (Precision)	± 0.015	± 0.015	0.006	0.006
HG_25, 30, 35	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.02	0.03
QH_25, 30, 35	H (High)	± 0.04	± 0.04	0.015	0.015
	P (Precision)	± 0.02	± 0.02	0.007	0.007
HG_45, 55	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.03	0.03
QH_45	H (High)	± 0.05	± 0.05	0.015	0.02
	P (Precision)	± 0.025	± 0.025	0.007	0.01
HG_65	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.03	0.03
	H (High)	± 0.07	± 0.07	0.02	0.025
	P (Precision)	± 0.035	± 0.035	0.01	0.015

Unit: mm

## 3.1.14.3 Permissible mounting surface tolerances

Once the requirements relating to the accuracy of the mounting surfaces are met, the good accuracy, rigidity and lifetime of the HG and QH series linear guideways are achieved.

## Parallelism of the reference surface (P):

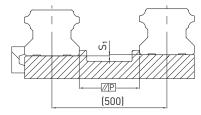


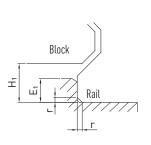
Table 3.19 Maximum tolerance for paral	lelism (P)						
Series/size	Preload class						
	ZO	ZA	ZB				
HG/QH_15	25	18	-				
HG/QH_20	25	20	18				
HG/QH_25	30	22	20				
HG/QH_30	40	30	27				
HG/QH_35	50	35	30				
HG/QH_45	60	40	35				
HG_55	70	50	45				
HG_65	80	60	55				
Unit: µm							

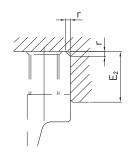


Series/size	Preload class	Preload class						
	ZO	ZA	ZB					
HG/QH_15	130	85	-					
HG/QH_20	130	85	50					
HG/QH_25	130	85	70					
HG/QH_30	170	110	90					
HG/QH_35	210	150	120					
HG/QH_45	250	170	140					
HG_55	300	210	170					
HG_65	350	250	200					

# 3.1.15 Shoulder heights and fillets

Imprecise shoulder heights and fillets of mounting surfaces compromise precision and may lead to conflicts with the block or rail profiles. The following shoulder heights and edge profiles must be observed in order to avoid assembly problems.





Series/size	Max. edge radius r	Shoulder height of reference edge of rail $\rm E_1$	Shoulder height of reference edge of block E <sub>2</sub>	Clearance under block H <sub>1</sub>
HG_15	0.5	3.0	4.0	4.3
QH_15	0.5	3.0	4.0	4.0
HG/QH_20	0.5	3.5	5.0	4.6
HG/QH_25	1.0	5.0	5.0	5.5
HG/QH_30	1.0	5.0	5.0	6.0
HG/QH_35	1.0	6.0	6.0	7.5
HG/QH_45	1.0	8.0	8.0	9.5
HG_55	1.5	10.0	10.0	13.0
HG_65	1.5	10.0	10.0	15.0

EG/QE series

### 3.2 EG and QE series

### 3.2.1 Properties of the linear guideways, series EG and QE

The HIWIN linear guideways of the EG series with four ball tracks have a low installation height, making them ideally suited to applications with a low installation space. Despite this, the EG series has the same properties as the HG series – good loading capacity, low displacement forces and high efficiency. The ball retainers prevent the balls from falling out when the block is pulled off the rail during assembly.

The models of the QE series with SynchMotion™ technology offer all the advantages of the standard series EG. Controlled movement of the balls at a defined distance also results in improved synchronous performance, higher reliable travel speeds, extended lubrication intervals and less running noise. Since the installation dimensions of the QE blocks are identical to those of the EG blocks, they are also fitted on the EGR standard rail and can therefore be interchanged with ease. For more information, refer to Page 24.

### 3.2.2 Structure of the EG/QE series

- 4-row recirculation ball bearing guide
- 45° contact angle of ball tracks
- O Ball retainers prevent the balls from falling out when the block is removed
- Various sealing variants depending on the field of application
- 6 options for connecting grease nipple or lubrication adapter
- SynchMotion™ technology (QE series)



Structure of the EG series

### Advantages:

- Zero play
- Interchangeable
- High accuracy
- High loading capacity in all loading directions
- Low friction losses even with preload thanks to optimized ball tracks and 2-point contact

### 3.2.3 Order codes for the EG/QE series

For EG/QE linear guideways, a distinction is made between interchangeable and non-interchangeable models. The dimensions of both models are the same. The main difference is that the block and rail in the interchangeable models can be freely interchanged. Block and rail can be ordered separately and fitted by the customer. Their accuracy extends to class P.

Given their stringent dimensional accuracy check, the interchangeable modules are a good choice for customers who do not use rails in pairs on one axis. Non-interchangeable linear guideways are always supplied preassembled. The order codes of the series include the dimensions, model, accuracy class, preload etc.



Structure of the QE series

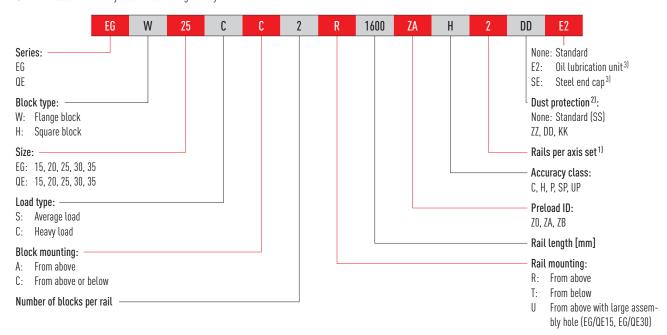
### Additional advantages of QE series:

- Improved synchronous performance
- Optimized for higher travel speeds
- Extended lubrication intervals
- Less running noise
- Higher dynamic load capacities



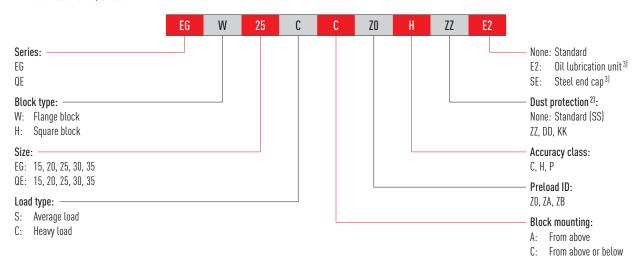
### Non-interchangeable models (custom-assembled)

Order code for the fully assembled linear guideway

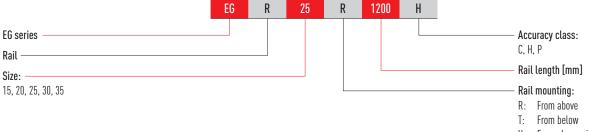


### Interchangeable models

Order code for EG/QE block



Order code for EG rail



U From above with large assembly hole (EG/QE15, EG/QE30)

### Note:

<sup>1)</sup> The figure 2 is also a quantity, i.e. one item of the above-mentioned article consists of a pair of rails. No number is specified for individual rails By default multi-part rails are delivered with staggered butt joints.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> You will find an overview of the individual sealing systems on Page 22

 $<sup>^{</sup>m 3)}$  Only available for EG 20 and EG 25

EG/QE series

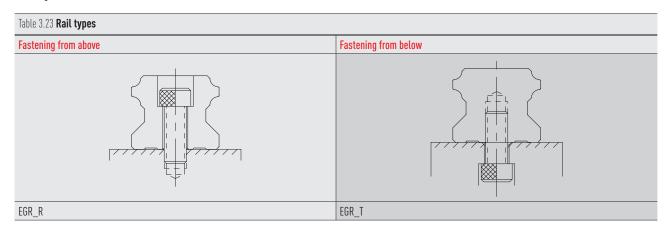
### 3.2.4 Block types

HIWIN provides square and flange blocks for its linear guideways. Given their low height and larger mounting surface, flange blocks are better suited to large loads.

Table 3.22 <b>Block types</b>					
Туре	Series/ size	Structure	Height [mm]	Rail length [mm]	Typical application
Square type	EGH-SA EGH-CA		24 – 48	100 - 4.000	<ul> <li>Machining centers</li> <li>NC lathes</li> <li>Grinding machines</li> <li>Precision milling machines</li> <li>High-performance cutting</li> </ul>
Flange type	EGW-SC EGW-CC				machines  Automation technology  Transport technology  Measuring technology  Machines and equipment requiring high positioning accuracy

### 3.2.5 Rail types

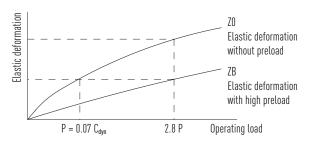
In addition to rails with standard fastening from above, HIWIN also provides rails for fastening from below.



### 3.2.6 Preload

### Definition

Every rail type can be preloaded based on the size of the balls. The curve shows that the rigidity doubles at higher preload. The EG/QE series offers three standard preload classes for various applications and conditions.



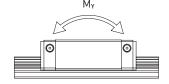


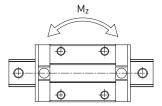
### Preload ID

Table 3.24 Pro	eload ID			
ID	Preload		Application	Sample applications
<b>ZO</b>	Light preload	0 - 0.02 C <sub>dyn</sub>	Constant load direction, low impact, low accuracy needed	<ul> <li>Transport technology</li> <li>Automatic packaging machines</li> <li>X-Y axis in industrial machines</li> <li>Welding machines</li> </ul>
ZA	Medium preload	0.03 – 0.05 C <sub>dyn</sub>	High accuracy needed	<ul> <li>Machining centres</li> <li>Z axes for industrial machines</li> <li>Eroding machines</li> <li>NC lathes</li> <li>Precision X-Y tables</li> <li>Measuring technology</li> </ul>
ZB	High preload	0.06 – 0.08 C <sub>dyn</sub>	High rigidity needed, vibration and impact	<ul> <li>Machining centres</li> <li>Grinding machines</li> <li>NC lathes</li> <li>Horizontal and vertical milling machines</li> <li>Z axis of machine tools</li> <li>High-performance cutting machines</li> </ul>

# 3.2.7 Load ratings and torques







Series/size	Dynamic load rating	Static load rating	Dynamic n	noment [Nm]		Static mon	nent [Nm]	
C <sub>dyn</sub> [N] <sup>1]</sup>	C <sub>dyn</sub> [N] 1)	C <sub>0</sub> [N]	Mχ	Мү	Mz	M <sub>OX</sub>	M <sub>OY</sub>	M <sub>OZ</sub>
EG_15S	5,350	9,400	45	22	22	80	40	40
QE_15S	8,560	8,790	68	29	29	70	30	30
EG_15C	7,830	16,190	62	48	48	130	100	100
QE_15C	12,530	15,280	98	73	73	120	90	90
EG_20S	7,230	12,740	73	34	34	130	60	60
QE_20S	11,570	12,180	123	47	47	130	50	50
EG_20C	10,310	21,130	107	78	78	220	160	160
QE_20C	16,500	20,210	171	122	122	210	150	150
EG_25S	11,400	19,500	134	70	70	230	120	120
QE_25S	18,240	18,900	212	96	96	220	100	100
EG_25C	16,270	32,400	190	160	160	380	320	320
QE_25C	26,030	31,490	305	239	239	370	290	290
EG_30S	16,420	28,100	233	122	122	400	210	210
QE_30S	26,270	27,820	377	169	169	400	180	180
EG_30C	23,700	47,460	339	274	274	680	550	550
QE_30C	37,920	46,630	544	414	414	670	510	510
EG_35S	22,660	37,380	339	187	187	560	310	310
QE_35S	36,390	36,430	609	330	330	610	330	330
EG_35C	33,350	64,840	504	354	354	980	690	690
QE_35C	51,180	59,280	863	648	648	1,000	750	750

<sup>1)</sup> Dynamic load rating for travel distance of 50,000 m

EG/QE series

**3.2.8 Rigidity** Rigidity depends on preload. Formula <u>F 3.3</u> can be used to determine deformation depending on rigidity.

F 3.3

$$\delta = \frac{P}{k}$$

 $\delta \quad \text{Deformation} \, [\mu \text{m}]$ 

P Operating load [N] k Rigidity [N/µm]

oad class	Series/	Rigidity depending	on preload	
	size	ZO	ZA	ZB
Average load	EG_15S	105	126	141
	QE_15S	96	115	128
	EG_20S	126	151	168
	QE_20S	116	139	153
	EG_25S	156	187	209
	QE_25S	137	165	184
	EG_30S	184	221	246
	QE_30S	169	203	226
	EG_35S	221	265	295
	QE_35S	214	257	287
eavy load	EG_15C	172	206	230
	QE_15C	157	187	209
	EG_20C	199	238	266
	QE_20C	183	219	245
	EG_25C	246	296	329
	QE_25C	219	263	293
	EG_30C	295	354	395
	QE_30C	271	326	363
	EG_35C	354	425	474
	QE_35C	333	399	445



### 3.2.9 Dimensions of the EG/QE blocks

## 3.2.9.1 EGH/QEH

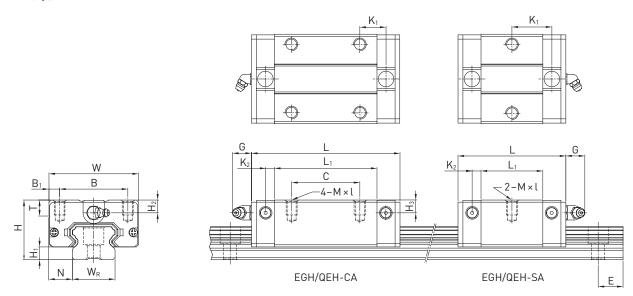


Table 3.27 <b>D</b>	imensi	ons of th	e bloci	(															
Series/ size	1	llation nsions [ı	mm]	Dimensions of the block [mm] Load ratings [N] Weight [kg]															
	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	N	W	В	B <sub>1</sub>	C	L <sub>1</sub>	L	<b>K</b> <sub>1</sub>	K <sub>2</sub>	G	M×l	T	H <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>dyn</sub>	C <sub>0</sub>	
EGH15SA	24	4.5	9.5	34	26	4.0	-	23.1	40.1	14.80	3.50	5.7	M4 × 6	6.0	5.5	6.0	5,350	9,400	0.09
EGH15CA	1						26	39.8	56.8	10.15							7,830	16,190	0.15
QEH15SA	24	4.0	9.5	34	26	4.0	_	23.1	40.1	14.80	3.50	5.7	M4 × 6	6.0	5.5	6.0	8,560	8,790	0.09
QEH15CA							26	39.8	56.8	10.15							12,530	15,280	0.15
EGH20SA	28	6.0	11.0	42	32	5.0	_	29.0	50.0	18.75	4.15	12.0	M5 × 7	7.5	6.0	6.0	7,230	12,740	0.15
EGH20CA	7						32	48.1	69.1	12.30							10,310	21,130	0.24
QEH20SA	28	6.0	11.0	42	32	5.0	_	29.0	50.0	18.75	4.15	12.0	M5 × 7	7.5	6.0	6.5	11,570	12,180	0.15
QEH20CA							32	48.1	69.1	12.30							16,500	20,210	0.23
EGH25SA	33	7.0	12.5	48	35	6.5	_	35.5	59.1	21.90	4.55	12.0	M6 × 9	8.0	8.0	8.0	11,400	19,500	0.25
EGH25CA	7						35	59.0	82.6	16.15							16,270	32,400	0.41
QEH25SA	33	6.2	12.5	48	35	6.5	-	35.5	60.1	21.90	5.00	12.0	M6 × 9	8.0	8.0	8.0	18,240	18,900	0.24
QEH25CA							35	59.0	83.6	16.15							26,030	31,490	0.40
EGH30SA	42	10.0	16.0	60	40	10.0	_	41.5	69.5	26.75	6.00	12.0	M8 × 12	9.0	8.0	9.0	16,420	28,100	0.45
EGH30CA	1						40	70.1	98.1	21.05	_						23,700	47,460	0.76
QEH30SA	42	10.0	16.0	60	40	10.0	_	41.5	67.5	25.75	6.00	12.0	M8 × 12	9.0	8.0	9.0	26,270	27,820	0.44
QEH30CA							40	70.1	96.1	20.05							37,920	46,630	0.75
EGH35SA	48	11.0	18.0	70	50	10.0	_	45.0	75.0	28.50	7.00	12.0	M8 × 12	10.0	8.5	8.5	22,660	37,380	0.74
EGH35CA							50	78.0	108.0	20.00							33,350	64,840	1.10
QEH35SA	48	11.0	18.0	70	50	10.0	_	51.0	76.0	30.30	6.25	12.0	M8 × 12	10.0	8.5	8.5	36,390	36,430	0.58
QEH35CA							50	83.0	108.0	21.30							51,180	59,280	0.90

For dimensions of rail, see <u>Page 51</u>. for standard and optional lubrication adapter, see <u>Page 116</u>.

## 3.2.9.2 EGW/QEW

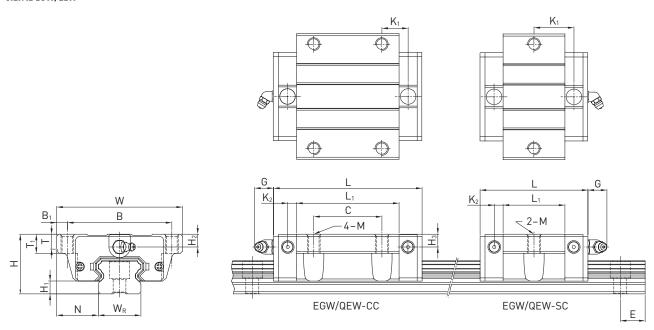


Table 3.28 <b>Di</b> i	mensio	ns of th	e block	(																
Series/ size	Instal dimen	lation isions [r	nm]	Dime	nsions	of the l	olock [ı	nm]										Load rat	ings [N]	Weight [kg]
	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	N	W	В	B <sub>1</sub>	C	L <sub>1</sub>	L	K <sub>1</sub>	K <sub>2</sub>	G	М	T	T <sub>1</sub>	H <sub>2</sub>	$H_3$	C <sub>dyn</sub>	$C_0$	
EGW15SC	24	4.5	18.5	52	41	5.5	_	23.1	40.1	14.80	3.50	5.7	M5	5.0	7	5.5	6.0	5,350	9,400	0.12
EGW15CC							26	39.8	56.8	10.15								7,830	16,190	0.21
QEW15SC	24	4.0	18.5	52	41	5.5	_	23.1	40.1	14.80	3.50	5.7	M5	5.0	_	5.5	6.0	8,560	8,790	0.12
QEW15CC							26	39.8	56.8	10.15								12,530	15,280	0.21
EGW20SC	28	6.0	19.5	59	49	5.0	_	29.0	50.0	18.75	4.15	12.0	M6	7.0	9	6.0	6.0	7,230	12,740	0.19
EGW20CC							32	48.1	69.1	12.30								10,310	21,130	0.32
QEW20SC	28	6.0	19.5	59	49	5.0	_	29.0	50.0	18.75	4.15	12.0	M6	7.0	-	6.0	6.5	11,570	12,180	0.19
QEW20CC							32	48.1	69.1	12.30								16,500	20,210	0.31
EGW25SC	33	7.0	25.0	73	60	6.5	_	35.5	59.1	21.90	4.55	12.0	M8	7.5	10	8.0	8.0	11,400	19,500	0.35
EGW25CC							35	59.0	82.6	16.15								16,270	32,400	0.59
QEW25SC	33	6.2	25.0	73	60	6.5	_	35.5	60.1	21.90	5.00	12.0	M8	7.5	-	8.0	8.0	18,240	18,900	0.34
QEW25CC							35	59.0	83.6	16.15								26,030	31,490	0.58
EGW30SC	42	10.0	31.0	90	72	9.0	_	41.5	69.5	26.75	6.00	12.0	M10	7.0	10	8.0	9.0	16,420	28,100	0.62
EGW30CC							40	70.1	98.1	21.05								23,700	47,460	1.04
QEW30SC	42	10.0	31.0	90	72	9.0	_	41.5	67.5	25.75	6.00	12.0	M10	7.0	_	8.0	9.0	26,270	27,820	0.61
QEW30CC							40	70.1	96.1	20.05								37,920	46,630	1.03
EGW35SC	48	11.0	33.0	100	82	9.0	_	45.0	75.0	28.50	7.00	12.0	M10	10.0	13	8.5	8.5	22,660	37,380	0.91
EGW35CC							50	78.0	108.0	20.00								33,350	64,840	1.40
QEW35SC	48	11.0	33.0	100	82	9.0	-	51.0	76.0	30.30	6.25	12.0	M10	10.0	13	8.5	8.5	36,390	36,430	0.77
QEW35CC							50	83.0	108.0	21.30								51,180	59,280	1.19

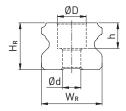
For dimensions of rail, see Page 51, for standard and optional lubrication adapter, see Page 116.



### 3.2.10 Dimensions of the EG rail

The EG rails are used for both the EG and QE blocks.

### 3.2.10.1 Dimensions of EGR\_R



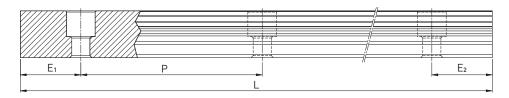


Table 3.29 <b>Di</b>	mensions of rail EGR	_R										
Series/	Assembly screw	Dimen	nsions of	rail [mr	n]			Max. length	Max. length	E <sub>1/2</sub> min	E <sub>1/2</sub> max	Weight
size	for rail [mm]	$W_R$	H <sub>R</sub>	D	h	d	P	[mm]	$E_1 = E_2  [mm]$	[mm]	[mm]	[kg/m]
EGR15R	M3 × 16	15	12.5	6.0	4.5	3.5	60	4,000	3,900	6	54	1.25
EGR20R	M5 × 16	20	15.5	9.5	8.5	6.0	60	4,000	3,900	7	53	2.08
EGR25R	M6 × 20	23	18.0	11.0	9.0	7.0	60	4,000	3,900	8	52	2.67
EGR30R	M6 × 25	28	23.0	11.0	9.0	7.0	80	4,000	3,920	9	71	4.35
EGR35R	M8 × 25	34	27.5	14.0	12.0	9.0	80	4,000	3,920	9	71	6.14

### 3.2.10.2 Dimensions of EGR\_U (large mounting holes)

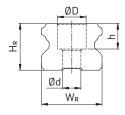


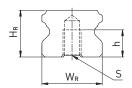


Table 3.30 <b>Dir</b>	nensions of rail EGR_	_U										
Series/	Assembly screw	Dimen	sions of	rail [mn	1]			Max. length	Max. length	E <sub>1/2</sub> min	E <sub>1/2</sub> max	Weight
size	for rail [mm]	$W_R$	H <sub>R</sub>	D	h	d	P	[mm]	$E_1 = E_2  [mm]$	[mm]	[mm]	[kg/m]
EGR15U	M4 × 16	15	12.5	7.5	5.3	4.5	60	4,000	3,900	6	54	1.23
EGR30U	M8 × 25	28	23.0	14.0	12.0	9.0	80	4,000	3,920	9	71	4.23

### Note:

- 1. The tolerance for E is +0.5 to 1 mm for standard rails and 0 to –0.3 mm for joints.
- 2. If the  $E_{1/2}$  dimensions are not indicated, the maximum possible number of mounting holes will be determined under consideration of  $E_{1/2}$  min.
- 3. The rails are shortened to the required length. If the  $E_{1/2}$  dimensions are not indicated, these will be carried out symmetrically.

### 3.2.10.3 Dimensions of EGR\_T (rail mounting from below)



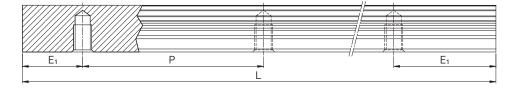


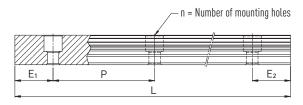
Table 3.31 <b>D</b>	imension	s of rail EG	R_T							
Series/	Dimens	ions of rail	[mm]			Max. length	Max. length	E <sub>1/2</sub> min	E <sub>1/2</sub> max	Weight
size	W <sub>R</sub>	H <sub>R</sub>	S	h	P	[mm]	$E_1 = E_2 [mm]$	[mm]	[mm]	[kg/m]
EGR15T	15	12.5	M5	7	60	4,000	3,900	6	54	1.26
EGR20T	20	15.5	M6	9	60	4,000	3,900	7	53	2.15
EGR25T	23	18.0	M6	10	60	4,000	3,900	8	52	2.79
EGR30T	28	23.0	M8	14	80	4,000	3,920	9	71	4.42
EGR35T	34	27.5	M8	17	80	4,000	3,920	9	71	6.34

### Note

- 1. The tolerance for E is +0.5 to -1 mm for standard rails and 0 to -0.3 mm for joints.
- 2. If the  $E_{1/2}$  dimensions are not indicated, the maximum possible number of mounting holes will be determined under consideration of  $E_{1/2}$  min.
- 3. The rails are shortened to the required length. If the  $E_{1/2}$  dimensions are not indicated, these will be carried out symmetrically.

### 3.2.10.4 Calculating the length of rails

HIWIN offers rails in customised lengths. To prevent the risk of the end of the rail becoming unstable, the value E must not exceed half of the distance between the mounting holes (P). At the same time, the value  $E_{1/2}$  should be between  $E_{1/2}$  min and  $E_{1/2}$  max so that the mounting hole does not rupture.



F3.4 
$$L = (n-1) \times P + E_1 + E_2$$

- L Total length of the rail [mm]
- n Number of mounting holes
- P Distance between two mounting holes [mm]
- $\begin{array}{c} E_{1/2} & \text{Distance from the middle of the last} \\ & \text{mounting hole to the end of the rail [mm]} \end{array}$

### 3.2.10.5 Tightening torques for mounting bolts

Insufficient tightening of the mounting bolts strongly compromises the precision of the linear guideway; the following tightening torques are therefore recommended for the relevant screw sizes.

Table 3.32 <b>Tightening torqu</b>	ies of the mounting bolts a	ccording to ISO 4762-12.9			
Series/size	Screw size	Torque [Nm]	Series/size	Screw size	Torque [Nm]
EG_15	M3 × 16	2	EG_30	M6 × 25	13
EG_15U	M4 × 16	4	EG_30U	M8 × 25	30
EG_20	M5 × 16	9	EG_35	M8 × 25	30
EG_25	M6 × 20	13			



**3.2.10.6 Cover caps for mounting holes of rails**The cover caps are used to keep the mounting holes free of chips and dirt. The standard plastic caps are provided with each rail. Optional cover caps must be ordered separately.

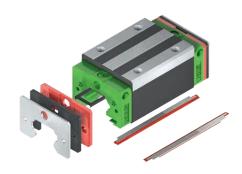


Table 3.33 Cover cap	os for mounting hol	les of rails				
Rail	Screw	Article number			Ø D [mm]	Height H [mm]
		Plastic	Brass	Steel		
EGR15R	M3	5-001338	5-001340	_	6.0	1.2
EGR20R	M5	5-001348	5-001350	5-001352	9.5	2.2
EGR25R	M6	5-001353	5-001355	5-001357	11.0	2.5
EGR30R	M6	5-001353	5-001355	5-001357	11.0	2.5
EGR35R	M8	5-001358	5-001360	5-001362	14.0	3.3
EGR15U	M4	5-001342	5-001344	_	7.5	1.1
EGR30U	M8	5-001358	5-001360	5-001362	14.0	3.3

EG/QE series

### 3.2.11 Sealing systems

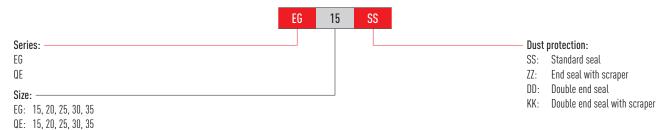
Various sealing systems are available for HIWIN blocks. You will find an overview on <u>Page 22</u>. The table below shows the total length of the blocks with the different sealing systems. Sealing systems suitable for these sizes are available.



Series/	Total length L			
size	SS	DD	ZZ	KK
EG_15S	40.1	44.1	41.7	45.7
QE_15S	40.1	44.1	42.1	46.1
EG_15C	56.8	60.8	58.4	62.4
QE_15C	56.8	60.8	58.8	62.8
EG_20S	50.0	54.0	51.6	55.6
QE_20S	50.0	54.0	52.0	56.0
EG_20C	69.1	73.1	70.7	74.7
QE_20C	69.1	73.1	71.1	75.1
EG_25S	59.1	63.1	61.1	65.1
QE_25S	60.1	65.1	62.1	67.1
EG_25C	82.6	86.6	84.6	88.6
QE_25C	83.6	88.6	85.6	90.6
EG_30S	69.5	73.5	71.5	75.5
QE_30S	67.5	72.5	69.5	74.5
EG_30C	98.1	102.1	100.1	104.1
QE_30C	96.1	101.1	98.1	103.1
EG_35S	75.0	79.0	78.0	82.0
QE_35S	76.0	80.0	79.0	83.0
EG_35C	108.0	112.0	111.0	115.0
QE_35C	108.0	112.0	111.0	115.0

## 3.2.11.1 Designation of sealing sets

The sealing sets are always supplied along with the assembly material and include the parts needed in addition to the standard seal.





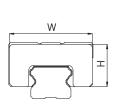
### 3.2.12 Friction

The table shows the maximum frictional resistance of the individual end seal. Depending on sealing setup (SS, ZZ, DD, KK), the value may have to be multiplied. The values indicated apply to blocks on uncoated rails. Higher friction forces occur on coated rails.

Table 3.35 Frictional resistance of single	e-lipped seals		
Series/size	Friction force [N]	Series/size	Friction force [N]
EG_15	1.0	QE_15	1.1
EG_20	1.0	QE_20	1.4
EG_25	1.0	QE_25	1.7
EG_30	1.5	QE_30	2.1
EG_35	2.0	QE_35	2.3

### 3.2.13 Lubrication unit E2

You will find more information about the lubrication unit in the general information in the lubrication unit E2 Section  $\underline{"2.6.3}$  Oil lubrication unit E2" on Page 15.



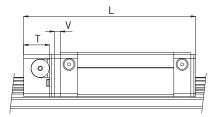


Table 3.36 <b>Dimer</b>	nsions of block v	with lubrica	ntion unit E2	!						
Model	Dimensi	ons of the b	lock [mm]						Oil quantity	Mileage <sup>2)</sup>
	W	Н	T	٧	L <sub>SS</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	L <sub>ZZ</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	L <sub>DD</sub> 1)	L <sub>KK</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	[cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[km]
EG_15S	33.3	18.7	11.5	3.0	54.6	56.2	58.6	60.2	1.7	2,000
EG_15C	33.3	18.7	11.5	3.0	71.3	72.9	75.3	76.9	1.7	2,000
EG_20S	41.3	20.9	13.0	3.0	66.0	67.6	70.0	71.6	2.9	3,000
EG_20C	41.3	20.9	13.0	3.0	85.1	86.7	89.1	90.7	2.9	3,000
EG_25S	47.3	24.9	13.0	3.0	75.1	77.1	79.1	81.1	4.8	5,000
EG_25C	47.3	24.9	13.0	3.0	98.6	100.6	102.6	104.6	4.8	5,000
EG_30S	59.3	31.0	13.0	3.0	85.5	87.5	89.5	91.5	8.9	9,000
EG_30C	59.3	31.0	13.0	3.0	114.1	116.1	118.1	120.1	8.9	9,000

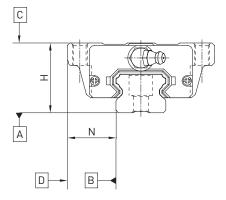
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> Total length depending on selected dust protection. SS = Standard dust protection

 $<sup>^{2)}</sup>$  Mileage at which the oil tank level should be checked at the very latest

EG/QE series

### 3.2.14 Tolerances depending on accuracy class

The EG and QE series are available in five accuracy classes depending on parallelism between block and rail, height accuracy H and accuracy of width N. The choice of accuracy class is determined by the machine requirements.



### 3.2.14.1 Parallelism

Parallelism of stop surfaces D and B of block and rail and parallelism of top of block C to mounting surface A of rail. Ideal linear guideway installation is required, as is a measurement in the centre of the block.

Rail length [mm]	Accuracy class				
	С	Н	Р	SP	UP
- 100	12	7	3	2	2
100 - 200	14	9	4	2	2
200 - 300	15	10	5	3	2
300 - 500	17	12	6	3	2
500 - 700	20	13	7	4	2
700 - 900	22	15	8	5	3
900 – 1100	24	16	9	6	3
100 – 1500	26	18	11	7	4
1500 – 1900	28	20	13	8	4
1900 – 2500	31	22	15	10	5
2500 – 3100	33	25	18	11	6
3100 – 3600	36	27	20	14	7
3600 – 4000	37	28	21	15	7



### 3.2.14.2 Accuracy - height and width

### Height tolerance H

Permissible absolute dimension variance of height H, measured between centre of screw-on surface C and underside of rail A, with block in any position on the rail.

### Height variance of H

Permissible variance of height H between several blocks on a rail, measured in the same rail position.

### Width tolerance N

Permissible absolute dimension variance of width N, measured between centre of screw-on surfaces D and B, with block in any position on the rail.

### Width variance of N

Permissible variance of width N between several blocks on a rail, measured in the same rail position.

Table 3.38 <b>Height and wi</b>	dth tolerances of non-inter	changeable types			
Series/size	Accuracy class	Height tolerance of H	Width tolerance of N	Height variance of H	Width variance of N
EG_15, 20	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.02	0.02
QE_15, 20	H (High)	± 0.03	± 0.03	0.01	0.01
	P (Precision)	0 - 0.03	0 - 0.03	0.006	0.006
	SP (Super precision)	0 - 0.015	0 - 0.015	0.004	0.004
	UP (Ultra precision)	0 - 0.008	0 - 0.008	0.003	0.003
EG_25, 30, 35	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.02	0.03
QE_25, 30, 35	H (High)	± 0.04	± 0.04	0.015	0.015
	P (Precision)	0 - 0.04	0 - 0.04	0.007	0.007
	SP (Super precision)	0 - 0.02	0 - 0.02	0.005	0.005
	UP (Ultra precision)	0 - 0.01	0 -0.01	0.003	0.003

Unit: mm

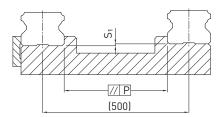
Series/size	Accuracy class	Height tolerance of H	Width tolerance of N	Height variance of H	Width variance of N
EG_15, 20	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.02	0.02
QE_15, 20	H (High)	± 0.03	± 0.03	0.01	0.01
	P (Precision)	± 0.015	± 0.015	0.006	0.006
EG_25, 30, 35	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.02	0.03
QE_25, 30, 35	H (High)	± 0.04	± 0.04	0.015	0.015
	P (Precision)	± 0.02	± 0.02	0.007	0.007

EG/QE series, WE series

### 3.2.14.3 Permissible mounting surface tolerances

Once the requirements relating to the accuracy of the mounting surfaces are met, the good accuracy, rigidity and lifetime of the EG and QE series linear guideways are achieved.

### Parallelism of the reference surface (P):

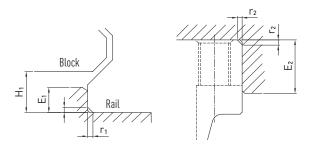


Series/size	Preload class			
	<b>ZO</b>	ZA	ZB	
EG/QE_15	25	18	-	
EG/QE_20	25	20	18	
EG/QE_25	30	22	20	
EG/QE_30	40	30	27	
EG/QE_35	50	35	30	

Table 3.41 Maximum height toler	ance of reference surface (S	· <sub>1</sub> ]								
Series/size	Preload class									
	ZO	ZA	ZB							
EG/QE_15	130	85	-							
EG/QE_20	130	85	50							
EG/QE_25	130	85	70							
EG/QE_30	170	110	90							
EG/QE_35	210	150	120							

Unit: µm

**3.2.15 Shoulder heights and fillets**Imprecise shoulder heights and fillets of mounting surfaces compromise precision and may lead to conflicts with the block or rail profiles. The following shoulder heights and edge profiles must be observed in order to avoid assembly problems.



Series/size	Max. edge radius r <sub>1</sub>	Max. edge radius r <sub>2</sub>	Shoulder height of reference edge of rail E <sub>1</sub>	Shoulder height of reference edge of block E <sub>2</sub>	Clearance under block H <sub>1</sub>
:G/QE_15	0.5	0.5	2.7	5.0	4.5
EG/QE_20	0.5	0.5	5.0	7.0	6.0
G/QE_25	1.0	1.0	5.0	7.5	7.0
:G/QE_30	1.0	1.0	7.0	7.0	10.0
G_35	1.0	1.0	7.5	9.5	11.0
DE_35	1.0	1.5	7.5	9.5	11.0



### 3.3 WE series

### 3.3.1 Properties of the linear guideway, series WE

The HIWIN linear guideways of the WE series are based on proven HIWIN technology. Their large rail width and low installation height permit a compact design and high torque loading capacity.

### 3.3.2 Structure of the WE series

- 4-row recirculation ball bearing guide
- 45° contact angle
- O Ball retainers prevent the balls from falling out when the block is removed
- Low installation height
- Wide linear guideway for high torque loading capacity
- Large mounting surface on block

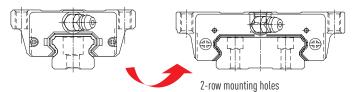


Structure of the WE series

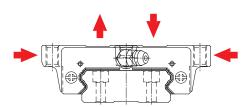
### Advantages:

- O Compact and low-cost design thanks to high torque loading capacity
- O High efficiency thanks to low friction losses

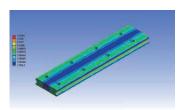
50% wider than standard series

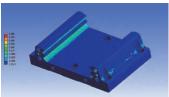


- The block's large mounting surface supports the transfer of higher torques
- The 45° arrangement of ball tracks permits high loading from all directions



 Optimized geometry and high loading capacity thanks to FEM analysis of rail and block





WE series

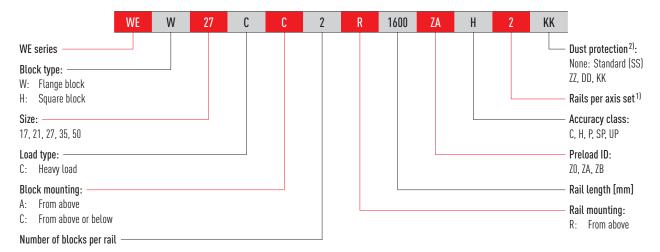
### 3.3.3 Order codes for the WE series

For WE linear guideways, a distinction is made between interchangeable and non-interchangeable models. The dimensions of both models are the same. The main difference is that the block and rail in the interchangeable models can be freely interchanged. Block and rail can therefore be ordered separately and fitted by the customer.

Their accuracy extends to class P. Given their stringent dimensional accuracy check, the interchangeable modules are a good choice for customers who do not use rails in pairs on one axis. Non-interchangeable linear guideways are always supplied preassembled. The order codes of the series include the dimensions, model, accuracy class, preload etc.

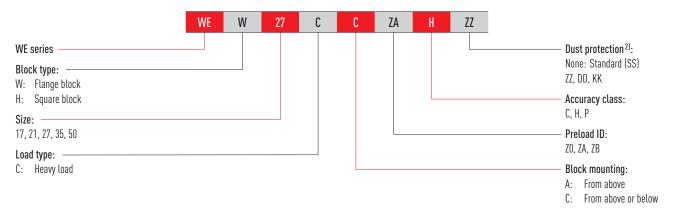
## Non-interchangeable models (custom-assembled)

o Item number of the fully assembled linear guideway

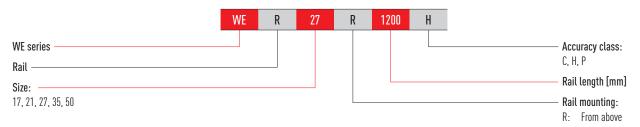


### Interchangeable models

Order code for WE block



Order code for WE rail



### Note:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> The figure 2 is also a quantity, i.e. one item of the above-mentioned article consists of a pair of rails. No number is specified for individual rails. By default multi-part rails are delivered with staggered butt joints.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> You will find an overview of the individual sealing systems on Page 22



### 3.3.4 Block types

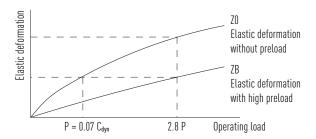
HIWIN provides square and flange blocks for its linear guideways. Given their low height and larger mounting surface, flange blocks are better suited for large loads.

Table 3.43 <b>Block</b>	types				
Туре	Series/ Size	Structure	Height [mm]	Rail length [mm]	Typical application
Square type	WEH-CA		17 – 50	100 - 4.000	<ul> <li>Automation</li> <li>Handling industry</li> <li>Measuring and test technology</li> <li>Semiconductor industry</li> <li>Injection moulding machines</li> </ul>
Flange type	WEW-CC				O Linear axes

### 3.3.5 Preload

### Definition

Every rail type can be preloaded based on the size of the balls. The curve shows that the rigidity doubles at higher preload. The WE series offers three standard preload classes for various applications and conditions.



### Preload ID

Table 3.44 <b>Preload</b>	ID			
ID	Preload		Application	Sample applications
ZO	Light preload	0 – 0.02 C <sub>dyn</sub>	Constant load direction, low impact, low accuracy needed	<ul> <li>Transport technology</li> <li>Automatic packaging machines</li> <li>X-Y axis in industrial machines</li> <li>Welding machines</li> </ul>
ZA	Medium preload	0.03 - 0.05 C <sub>dyn</sub>	High accuracy needed	<ul> <li>Machining centres</li> <li>Z axes for industrial machines</li> <li>Eroding machines</li> <li>NC lathes</li> <li>Precision X-Y tables</li> <li>Measuring technology</li> </ul>
ZB	High preload 0.06 – 0.08 C <sub>dyn</sub>		High rigidity needed, vibration and impact	<ul> <li>Machining centres</li> <li>Grinding machines</li> <li>NC lathes</li> <li>Horizontal and vertical milling machines</li> <li>Z axis of machine tools</li> <li>High-performance cutting machines</li> </ul>

WE series

### 3.3.6 Load ratings and torques

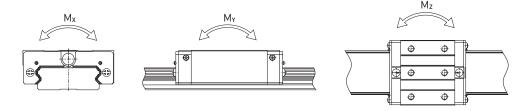


Table 3.45 <b>Load</b>	ratings and torques fo	series WE								
Series/	Dynamic load	Static load rating	Dynamic mor	nent [Nm]		Static mom	Static moment [Nm]			
size	rating C <sub>dyn</sub> [N] <sup>1)</sup>	C <sub>0</sub> [N]	Mχ	Мү	M <sub>Z</sub>	M <sub>OX</sub>	M <sub>OY</sub>	M <sub>OZ</sub>		
WE_17C	5,230	9,640	82	34	34	150	62	62		
WE_21C	7,210	13,700	122	53	53	230	100	100		
WE_27C	12,400	21,600	242	98	98	420	170	170		
WE_35C	29,800	49,400	893	405	405	1,480	670	670		
WE_50C	61,520	97,000	2,556	1,244	1,244	4,030	1,960	1,960		

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1)}$  Dynamic load rating for travel distance of 50,000 m  $\,$ 

**3.3.7 Rigidity** Rigidity depends on preload. Formula <u>F 3.5</u> can be used to determine deformation depending on rigidity.

F 3.5

$$\delta = \frac{P}{k}$$

- Deformation [µm]
- Operating load [N]
- Rigidity [N/μm]

Table 3.46 Radial rigidity for series WE										
Load class	Series/	Rigidity depending on preload								
	size	<b>ZO</b>	ZA	ZB						
Heavy load	WE_17C	128	166	189						
	WE_21C	154	199	228						
	WE_27C	187	242	276						
	WE_35C	281	364	416						
	WE_50C	428	554	633						

Unit: N/µm



### 3.3.8 Dimensions of the WE blocks

## 3.3.8.1 WEH

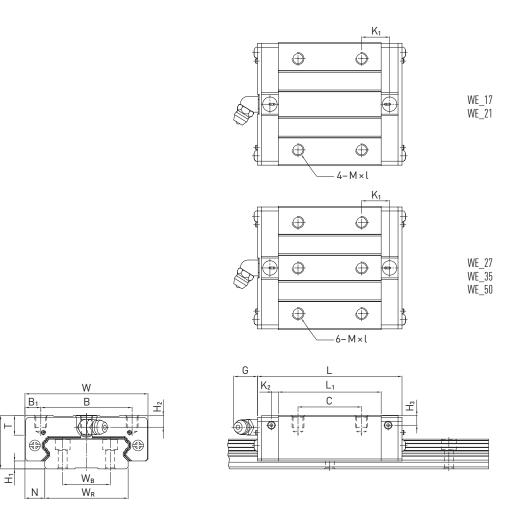
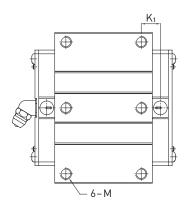


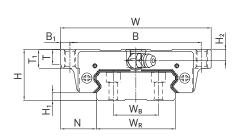
Table 3.47 <b>Di</b>	nensi	ons of th	ne block	(															
Series/ size	Installation Dimensions of the block [mm] dimensions [mm]									Load rat	Weight [kg]								
	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	N	W	В	<b>B</b> <sub>1</sub>	C	L <sub>1</sub>	L	K <sub>1</sub>	K <sub>2</sub>	G	M×l	T	H <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>dyn</sub>	C <sub>0</sub>	
WEH17CA	17	2.5	8.5	50	29	10.5	15	35.0	50.6	_	3.10	4.9	M4 × 5	6.0	4.0	3.0	5,230	9,640	0.12
WEH21CA	21	3.0	8.5	54	31	11.5	19	41.7	59.0	14.68	3.65	12.0	M5 × 6	8.0	4.5	4.2	7,210	13,700	0.20
WEH27CA	27	4.0	10.0	62	46	8.0	32	51.8	72.8	14.15	3.50	12.0	M6 × 6	10.0	6.0	5.0	12,400	21,600	0.35
WEH35CA	35	4.0	15.5	100	76	12.0	50	77.6	102.6	18.35	5.25	12.0	M8 × 8	13.0	8.0	6.5	29,800	49,400	1.10
WEH50CA	50	7.5	20.0	130	100	15.0	65	112.0	140.0	28.05	6.00	12.9	M10 × 15	19.5	12.0	10.5	61,520	97,000	3.16

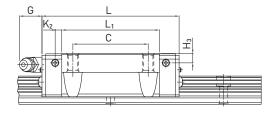
For dimensions of rail, see <u>Page 65</u>, for standard and optional lubrication adapter, see <u>Page 116</u>.

WE series

# 3.3.8.2 WEW







Series/ size		llation nsions [	mm]	Dime	Dimensions of the block [mm]													Load ratings [N]		Weight [kg]
	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	N	W	В	B <sub>1</sub>	С	L <sub>1</sub>	L	<b>K</b> <sub>1</sub>	K <sub>2</sub>	G	М	T	T <sub>1</sub>	H <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>dyn</sub>	Co	
WEW17CC	17	2.5	13.5	60	53	3.5	26	35.0	50.6	_	3.10	4.9	M4	5.3	6	4.0	3.0	5,230	9,640	0.13
WEW21CC	21	3.0	15.5	68	60	4.0	29	41.7	59.0	9.68	3.65	12.0	M5	7.3	8	4.5	4.2	7,210	13,700	0.23
WEW27CC	27	4.0	19.0	80	70	5.0	40	51.8	72.8	10.15	3.50	12.0	M6	8.0	10	6.0	5.0	12,400	21,600	0.43
WEW35CC	35	4.0	25.5	120	107	6.5	60	77.6	102.6	13.35	5.25	12.0	M8	11.2	14	8.0	6.5	29,800	49,400	1.26
WEW50CC	50	7.5	36.0	162	144	9.0	80	112.0	140.0	20.55	6.00	12.9	M10	14.0	18	12.0	10.5	61,520	97,000	3.71

For dimensions of rail, see Page 65, for standard and optional lubrication adapter, see Page 116.



### 3.3.9 Dimensions of the WE rail

### 3.3.9.1 Dimensions of WER\_R

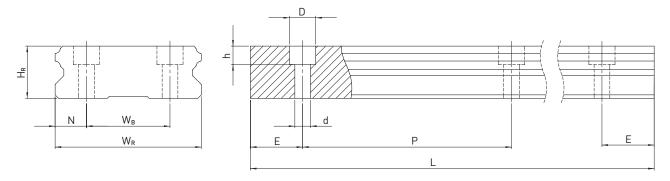


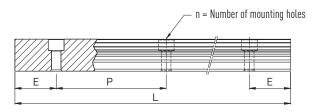
Table 3.49 <b>Di</b>	mensions of rail WE	R_R											
Series/	Assembly screw	Dimens	ions of tl	he rail [m	m]				Max. length	E <sub>1/2</sub> min	E <sub>1/2</sub> max	Weight	
size	for rail [mm]	$W_R$	$W_B$	H <sub>R</sub>	D	h	d	P	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[kg/m]	
WER17R	M4 × 12	33	18	9.3	7.5	5.3	4.5	40	4,000	6	34	2.2	
WER21R	M4 × 12	37	22	11.0	7.5	5.3	4.5	50	4,000	6	44	3.0	
WER27R	M4 × 16	42	24	15.0	7.5	5.3	4.5	60	4,000	6	54	4.7	
WER35R	M6 × 20	69	40	19.0	11.0	9.0	7.0	80	4,000	8	72	9.7	
WER50R	M8 × 25	90	60	24.0	14.0	12.0	9.0	80	4,000	9	71	14.6	

### Note:

- 1. The tolerance for E is  $\pm 0.5$  to  $\pm 1$  mm for standard rails and 0 to  $\pm 0.3$  mm for joints.
- 2. If the E<sub>1/2</sub> dimensions are not indicated, the maximum possible number of mounting holes will be determined under consideration of E<sub>1/2</sub> min.
- 3. The rails are shortened to the required length. If the  $E_{1/2}$  dimensions are not indicated, these will be carried out symmetrically.

### 3.3.9.2 Calculating the length of rails

HIWIN offers rails in customized lengths. To prevent the risk of the end of the rail becoming unstable, the value E must not exceed half of the distance between the mounting holes (P). At the same time, the value  $E_{1/2}$  should be between  $E_{1/2}$  min and  $E_{1/2}$  max so that the mounting hole does not rupture.



F3.6 
$$L = (n-1) \times P + E_1 + E_2$$

- L Total length of the rail [mm]
- n Number of mounting holes
- P Distance between two mounting holes [mm]
- $E_{1/2}$  Distance from the middle of the last mounting hole to the end of the rail [mm]

WE series

### 3.3.9.3 Tightening torques for mounting bolts

Insufficient tightening of the mounting bolts compromises the function and precision of the linear guideways. The following tightening torques are recommended for the screw sizes.

Table 3.50 Tightening torques of the mounting bolts according to ISO 4762-12.9						
Series/size	Screw size	Torque [Nm]	Series/size	Screw size	Torque [Nm]	
WE_17	M4	4	WE_35	M6	13	
WE_21	M4	4	WE_50	М	30	
WE_27	M4	4				

### 3.3.9.4 Cover caps for mounting holes of rails

The cover caps are used to keep the mounting holes free of chips and dirt. The standard plastic caps are provided with each rail. Optional cover caps must be ordered separately.

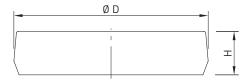


Table 3.51 Cover caps for mounting holes of rails							
Rail	Screw	Article number	Article number			Hight H [mm]	
		Plastic	Brass	Steel			
WER17R	M4	5-001342	5-001344	_	7.5	1.1	
WER21R	M4	5-001342	5-001344	_	7.5	1.1	
WER27R	M4	5-001342	5-001344	_	7.5	1.1	
WER35R	M6	5-001353	5-001355	5-001357	11.0	2.5	
WER50R	M8	5-001358	5-001360	5-001362	14.0	3.3	

### 3.3.10 Sealing systems

Various sealing systems are available for HIWIN blocks. You will find an overview on <a href="Page 22">Page 22</a>. The table below shows the total length of the blocks with the different sealing systems. Sealing systems suitable for these sizes are available.

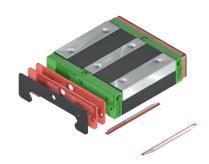
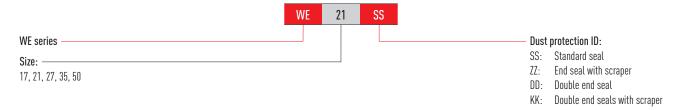


Table 3.52 Total length of block with different sealing systems							
Series/	Total length L						
size	SS	DD	ZZ	KK			
WE_17C	50.6	53.8	52.6	55.8			
WE_21C	59.0	63.0	61.0	65.0			
WE_27C	72.8	76.8	74.8	78.8			
WE_35C	102.6	106.6	105.6	109.6			
WE_50C	140.0	145.0	142.0	147.0			
Unit: mm							



### 3.3.11 Designation of sealing sets

The sealing sets are always supplied along with the assembly material and include the parts needed in addition to the standard seal.



### 3.3.12 Friction

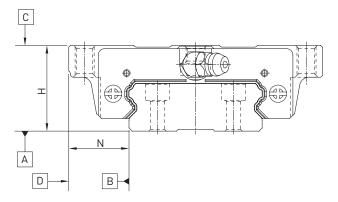
The table shows the maximum frictional resistance of the individual end seal. Depending on sealing setup (SS, ZZ, DD, KK), the value may have to be multiplied. The values indicated apply to blocks on uncoated rails. Higher friction forces occur on coated rails.

Table 3.53 Frictional resistance of single-lipped seals					
Series/size	Friction force [N]	Series/size	Friction force [N]		
WE_17	1.2	WE_35	3.9		
WE_21	2.0	WE_50	3.9		
WE_27	2.9				

WE series

### 3.3.13 Tolerances depending on accuracy class

The WE series are available in five accuracy classes depending on parallelism between block and rail, height accuracy H and accuracy of width N. The choice of accuracy class is determined by the machine requirements.



### 3.3.14 Parallelism

Parallelism of stop surfaces D and B of block and rail and parallelism of top of block C to mounting surface A of rail. Ideal linear guideway installation is required, as is a measurement in the centre of the block.

Rail length [mm]	Accuracy class	Accuracy class						
	С	Н	Р	SP	UP			
- 100	12	7	3	2	2			
100 - 200	14	9	4	2	2			
200 - 300	15	10	5	3	2			
300 - 500	17	12	6	3	2			
500 - 700	20	13	7	4	2			
700 - 900	22	15	8	5	3			
900 – 1100	24	16	9	6	3			
1100 – 1500	26	18	11	7	4			
1500 – 1900	28	20	13	8	4			
1900 – 2500	31	22	15	10	5			
2500 – 3100	33	25	18	11	6			
3100 – 3600	36	27	20	14	7			
3600 – 4000	37	28	21	15	7			



### 3.3.14.1 Accuracy - height and width

### Height tolerance H

Permissible absolute dimension variance of height H, measured between centre of screw-on surface C and underside of rail A, with block in any position on the rail.

### Width tolerance N

Permissible absolute dimension variance of width N, measured between centre of screw-on surfaces D and B, with block in any position on the rail.

### Height variance of H

Permissible variance of height H between several blocks on a rail, measured in the same rail position.

### Width variance of N

Permissible variance of width N between several blocks on a rail, measured in the same rail position.

Series/size	Accuracy class	Height tolerance of H	Width tolerance of N	Height variance of H	Width variance of N	
NE_17, 21	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.02	0.02	
	H (High)	± 0.03	± 0.03	0.01	0.01	
	P (Precision)	0 - 0.03	0 - 0.03	0.006	0.006	
	SP (Super precision)	0 - 0.015	0 - 0.015	0.004	0.004	
	UP (Ultra precision)	0 -0.008	0 - 0.008	0.003	0.003	
WE_27, 35	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.02	0.03	
	H (High)	± 0.04	± 0.04	0.015	0.015	
	P (Precision)	0 - 0.04	0 - 0.04	0.007	0.007	
	SP (Super precision)	0 - 0.02	0 - 0.02	0.005	0.005	
	UP (Ultra precision)	0 - 0.01	0 - 0.01	0.003	0.003	
VE_50	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.03	0.03	
	H (High)	± 0.05	± 0.05	0.02	0.02	
	P (Precision)	0 - 0.05	0 - 0.05	0.01	0.01	
	SP (Super precision)	0 - 0.03	0 - 0.03	0.01	0.01	
	UP (Ultra precision)	0 -0.02	0 - 0.02	0.01	0.01	

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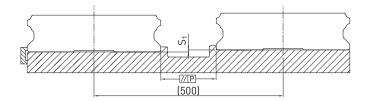
Table 3.56 Height and width tolerances of interchangeable types						
Series/size	Accuracy class	Height tolerance of H	Width tolerance of N	Height variance of H	Width variance of N	
WE_17, 21	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.02	0.02	
	H (High)	± 0.03	± 0.03	0.01	0.01	
	P (Precision)	± 0.015	± 0.015	0.006	0.006	
WE_27, 35	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.02	0.03	
	H (High)	± 0.04	± 0.04	0.015	0.015	
	P (Precision)	± 0.02	± 0.02	0.007	0.007	
WE_50	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.03	0.03	
	H (High)	± 0.05	± 0.05	0.015	0.02	
	P (Precision)	± 0.025	± 0.025	0.007	0.01	

WE series, MG series

### 3.3.14.2 Permissible mounting surface tolerances

Once the requirements relating to the accuracy of the mounting surfaces are met, the good accuracy, rigidity and lifetime of the WE series linear guideways are achieved.

### Parallelism of the reference surface (P):

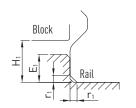


Series/size	Preload class	Preload class				
	ZO	ZA	ZB			
WE_17	20	15	9			
WE_21	25	18	9			
WE_27	25	20	13			
WE_35	30	22	20			
WE_50	40	30	27			

Table 3.58 Maximum tolerance for height of reference surface (S <sub>1</sub> )						
Series/size	Preload class	Preload class				
	ZO	ZA	ZB			
WE_17	65	20	-			
WE_21	130	85	45			
WE_27	130	85	45			
WE_35	130	85	70			
WE_50	170	110	90			
Unit: µm						

### 3.3.15 Shoulder heights and fillets

Imprecise shoulder heights and fillets of mounting surfaces compromise precision and may lead to conflicts with the block or rail profiles. The following shoulder heights and edge profiles must be observed in order to avoid assembly problems.



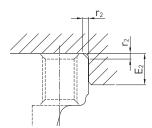


Table 3.59 Shoulder heights and fillets					
Series/size	Max. edge radius r <sub>1</sub>	Max. edge radius r <sub>2</sub>	Shoulder height of reference edge of rail E <sub>1</sub>	Shoulder height of reference edge of block E <sub>2</sub>	Clearance under block H <sub>1</sub>
WE_17	0.4	0.4	2.0	4.0	2.5
WE_21	0.4	0.4	2.5	5.0	3.0
WE_27	0.5	0.4	3.0	7.0	4.0
WE_35	0.5	0.5	3.5	10.0	4.0
WE_50	0.8	0.8	6.0	10.0	7.5
Unit: mm					



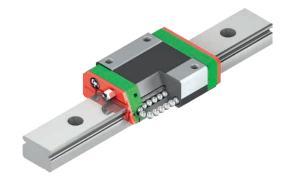
### 3.4 MG series

### 3.4.1 Properties of the linear guideway, series MGN

The HIWIN linear guideway of the MGN series is based on proven HIWIN technology. The Gothic arch contact design absorbs loads in all directions and is particularly rigid and precise. Given its compact and lightweight design, it is particularly suited to use in small devices.

### 3.4.2 Structure of the MGN series

- 2-row recirculation ball bearing guide
- O Gothic arch contact design
- O Stainless steel block and balls
- O Rails made from standard or stainless steel
- O Compact and lightweight design
- O Balls are secured in the block by retaining wire
- Grease nipple available for MGN15
- End seal
- Bottom seal
- Interchangeable models are available in defined accuracy classes



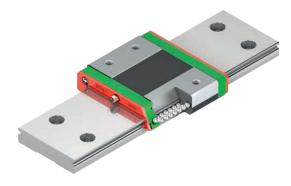
Structure of the MGN series

### 3.4.3 Properties of the linear guideway, series MGW

The HIWIN linear guideway of the MGW series is based on proven HIWIN technology. The Gothic arch contact design absorbs loads in all directions and is particularly rigid and precise. The MGW series has a wider rail than the MGN series so can absorb considerably higher load torques.

### 3.4.4 Structure of the MGW series

- o 2-row recirculation ball bearing guide
- Gothic arch contact design
- O Stainless steel block and balls
- O Rails made from standard or stainless steel
- O Compact and lightweight design
- O Balls are secured in the block by retaining wire
- Grease nipple available for MGW15
- End seal
- Bottom seal
- o Interchangeable models are available in defined accuracy classes



Structure of the MGW series

### 3.4.5 Applications of the MG series

The MGN and MGW series can be used in many sectors, e.g. in the semiconductor industry, PCB population, medical technology, robot applications, measurement devices, office automation and other sectors needing miniature guides.

MG series

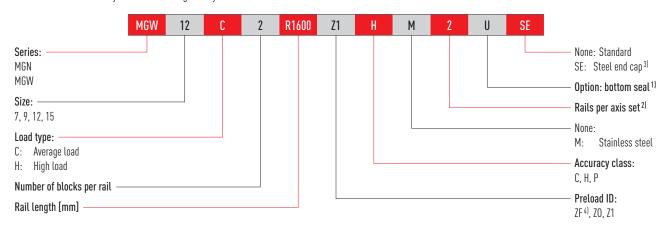
### 3.4.6 Order codes for the MG series

For MGN and MGW linear guideways, a distinction is made between interchangeable and non-interchangeable models. The dimensions of both models are the same. The main difference is that the block and rail in the interchangeable models can be freely interchanged. Block and rail can therefore be ordered separately and fitted by the customer.

Given their stringent dimensional accuracy check, the interchangeable modules are a good choice for customers who do not use rails in pairs on one axis. The order codes include the dimensions, model, accuracy class, preload etc.

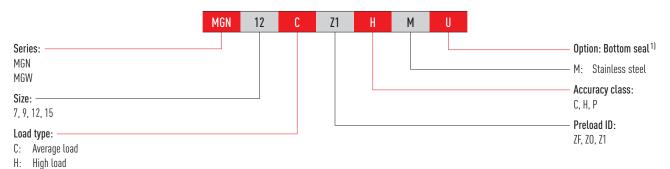
### Non-interchangeable models (custom-assembled)

Order code for the fully assembled linear guideway

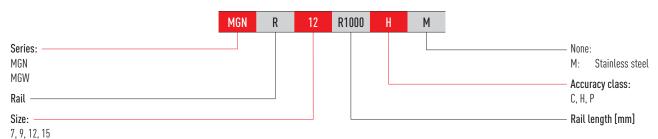


### Interchangeable models

Order code for MG block



Order code for MG rail



### Note:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> Available for MGN and MGW series in sizes 12 and 15.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> The figure 2 is also a quantity, i.e. one item of the above-mentioned article consists of a pair of rails. No number is specified for individual rails. By default multi-part rails are delivered with staggered butt joints.

 $<sup>^{3)}</sup>$  Available for MGN 7, 9, 12, 15 and MGW 12, 15.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> Not available for paired rails.



**3.4.7 Preload**The MGN/MGW series offers three preload classes for various applications.

Table 3.60 <b>Preload ID</b>		
ID	Preload	Accuracy class
ZF	Slight play: 4 – 10 µm	C, H
20	Zero-play, very slight preload	C – P
<b>Z1</b>	Slight preload: 0 - 0.02 C <sub>dyn</sub>	C – P

### 3.4.8 Load ratings and torques

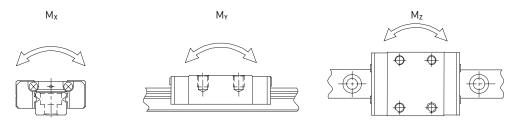


Table 3.61 <b>Loa</b>	d ratings and torques for	MG series							
Series/size	Dynamic load rating	Static load rating	Dynamic r	noment [Nm]		Static mon	Static moment [Nm]		
	C <sub>dyn</sub> [N] 1)	C <sub>0</sub> [N]	Mχ	My	M <sub>Z</sub>	Mox	M <sub>OY</sub>	M <sub>OZ</sub>	
MGN07C	980	1,245	3	2	2	4.7	2.8	2.8	
MGN07H	1,370	1,960	5	3	3	7.6	4.8	4.8	
MGN09C	1,860	2,550	8	5	5	11.8	7.4	7.4	
MGN09H	2,550	4,020	12	12	12	19.6	18.6	18.6	
MGN12C	2,840	3,920	18	10	10	25.5	13.7	13.7	
MGN12H	3,720	5,880	24	23	23	38.2	36.3	36.3	
MGN15C	4,610	5,590	37	18	18	45.1	21.6	21.6	
MGN15H	6,370	9,110	52	41	41	73.5	57.8	57.8	
MGW07C	1,370	2,060	10	4	4	15.7	7.1	7.1	
MGW07H	1,770	3,140	13	8	8	23.5	15.5	15.5	
MGW09C	2,750	4,120	27	12	12	40.1	18.0	18.0	
MGW09H	3,430	5,890	32	20	20	54.5	34.0	34.0	
MGW12C	3,920	5,590	50	19	19	70.3	27.8	27.8	
MGW12H	5,100	8,240	64	36	36	102.7	57.4	57.4	
MGW15C	6,770	9,220	149	42	42	199.3	56.7	56.7	
MGW15H	8,930	13,380	196	80	80	299.0	122.6	122.6	

<sup>1)</sup> Dynamic load rating for travel distance of 50,000 m

MG series

**3.4.9 Rigidity** Rigidity depends on preload. Formula  $\underline{F\ 3.7}$  can be used to determine deformation depending on rigidity.

F 3.7

$$\delta = \frac{P}{k}$$

 $\delta \quad \text{Deformation} \, [\mu \text{m}]$ 

P Operating load [N] k Rigidity [N/µm]

Table 3.62 <b>Radial rigidity fo</b>	r series MGN						
Load Class	Series/	Preload					
	size	Z0	Z1				
Average load	MGN07C	26	33				
	MGN09C	37	48				
	MGN12C	44	56				
	MGN15C	57	74				
ligh load	MGN07H	39	51				
	MGN09H	56	73				
	MGN12H	63	81				
	MGN15H	87	113				

Unit: N/µm

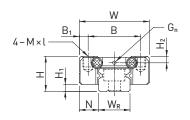
Load Class	Series/	Preload	Preload						
	size	ZO	Z1						
Average load	MGW07C	38	49						
	MGW09C	55	71						
	MGW12C	63	81						
	MGW15C	78	101						
ligh load	MGW07H	54	70						
	MGW09H	74	95						
	MGW12H	89	114						
	MGW15H	113	145						

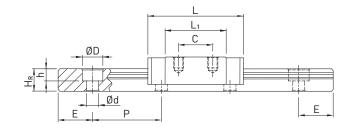


### 3.4.10 Dimensions of the MG block

### 3.4.10.1 MGN

MGN07, MGN09, MGN12





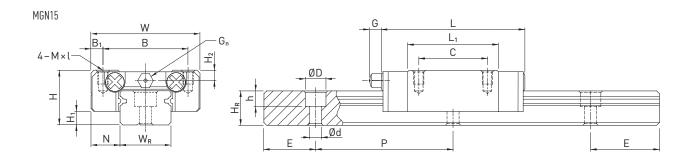


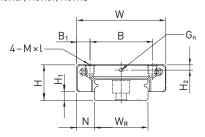
Table 3.64 <b>D</b>	imensio	ns of the	block								-					
Series/ size	Instal [mm]	lation din	nensions	Dimer	mensions of the block [mm]								Load ratings [N]		Weight [kg]	
	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	N	W	В	B <sub>1</sub>	C	L <sub>1</sub>	L	G	Gn	M×l	H <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>dyn</sub>	Co	
MGN07C	8	1.5	5.0	17	12	2.5	8	13.5	22.5	_	Ø 1.2	M2 × 2.5	1.5	980	1,245	0.01
MGN07H							13	21.8	30.8					1,372	1,960	0.02
MGN09C	10	2.0	5.5	20	15	2.5	10	18.9	28.9	-	Ø1.4	M3 × 3	1.8	1,860	2,550	0.02
MGN09H							16	29.9	39.9					2,550	4,020	0.03
MGN12C	13	3.0	7.5	27	20	3.5	15	21.7	34.7	-	Ø2	M3 × 3.5	2.5	2,840	3,920	0.03
MGN12H							20	32.4	45.4					3,720	5,880	0.05
MGN15C	16	4.0	8.5	32	25	3.5	20	26.7	42.1	4.5	M3	M3 × 4	3.0	4,610	5,590	0.06
MGN15H							25	43.4	58.8					6,370	9,110	0.09

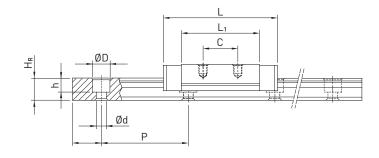
For dimensions of rail, see Page 77, for standard and optional lubrication adapter, see Page 116.

MG series

### 3.4.10.2 MGW

MGW07, MGW09, MGW12





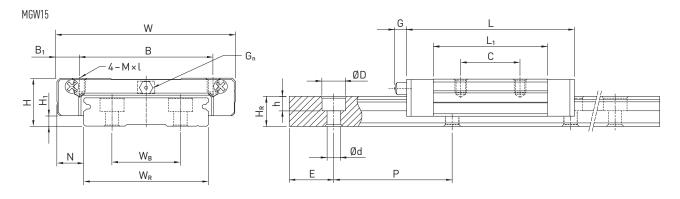


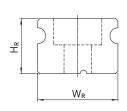
Table 3.65 <b>Di</b>	mension	s of the b	lock													
Series/ size	Installa [mm]	ation dim	ensions	Dimens	sions of t	he block	[mm]							Load ratin	gs [N]	Weight [kg]
	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	N	W	В	B <sub>1</sub>	С	L <sub>1</sub>	L	G	Gn	M×l	H <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>dyn</sub>	Co	
MGW07C	9	1.9	5.5	25	19	3.0	10	21.0	31.2	_	Ø 1.2	M3 × 3	1.85	1,370	2,060	0.02
MGW07H							19	30.8	41.0					1,770	3,140	0.03
MGW09C	12	2.9	6.0	30	21	4.5	12	27.5	39.3	_	Ø 1.4	M3 × 3	2.40	2,750	4,120	0.04
MGW09H					23	3.5	24	38.5	50.7					3,430	5,890	0.06
MGW12C	14	3.4	8.0	40	28	6.0	15	31.3	46.1	_	Ø 2	M3 × 3.6	2.80	3,920	5,590	0.07
MGW12H							28	45.6	60.4					5,100	8,240	0.10
MGW15C	16	3.4	9.0	60	45	7.5	20	38.0	54.8	5.2	M3	M4 × 4.2	3.20	6,770	9,220	0.14
MGW15H							35	57.0	73.8					8,930	13,380	0.22

For dimensions of rail, see Page 77, for standard and optional lubrication adapter, see Page 116.



### 3.4.11 Dimensions of the MG rail

### 3.4.11.1 Dimensions of MGN\_R



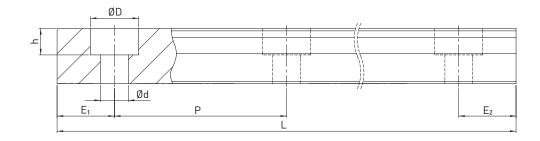
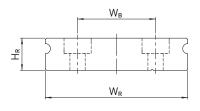


Table 3.66 <b>Di</b>	mensions of rail MGN	I_R										
Series/			isions of	rail [mi	m]				Max. length	E <sub>1/2</sub> min	E <sub>1/2</sub> max	Weight
size	for rail [mm]	$W_{R}$	H <sub>R</sub>	D	h	d	P	[mm]	$E_1 = E_2 [mm]$	[mm]	[mm]	[kg/m]
MGNR07R	M2 × 6	7	4.8	4.2	2.3	2.4	15	600	585	5	12	0.22
MGNR09R	M3 × 8	9	6.5	6.0	3.5	3.5	20	1,200	1,180	5	15	0.38
MGNR12R	M3 × 8	12	8.0	6.0	4.5	3.5	25	2,000	1,975	5	20	0.65
MGNR15R	M3 × 10	15	10.0	6.0	4.5	3.5	40	2,000	1,960	6	34	1.06

### 3.4.11.2 Dimensions of MGW\_R



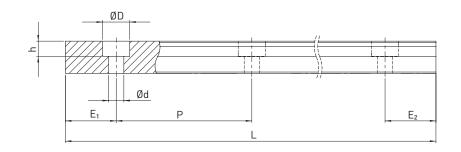


Table 3.67 <b>Dir</b>	mensions of rail MG\	W_R											
Series/	Screws	Dimen	sions of	the rail	[mm]				Max. length		E <sub>1/2</sub> min	E <sub>1/2</sub> max	Weight
size	for rail [mm]	$\mathbf{W}_{R}$	H <sub>R</sub>	W <sub>B</sub>	D	h	d	Р	[mm]	$E_1 = E_2 [mm]$	[mm]	[mm]	[kg/m]
MGWR07R	M3 × 6	14	5.2	_	6.0	3.2	3.5	30	600	570	6	24	0.51
MGWR09R	M3 × 8	18	7.0	_	6.0	4.5	3.5	30	1,200	1,170	6	24	0.91
MGWR12R	M4 × 8	24	8.5	_	8.0	4.5	4.5	40	2,000	1,960	8	32	1.49
MGWR15R	M4 × 10	42	9.5	23	8.0	4.5	4.5	40	2,000	1,960	8	32	2.86

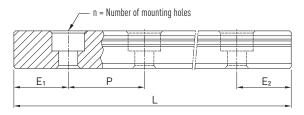
#### Note

- 1. The tolerance for E is  $\pm 0.5$  to  $\pm 1$  mm for standard rails and 0 to  $\pm 0.3$  mm for joints.
- 2. If the  $E_{1/2}$  dimensions are not indicated, the maximum possible number of mounting holes will be determined under consideration of  $E_{1/2}$  min.
- 3. The rails are shortened to the required length. If the  $E_{1/2}$  dimensions are not indicated, these will be carried out symmetrically

MG series

### 3.4.11.3 Calculating the length of rails

HIWIN offers rails in customized lengths. To prevent the risk of the end of the rail becoming unstable, the value E must not exceed half of the distance between the mounting holes (P). At the same time, the value  $E_{1/2}$  should be between  $E_{1/2}$  min and  $E_{1/2}$  max so that the mounting hole does not rupture.



F 3.8

$$L = (n-1) \times P + E_1 + E_2$$

- L Total length of the rail [mm]
- n Number of mounting holes
- P Distance between two mounting holes [mm]
- $E_{1/2}$  Distance from the middle of the last mounting hole to the end of the rail [mm]

### 3.4.11.4 Tightening torques for mounting bolts

Insufficient tightening of the mounting bolts strongly compromises the precision of the linear guideway; the following tightening torques are therefore recommended for the relevant screw sizes.

Table 3.68 <b>Tightening torq</b>	Table 3.68 Tightening torques of the mounting bolts according to ISO 4762-12.9							
Series/size	Screw size	Torque [Nm]	Series/size	Screw size	Torque [Nm]			
MGN07	M2 × 6	0.6	MGW07	M3 × 6	2			
MGN09	M3 × 8	2	MGW09	M3 × 8	2			
MGN12	M3 × 8	2	MGW12	M4 × 8	4			
MGN15	M3 × 10	2	MGW15	M4 × 10	4			

### 3.4.11.5 Cover caps for mounting holes of rails

The cover caps are used to keep the mounting holes free of chips and dirt. The standard plastic caps are provided with each rail



Table 3.69 Cover caps for mounting holes of rails							
Rail	Screw	Article number		Ø D [mm]	Height H [mm]		
		Plastic	Brass				
MGNR09R	M3	5-001338 <sup>1)</sup>	5-001340 <sup>1)</sup>	6	1.1		
MGNR12R	M3	5-001338	5-001340	6	1.1		
MGNR15R	M3	5-001338	5-001340	6	1.1		
MGWR09R	M3	5-001338	5-001340	6	1.1		
MGWR12R	M4	5-001346	-	8	1.1		
MGWR15R	M4	5-001346	-	8	1.1		

<sup>1)</sup> Standard: without cover caps, state in order if required. Only possible with cylinder head screws with a low head according to DIN 7984



### 3.4.12 Dust protection

The blocks of the MG series are equipped on both sides with an end seal to protect against dirt as standard. In addition seals for the bottom of the block can be ordered using the "+U" identifier in the order code. They are available as options for sizes 12 and 15. They cannot be fitted for sizes 7 and 9 due to the limited installation space  $\rm H_1$ . When fitting a bottom seal, the side mounting surface of the rail must not exceed  $\rm H_1$ .

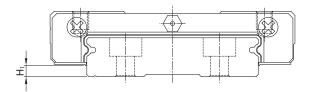
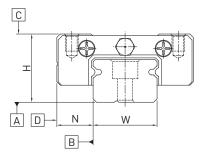


Table 3.70 Installation spa	ce H <sub>1</sub>				
Series/size	Bottom seal	H <sub>1</sub>	Series/size	Bottom seal	H <sub>1</sub>
MGN07	_	_	MGW07	_	_
MGN09	_	_	MGW09	_	_
MGN12	•	2.0	MGW12	•	2.6
MGN15	•	3.0	MGW15	•	2.6

MG series

### 3.4.13 Tolerances depending on accuracy class

The MG series are available in three accuracy classes depending on parallelism between block and rail, height accuracy H and accuracy of width N. The choice of accuracy class is determined by the machine requirements.



### 3.4.13.1 Parallelism

Parallelism of stop surfaces D and B of block and rail and parallelism of top of block C to mounting surface A of rail. Ideal linear guideway installation is required, as is a measurement in the centre of the block.

Rail length [mm]	Accuracy class			
	С	Н	P	
- 50	12	6	2.0	
50 - 80	13	7	3.0	
80 - 125	14	8	3.5	
125 - 200	15	9	4.0	
200 - 250	16	10	5.0	
250 - 315	17	11	5.0	
315 - 400	18	11	6.0	
400 – 500	19	12	6.0	
500 - 630	20	13	7.0	
630 - 800	22	14	8.0	
800 – 1000	23	16	9.0	
1000 – 1200	25	18	11.0	

### 3.4.13.2 Accuracy – height and width

### Height tolerance H

Permissible absolute dimension variance of height H, measured between centre of screw-on surface C and underside of rail A, with block in any position on the rail.

#### Width tolerance N

Permissible absolute dimension variance of width N, measured between centre of screw-on surfaces D and B, with block in any position on the rail.

### Height variance of H

Permissible variance of height H between several blocks on a rail, measured in the same rail position

#### Width variance of N

Permissible variance of width N between several blocks on a rail, measured in the same rail position.

Table 3.72 Height and width tolerances of non-interchangeable models										
Series/size	Accuracy class	Height tolerance of H	Width tolerance of N	Height variance of H	Width variance of N					
MG_07 - MG_15	C (Normal)	± 0.04	± 0.04	0.03	0.3					
	H (High)	± 0.02	± 0.025	0.015	0.02					
	P (Precision)	± 0.01	± 0.015	0.007	0.01					

Unit: mm



Table 3.73 <b>Height and wi</b>	Table 3.73 Height and width tolerances of interchangeable types										
Series/size	Accuracy class	Height tolerance of H	Width tolerance of N	Height variance of H	Width variance of N	Height variance of H <sup>1)</sup>					
MG_07 - MG_15	C (Normal)	± 0.04	± 0.04	0.03	0.03	0.07					
	H (High)	± 0.02	± 0.025	0.015	0.02	0.04					
	P (Precision)	± 0.01	± 0.015	0.007	0.01	0.02					

Unit: mm

### 3.4.13.3 Permissible mounting surface tolerances

Once the requirements relating to the accuracy of the mounting surfaces are met, the good accuracy, rigidity and lifetime of the MG series linear guideways are achieved.

### Parallelism of the reference surface (P):

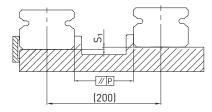


Table 3.74 Maximum tolerance for parallelism (P)									
Series/size	Preload class								
	ZF	ZO	Z1						
MG_07	3	3	3						
MG_09	4	4	3						
MG_12	9	9	5						
MG_15	10	10	6						
Unit· um									

Series/size	Preload class	Preload class							
	ZF	ZO	<b>Z1</b>						
MG_07	25	25	3						
MG_09	35	35	6						
MG_12	50	50	12						
MG_15	60	60	20						

Table 3.76 Requirements for the mounting	Table 3.76 Requirements for the mounting surface						
Series/size	Required evenness of the mounting surface						
MG_07	0.025/200						
MG_09	0.035/200						
MG_12	0.050/200						
MG_15	0.060/200						

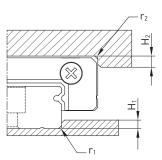
Note: The values in the table are applicable to the preload classes ZF and ZO. For Z1 or if more than one rail is to be mounted on the same surface, the table values must be at least halved.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> Permissible deviation of height H between several blocks on a pair of rails

MG series, MG-0 series

### 3.4.14 Shoulder heights and fillets

Imprecise shoulder heights and fillets of mounting surfaces compromise precision and may lead to conflicts with the block or rail profiles. The following shoulder heights and edge profiles must be observed in order to avoid assembly problems.



Series/size	Max. edge radius r <sub>1</sub>	Max. edge radius r <sub>2</sub>	Shoulder height of H <sub>1</sub>	Shoulder height of H <sub>2</sub>
MGN07	0.2	0.2	1.2	3
MGN09	0.2	0.3	1.7	3
MGN12	0.3	0.4	1.7	4
MGN15	0.5	0.5	2.5	5
MGW07	0.2	0.2	1.7	3
MGW09	0.3	0.3	2.5	3
MGW12	0.4	0.4	3.0	4
MGW15	0.4	0.8	3.0	5

Unit: mm



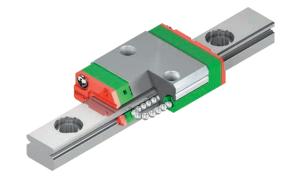
#### 3.5 MG-O series

### 3.5.1 Properties of the linear guideway, series MGN-0

The HIWIN linear guideway of the MGN-O series is based on the proven MGN series. Thanks to the optimised ball return in the plastic duct, the synchronous performance and quiet running are improved and the weight is reduced by around 20 %. The Gothic race profile absorbs loads in all directions and is particularly rigid and precise. Given its compact and lightweight design, it is particularly suited to use in small devices.

### 3.5.2 Structure of the MGN-O series

- o 2-row recirculation ball bearing guide
- Gothic arch contact design
- Stainless steel block and balls
- Rails made from standard or stainless steel
- Compact and lightweight design
- O Balls are secured in the block by retaining wire
- End seal
- o Interchangeable models are available in defined accuracy classes
- Optimized ball deflection
- o Improved synchronous performance
- Reduced weight



Structure of the MGN-0 series

### 3.5.3 Applications of the MG-O series

The MG-O series was developed for use in restricted spaces, e.g. in the semiconductor industry, PCB population, medical technology, robot applications, measurement devices, office automation and other sectors needing miniature guides.

MG-0 series

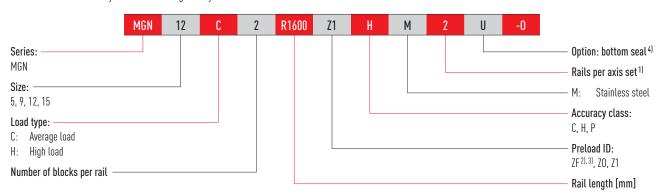
#### 3.5.4 Order codes for the MG-O series

For MG-O linear guideways, a distinction is made between interchangeable and non-interchangeable models. The dimensions of both models are the same. The main difference is that the block and rail in the interchangeable models can be freely interchanged. Block and rail can therefore be ordered separately and fitted by the customer.

Given their stringent dimensional accuracy check, the interchangeable modules are a good choice for customers who do not use rails in pairs on one axis. The order codes include the dimensions, model, accuracy class, preload etc.

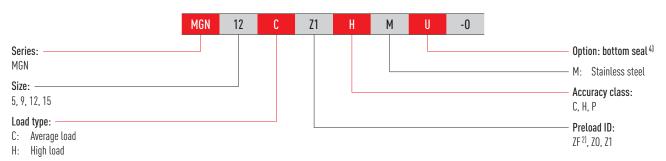
### Non-interchangeable models (custom-assembled)

Order code for the fully assembled linear guideway

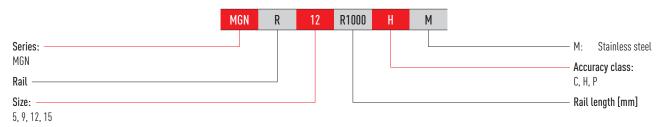


#### Interchangeable models

Order code for MG-0 block



Order code for MG rail



#### Note

- <sup>1)</sup> The figure 2 is also a quantity, i.e. one item of the above-mentioned article consists of a pair of rails. No number is specified for individual rails. By default multi-part rails are delivered with staggered butt joints.
- <sup>2)</sup> Not available for size 5.
- <sup>3)</sup> Not available for paired rails.
- <sup>4)</sup> Available for sizes 12 and 15.

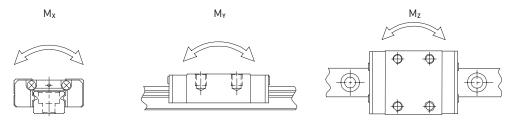


### 3.5.5 Preload

The MG-O series offers three preload classes for various applications.

Table 3.78 Preload ID								
ID	Preload	Accuracy class						
ZF <sup>1)</sup>	Slight play: 4 – 10 µm	C, H						
ZO	Zero-play, very slight preload	C – P						
Z1	Slight preload: 0 – 0.02 C <sub>dyn</sub>	C – P						
1) Not available for size 5		·						

### 3.5.6 Load ratings and torques



Series/size	Dynamic load rating C <sub>dyn</sub> [N] <sup>1)</sup>	Static load rating	Dynamic n	noment [Nm]		Static mor	ment [Nm]	
		C <sub>0</sub> [N]	M <sub>X</sub>	My	M <sub>Z</sub>	M <sub>OX</sub>	M <sub>OY</sub>	M <sub>OZ</sub>
MGN05C-0	540	840	1.3	0.8	0.8	2.0	1.3	1.3
MGN05H-0	670	1,080	1.6	1.4	1.4	2.6	2.3	2.3
MGN09C-0	2,010	2,840	9.2	6.3	6.3	13.1	9.0	9.0
MGN09H-0	2,500	3,930	12.5	13.7	13.7	19.7	21.5	21.5
MGN12C-0	2,840	3,920	18.5	9.9	9.9	25.5	13.7	13.7
MGN12H-0	4,270	5,900	27.8	27.1	27.1	38.4	37.5	37.5
MGN15C-0	4,610	5,590	37.2	17.8	17.8	45.1	21.6	21.6
MGN15H-0	6,370	9,110	51.4	40.4	40.4	73.5	57.8	57.8

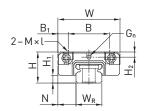
 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1]}$  Dynamic load rating for travel distance of 50,000 m

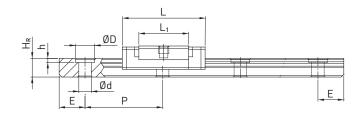
MG-0 series

### 3.5.7 Dimensions of the MG-O blocks

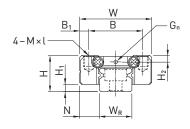
### 3.5.7.1 MGN-0

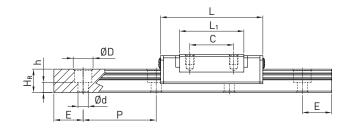
### MGN05-0



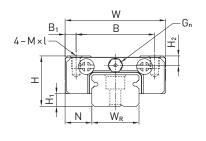


### MGN09-0, MGN12-0





### MGN15-0



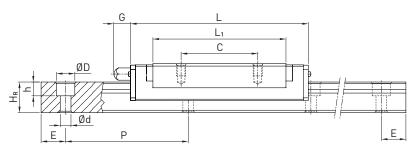


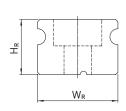
Table 3.80 <b>Di</b>	mensior	ns of the	e block													
Series/ size	Install sions	ation di [mm]	men-	Dimen	Dimensions of the block [mm]										Load ratings [N]	
	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	N	W	В	B <sub>1</sub>	С	L <sub>1</sub>	L	G	Gn	M×l	H <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>dyn</sub>	$C_0$	
MGN05C-0	6	1.5	3.5	12	8	2.0	_	9.6	16.0	_	Ø 0.8	M2 × 1.5	1.0	540	840	0.008
MGN05H-0	6	1.5	3.5	12	8	2.0	_	12.6	19.0	_	Ø 0.8	M2 × 1.5	1.0	670	1,080	0.010
MGN09C-0	10	2.2	5.5	20	15	2.5	10	19.4	30.0	_	Ø1.4	M3 × 3.0	1.8	2,010	2,840	0.012
MGN09H-0	10	2.2	5.5	20	15	2.5	16	29.3	39.9	_	Ø1.4	M3 × 3.0	1.8	2,500	3,930	0.020
MGN12C-0	13	3.0	7.5	27	20	3.5	15	22.0	35.0	_	Ø 2.0	M3 × 3.5	2.5	2,840	3,920	0.025
MGN12H-0	13	3.0	7.5	27	20	3.5	20	34.6	47.6	_	Ø 2.0	M3 × 3.5	2.5	4,270	5,900	0.047
MGN15C-0	16	4.0	8.5	32	25	3.5	20	26.7	41.3	4.5	M3	M3 × 4.0	3.0	4,610	5,590	0.057
MGN15H-0	16	4.0	8.5	32	25	3.5	25	43.4	58.0	4.5	M3	M3 × 4.0	3.0	6,370	9,110	0.088

For dimensions of rail, see Section 3.5.8, for standard and optional lubrication adapter, see Page 116.



#### 3.5.8 Dimensions of the MG-O rail

### 3.5.8.1 Dimensions of MGN\_R



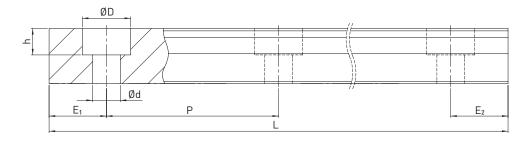


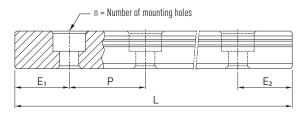
Table 3.82 <b>Dir</b>	Table 3.82 Dimensions of rail MGN_R												
Series/	Assembly screw							•	Max. length	E <sub>1/2</sub> min	E <sub>1/2</sub> max	Weight	
size	for rail [mm]	$W_{R}$	$H_R$	D	h	d	P	[mm] $E_1 = E_2 [mm]$		[mm] [mm]		[kg/m]	
MGNR05R	M2 × 6	5	3.6	3.6	0.8	2.4	15	250	225	4	11	0.15	
MGNR09R	M3 × 8	9	6.5	6.0	3.5	3.5	20	1,200	1,180	5	15	0.38	
MGNR12R	M3 × 8	12	8.0	6.0	4.5	3.5	25	2,000	1,975	5	20	0.65	
MGNR15R	M3 × 10	15	10.0	6.0	4.5	3.5	40	2,000	1,960	6	34	1.06	

#### Note

- 1. The tolerance for E is +0.5 to -1 mm for standard rails and 0 to -0.3 mm for joints.
- 2. If the E<sub>1/2</sub> dimensions are not indicated, the maximum possible number of mounting holes will be determined under consideration of E<sub>1/2</sub> min.
- 3. The rails are shortened to the required length. If the  $E_{1/2}$  dimensions are not indicated, these will be carried out symmetrically

### 3.5.8.2 Calculating the length of rails

HIWIN offers rails in customised lengths. To prevent the risk of the end of the rail becoming unstable, the value E must not exceed half of the distance between the mounting holes (P). At the same time, the value  $E_{1/2}$  should be between  $E_{1/2}$  min and  $E_{1/2}$  max so that the mounting hole does not rupture.



F3.9 
$$L = (n-1) \times P + E_1 + E_2$$

- L Total length of the rail [mm]
- n Number of mounting holes
- P Distance between two mounting holes [mm]
- $E_{1/2}$  Distance from the middle of the last mounting hole to the end of the rail [mm]

### 3.5.8.3 Tightening torques for mounting bolts

Insufficient tightening of the mounting bolts strongly compromises the precision of the linear guideway; the following tightening torques are therefore recommended for the relevant screw sizes

Table 3.81 Tightening torques of the mounting bolts according to ISO 4762-12.9									
Series/size	Screw size	Torque [Nm]	Series/size	Screw size	Torque [Nm]				
MGN05-0	M2 × 6	0.6	MGN12-0	M3 × 8	2.0				
MGN09-0	M3 × 8	2.0	MGN15-0	M3 × 10	2.0				

MG-0 series

### 3.5.8.4 Cover caps for mounting holes of rails

The cover caps are used to keep the mounting holes free of chips and dirt. The standard plastic caps are provided with each rail.

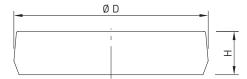


Table 3.83 Cover caps for mounting holes of rails									
Rail	Screw	Article number		Ø D [mm]	Height H [mm]				
		Plastic	Brass						
MGNR05R	_	_	_	_	_				
MGNR09R	M3	5-001338 <sup>1)</sup>	5-001340 <sup>1)</sup>	6.0	1.1				
MGNR12R	M3	5-001338	5-001340	6.0	1.1				
MGNR15R	M3	5-001338	5-001340	6.0	1.1				

<sup>1)</sup> Standard without cover caps, state in order if required. Only possible with cylinder head screws with a low head according to DIN 7984.

### 3.5.9 Dust protection

The blocks of the MG-O series are equipped on both sides with an end seal to protect against dirt as standard. In addition seals for the bottom of the block can be ordered using the "+U" identifier in the order code. They are available as options for sizes 12 and 15. They cannot be fitted for size 5 due to the limited installation space H<sub>1</sub>. When fitting a bottom seal, the side mounting surface of the rail must not exceed H<sub>1</sub>.

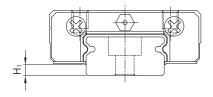
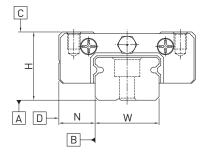


Table 3.84 Installation space	ce H <sub>1</sub>				
Series/size	Bottom seal	H <sub>1</sub>	Series/size	Bottom seal	H <sub>1</sub>
MGN05-0	_	_	MGN12-0	•	2.0
MGN09-0	•	1.0	MGN15-0	•	3.0

### 3.5.10 Tolerances depending on accuracy class

The MG-O series are available in three accuracy classes depending on parallelism between block and rail, height accuracy H and accuracy of width N. The choice of accuracy class is determined by the machine requirements.





### 3.5.10.1 Parallelism

Parallelism of stop surfaces D and B of block and rail and parallelism of top of block C to mounting surface A of rail. Ideal linear guideway installation is required, as is a measurement in the centre of the block.

Rail length [mm]	Accuracy class						
	С	Н	P				
- 50	12	6	2.0				
50 - 80	13	7	3.0				
80 - 125	14	8	3.5				
125 - 200	15	9	4.0				
200 - 250	16	10	5.0				
250 - 315	17	11	5.0				
315 - 400	18	11	6.0				
400 - 500	19	12	6.0				
500 - 630	20	13	7.0				
630 - 800	22	14	8.0				
800 – 1000	23	16	9.0				
000 – 1200	25	18	11.0				
200 – 1300	25	18	11.0				
300 – 1400	26	19	12.0				
400 – 1500	27	19	12.0				
500 – 1600	28	20	13.0				
600 – 1700	29	20	14.0				
700 – 1800	30	21	14.0				
800 – 1900	30	21	15.0				
900 – 2000	31	22	15.0				
2000 –	31	22	16.0				

MG-0 series

### 3.5.10.2 Accuracy - height and width

#### Height tolerance H

Permissible absolute dimension variance of height H, measured between centre of screw-on surface C and underside of rail A, with block in any position on the rail.

### Width tolerance N

Permissible absolute dimension variance of width N, measured between centre of screw-on surfaces D and B, with block in any position on the rail.

### Height variance of H

Permissible variance of height H between several blocks on a rail, measured in the same rail position.

### Width variance of N

Permissible variance of width N between several blocks on a rail, measured in the same rail position.

Table 3.86 <b>Height and widt</b>	h tolerances of non-interch	angeable models			
Series/size	Accuracy class	Height tolerance of H	Width tolerance of N	Height variance of H	Width variance of N
MGN05-0 - MGN15-0	C (Normal)	± 0.04	± 0.04	0.03	0.03
	H (High)	± 0.02	± 0.025	0.015	0.02
	P (Precision)	± 0.01	± 0.015	0.007	0.01

Unit: mm

Table 3.87 <b>Height and wi</b>	dth tolerances of interd	changeable types				
Series/size	Accuracy class	Height tolerance of H	Width tolerance of N	Height variance of H	Width variance of N	Height variance of H <sup>1]</sup>
MGN05-0 - MGN15-0	C (Normal)	± 0.04	± 0.04	0.03	0.03	0.07
	H (High)	± 0.02	± 0.025	0.015	0.02	0.04
	P (Precision)	± 0.01	± 0.015	0.007	0.01	0.02

Unit: mm

### 3.5.10.3 Permissible mounting surface tolerances

Once the requirements relating to the accuracy of the mounting surfaces are met, the good accuracy, rigidity and lifetime of the MG-O series linear guideways are achieved.

### Parallelism of the reference surface (P):

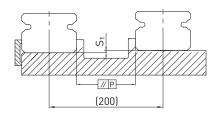


Table 3.88 <b>Maximum tolera</b>	able 3.88 Maximum tolerance for parallelism (P)				
Series/size	Preload class				
	ZF	ZO	Z1		
MG_05-0	2	2	2		
MG_09-0	4	4	3		
MG_12-0	9	9	5		
MG_15-0	10	10	6		
Ilnit· um					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> Permissible deviation of height H between several blocks on a pair of rails



Table 3.89 <b>Maximum tolera</b>	ble 3.89 Maximum tolerance for height of reference surface (S <sub>1</sub> )				
Series/size	Preload class				
	ZF	ZO	Z1		
MG_05-0	20	20	2		
MG_09-0	35	35	6		
MG_12-0	50	50	12		
MG_15-0	60	60	20		
Unit: um					

Table 3.90 <b>Requirements for the mounti</b>	ng surface
Series/size	Required evenness of the mounting surface
MG_05-0	0.015/200
MG_09-0	0.035/200
MG_12-0	0.050/200
MG_15-0	0.060/200

Note: The values in the table are applicable to the preload classes ZF and ZO. For Z1 or if more than one rail is to be mounted on the same surface, the table values must be at least halved.

### 3.5.11 Shoulder heights and fillets

Imprecise shoulder heights and fillets of mounting surfaces compromise precision and may lead to conflicts with the block or rail profiles. The following shoulder heights and edge profiles must be observed in order to avoid assembly problems.

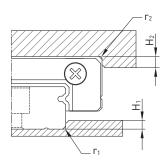


Table 3.91 Shoulder heights and fillets					
Series/size	Max. edge radius r <sub>1</sub>	Max. edge radius r <sub>2</sub>	Shoulder height of H <sub>1</sub>	Shoulder height of H <sub>2</sub>	
MGN05-0	0.1	0.2	1.2	2	
MGN09-0	0.2	0.3	1.7	3	
MGN12-0	0.3	0.4	1.7	4	
MGN15-0	0.5	0.5	2.5	5	
Unit∙ mm					

RG/QR series

#### 3.6 RG and QR series

#### 3.6.1 Properties of the linear guideways, series RG and QR

The HIWIN linear guideways of the RG series use rollers rather than balls as rolling elements. The RG series provides extremely good rigidity and very good loading capacity. It is designed with a 45° contact angle. Its linear contact surface greatly reduces deformation from the loading produced and therefore ensures very good rigidity and loading capacity in all 4 loading directions. The linear guides of the RG series are therefore ideal for use in high-precision manufacturing.

The models of the QR series with SynchMotion™ technology offer all the positive properties of the standard series RG. Controlled movement of the rollers at a defined distance also results in improved synchronous performance, higher reliable travel speeds, extended lubrication intervals and less running noise. Since the installation dimensions of the QR blocks are identical to those of the RG blocks, they are also fitted on the RGR standard rail and can therefore be interchanged with ease. For more information, refer to Page 24.

#### 3.6.2 Structure of the RG/QR series

- 4-row recirculation roller bearing guide
- o 45° contact angle
- Various sealing variants depending on the field of application
- o 6 options for connecting grease nipple and lubrication adapter
- SynchMotion™ technology (QR series)



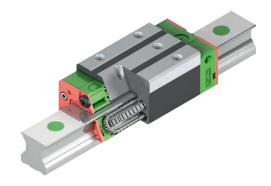
### Structure of the RG series

### Advantages:

- Zero play
- Interchangeable
- Very high load ratings
- Very high rigidity
- Low displacement forces even with high preload

#### 3.6.3 Order codes for the RG/QR series

For RG/QR linear guideways, a distinction is made between interchangeable and non-interchangeable models. The dimensions of both models are the same. The main difference is that the block and rail in the interchangeable models can be freely interchanged. The order codes of the series include the dimensions, model, accuracy class, preload etc.



#### Structure of the QR series

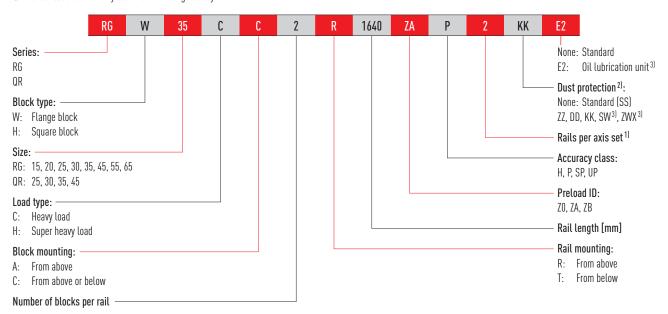
### Additional advantages of QR series:

- Improved synchronous performance
- Optimized for higher travel speeds
- Extended lubrication intervals
- Less running noise
- Higher dynamic load capacities



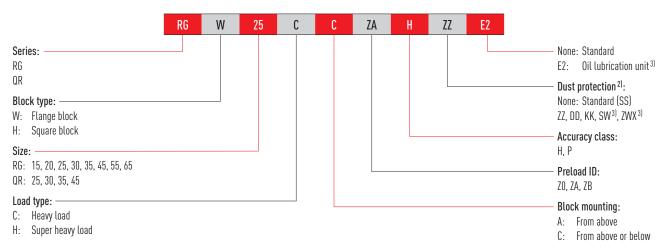
#### Non-interchangeable models (custom-assembled)

Order code for the fully assembled linear guideway

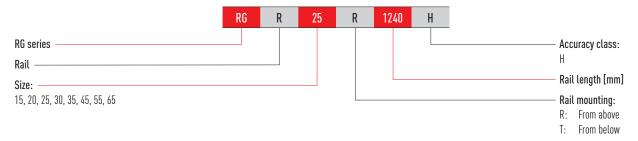


### Interchangeable models

Order code for RG/QR block



Order code for RG rail



### Note:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> The figure 2 is also a quantity, i.e. one item of the above-mentioned article consists of a pair of rails. No number is specified for individual rails. By default multi-part rails are delivered with staggered butt joints.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> You will find an overview of the individual sealing systems on <u>Page 22</u>

<sup>3)</sup> Only available for RG

RG/QR series

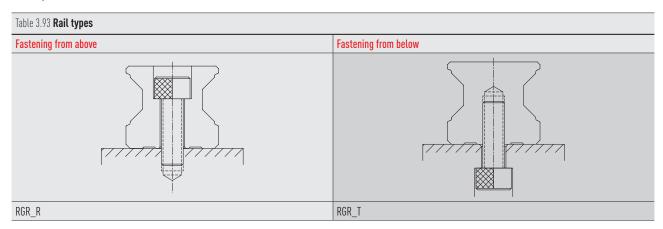
### 3.6.4 Block types

HIWIN provides square and flange blocks for the linear guideways. Given their low height and large mounting surface, flange blocks are suited to large loads.

Table 3.92 Block type	S				
Туре	Series/ size	Structure	Height [mm]	Rail length [mm]	Typical application
Square type	RGH-CA RGH-HA	**************************************	28 – 90	100 – 4.000	<ul> <li>Automation technology</li> <li>Transport technology</li> <li>CNC machining centers</li> <li>High-performance cutting machines</li> <li>CNC grinding machines</li> <li>Injection moulding machines</li> <li>Portal milling machines</li> </ul>
Flange type	RGW-CC RGW-HC		24 – 90		<ul> <li>Machines and systems requiring high rigidity</li> <li>Machines and systems requiring high load rating</li> <li>Spark erosion machines</li> </ul>

### 3.6.5 Rail types

In addition to rails with standard fastening from above, HIWIN also provides rails for fastening from below.

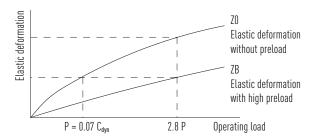




### 3.6.6 Preload

### Definition

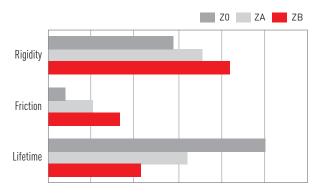
Every rail type can be preloaded based on the size of the balls. The curve shows that the rigidity doubles at higher preload. The RG/QR series offers three standard preload classes for various applications and conditions.



### Preload ID

Table 3.94 <b>Preloac</b>	IID		
ID	Preload		Application
<b>ZO</b>	Light preload	0.02 - 0.04 C <sub>dyn</sub>	Constant load direction, little impact, low precision required
ZA	Medium preload	0.07 - 0.09 C <sub>dyn</sub>	High precision needed
ZB	High preload	0.12 - 0.14 C <sub>dyn</sub>	Very high rigidity required, with vibration and impact

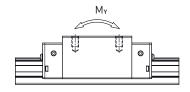
The diagram shows the relationship between rigidity, frictional resistance and nominal lifetime. For smaller models, a preload of no more than ZA is recommended to avoid the lifetime being shortened as a result of preload.

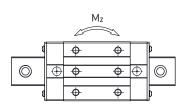


RG/QR series

### 3.6.7 Load ratings and torques







Series/size	Dynamic load rating	Static load rating	Dynamic m	Dynamic moment [Nm]			Static moment [Nm]		
C <sub>dyn</sub> [N] 1)	C <sub>dyn</sub> [N] 1)	C <sub>0</sub> [N]	M <sub>X</sub>	Мү	Mz	M <sub>OX</sub>	M <sub>OY</sub>	M <sub>OZ</sub>	
RG_15C	11,300	24,000	147	82	82	311	173	173	
RG_20C	21,300	46,700	296	210	210	647	460	460	
RG_20H	26,900	63,000	373	358	358	872	837	837	
RG_25C	27,700	57,100	367	293	293	758	605	605	
QR_25C	38,500	54,400	511	444	444	722	627	627	
RG_25H	33,900	73,400	450	457	457	975	991	991	
QR_25H	44,700	65,300	594	621	621	867	907	907	
RG_30C	39,100	82,100	688	504	504	1,445	1,060	1,060	
QR_30C	51,500	73,000	906	667	667	1,284	945	945	
RG_30H	48,100	105,000	845	784	784	1,846	1,712	1,712	
QR_30H	64,700	95,800	1,138	1,101	1,101	1,685	1,630	1,630	
RG_35C	57,900	105,200	1,194	792	792	2,170	1,440	1,440	
QR_35C	77,000	94,700	1,590	1,083	1,083	1,955	1,331	1,331	
RG_35H	73,100	142,000	1,508	1,338	1,338	2,930	2,600	2,600	
QR_35H	95,700	126,300	1,975	1,770	1,770	2,606	2,335	2,335	
RG_45C	92,600	178,800	2,340	1,579	1,579	4,520	3,050	3,050	
QR_45C	123,200	156,400	3,119	2,101	2,101	3,959	2,666	2,666	
RG_45H	116,000	230,900	3,180	2,748	2,748	6,330	5,470	5,470	
QR_45H	150,800	208,600	3,816	3,394	3,394	5,278	4,694	4,694	
RG_55C	130,500	252,000	4,148	2,796	2,796	8,010	5,400	5,400	
RG_55H	167,800	348,000	5,376	4,942	4,942	11,150	10,250	10,250	
RG_65C	213,000	411,600	8,383	5,997	5,997	16,200	11,590	11,590	
RG_65H	275,300	572,700	10,839	10,657	10,657	22,550	22,170	22,170	

<sup>1)</sup> Dynamic load rating for travel distance of 100,000 m



**3.6.8 Rigidity** Rigidity depends on preload. Formula <u>F 3.10</u> can be used to determine deformation depending on rigidity.

F 3.10

$$\delta = \frac{P}{k}$$

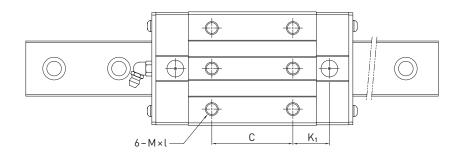
δ Deformation [μm]
P Operating load [N]
k Rigidity [N/μm]

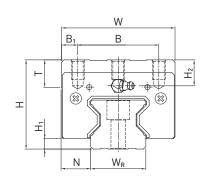
oad class	Series/	Rigidity depending	Rigidity depending on preload			
	size	ZO	ZA	ZB		
eavy load	RG_15C	482	504	520		
	RG_20C	586	614	633		
	RG_25C	682	717	740		
	QR_25C	616	645	665		
	RG_30C	809	849	876		
	QR_30C	694	726	748		
	RG_35C	954	1,002	1,035		
	QR_35C	817	856	882		
	RG_45C	1,433	1,505	1,554		
	QR_45C	1,250	1,310	1,350		
	RG_55C	1,515	1,591	1,643		
	RG_65C	2,120	2,227	2,300		
per heavy load	RG_20H	786	823	848		
	RG_25H	873	917	947		
	QR_25H	730	770	790		
	RG_30H	1,083	1,136	1,173		
	QR_30H	910	950	980		
	RG_35H	1,280	1,344	1,388		
	QR_35H	1,090	1,140	1,170		
	RG_45H	1,845	1,938	2,002		
	QR_45H	1,590	1,660	1,720		
	RG_55H	2,079	2,182	2,254		
	RG_65H	2,931	3,077	3,178		

RG/QR series

### 3.6.9 Dimensions of the RG/QR blocks

### 3.6.9.1 RGH/QRH





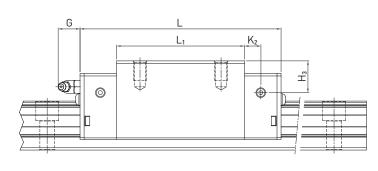


Table 3.97 <b>Di</b>	mensio	ns of th	e block	(															
Series/ size	Instal dimen	lation isions [i	mm]	Dimer	nsions o	f the bl	ock [m	m]									Load rati	ngs [N]	Weight [kg]
	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	N	W	В	B <sub>1</sub>	C	L <sub>1</sub>	L	K <sub>1</sub>	K <sub>2</sub>	G	M×l	T	H <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>dyn</sub>	C <sub>0</sub>	
RGH15CA	28	4.0	9.5	34	26	4.0	26	45.0	68.0	13.40	4.70	5.3	M4 × 8	6.0	7.6	10.1	11,300	24,000	0.20
RGH20CA	34	5.0	12.0	44	32	6.0	36	57.5	86.0	15.80	6.00	5.3	$M5 \times 8$	8.0	8.3	8.3	21,300	46,700	0.40
RGH20HA							50	77.5	106.0	18.80							26,900	63,000	0.53
RGH25CA	40	5.5	12.5	48	35	6.5	35	64.5	97.9	20.75	7.25	12.0	M6 × 8	9.5	10.2	10.0	27,700	57,100	0.61
RGH25HA							50	81.0	114.4	21.50							33,900	73,400	0.75
QRH25CA	40	5.5	12.5	48	35	6.5	35	66.0	9.9	20.75	7.25	12.0	M6 × 8	9.5	10.2	10.0	38,500	54,400	0.60
QRH25HA							50	81.0	112.9	21.50							44,700	65,300	0.74
RGH30CA	45	6.0	16.0	60	40	10.0	40	71.0	109.8	23.50	8.00	12.0	M8 × 10	9.5	9.5	10.3	39,100	82,100	0.90
RGH30HA							60	93.0	131.8	24.50							48,100	105,000	1.16
QRH30CA	45	6.0	16.0	60	40	10.0	40	71.0	109.8	23.50	8.00	12.0	M8 × 10	9.5	9.5	10.3	51,500	73,000	0.89
QRH30HA							60	93.0	131.8	24.50							64,700	95,800	1.15
RGH35CA	55	6.5	18.0	70	50	10.0	50	79.0	124.0	22.50	10.00	12.0	M8 × 12	12.0	16.0	19.6	57,900	105,200	1.57
RGH35HA							72	106.5	151.5	25.25							73,100	142,000	2.06
QRH35CA	55	6.5	18.0	70	50	10.0	50	79.0	124.0	22.50	10.00	12.0	M8 × 12	12.0	16.0	19.6	77,000	94,700	1.56
QRH35HA							72	106.5	151.5	25.25							95,700	126,300	2.04
RGH45CA	70	8.0	20.5	86	60	13.0	60	106.0	153.2	31.00	10.00	12.9	M10 × 17	16.0	20.0	24.0	92,600	178,800	3.18
RGH45HA							80	139.8	187.0	37.90							116,000	230,900	4.13
QRH45CA	70	8.0	20.5	86	60	13.0	60	106.0	153.2	31.00	10.00	12.9	M10 × 17	16.0	20.0	24.0	123,200	156,400	3.16
QRH45HA							80	139.8	187.0	37.90							150,800	208,600	4.10
RGH55CA	80	10.0	23.5	100	75	12.5	75	125.5	183.7	37.75	12.50	12.9	M12 × 18	17.5	22.0	27.5	130,500	252,000	4.89
RGH55HA							95	173.8	232.0	51.90							167,800	348,000	6.68
RGH65CA	90	12.0	31.5	126	76	25.0	70	160.0	232.0	60.80	15.80	12.9	M16 × 20	25.0	15.0	15.0	213,000	411,600	8.89
RGH65HA							120	223.0	295.0	67.30							275,300	572,700	12.13

For dimensions of rail, see <u>Page 100</u>, for standard and optional lubrication adapter, see <u>Page 116</u>.



### 3.6.9.2 RGW/QRW

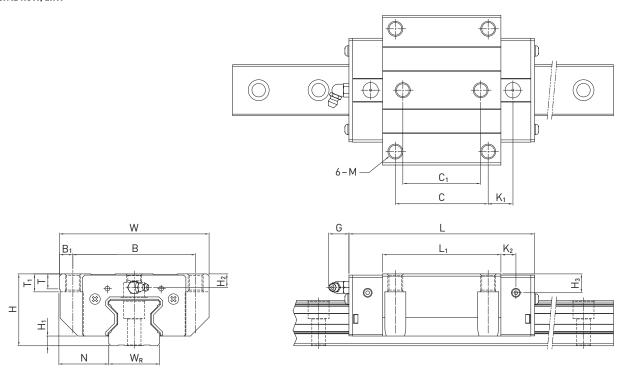


Table 3.98 <b>Di</b>	nensio	ns of th	e block	(																	
Series/ size	Install dimen	lation sions [r	nm]	Dime	ension	s of the	block	([mm	]										Load rati	ngs [N]	Weight [kg]
	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	N	W	В	B <sub>1</sub>	C	C <sub>1</sub>	L <sub>1</sub>	L	K <sub>1</sub>	K <sub>2</sub>	G	М	T	T <sub>1</sub>	H <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>dyn</sub>	C <sub>0</sub>	
RGW15CC	24	4.0	16.0	47	38	4.5	30	26	45.0	68.0	11.40	4.70	5.3	M5	6.0	7	3.6	6.1	11,300	24,000	0.22
RGW20CC	30	5.0	21.5	63	53	5.0	40	35	57.5	86.0	13.80	6.00	5.3	M6	8.0	10	4.3	4.3	21,300	46,700	0.47
RGW20HC									77.5	106.0	23.80								26,900	63,000	0.63
RGW25CC	36	5.5	23.5	70	57	6.5	45	40	64.5	97.9	15.75	7.25	12.0	M8	9.5	10	6.2	6.0	27,700	57,100	0.72
RGW25HC									81.0	114.4	24.00								33,900	73,400	0.91
QRW25CC	36	5.5	23.5	70	57	6.5	45	40	66.0	97.9	15.75	7.25	12.0	M8	9.5	10	6.2	6.0	38,500	54,400	0.71
QRW25HC									81.0	112.9	24.00								44,700	65,300	0.90
RGW30CC	42	6.0	31.0	90	72	9.0	52	44	71.0	109.8	17.50	8.00	12.0	M10	9.5	10	6.5	7.3	39,100	82,100	1.16
RGW30HC									93.0	131.8	28.50								48,100	105,000	1.52
QRW30CC	42	6.0	31.0	90	72	9.0	52	44	71.0	109.8	17.50	8.00	12.0	M10	9.5	10	6.5	7.3	51,500	73,000	1.15
QRW30HC									93.0	131.8	28.50								64,700	95,800	1.51
RGW35CC	48	6.5	33.0	100	82	9.0	62	52	79.0	124.0	16.50	10.00	12.0	M10	12.0	13	9.0	12.6	57,900	105,200	1.75
RGW35HC									106.5	151.5	30.25								73,100	142,000	2.40
QRW35CC	48	6.5	33.0	100	82	9.0	62	52	79.0	124.0	16.50	10.00	12.0	M10	12.0	13	9.0	12.6	77,000	94,700	1.74
QRW35HC									106.5	151.5	30.25								95,700	126,300	2.38
RGW45CC	60	8.0	37.5	120	100	10.0	80	60	106.0	153.2	21.00	10.00	12.9	M12	14.0	15	10.0	14.0	92,600	178,800	3.43
RGW45HC									139.8	187.0	37.90								116,000	230,900	4.57
QRW45CC	60	8.0	37.5	120	100	10.0	80	60	106.0	153.2	21.00	10.00	12.9	M12	14.0	15	10.0	14.0	123,200	156,400	3.41
QRW45HC									139.8	187.0	37.90								150,800	208,600	4.54
RGW55CC	70	10.0	43.5	140	116	12.0	95	70	125.5	183.7	27.75	12.50	12.9	M14	16.0	17	12.0	17.5	130,500	252,000	5.43
RGW55HC									173.8	232.0	51.90								167,800	348,000	7.61
RGW65CC	90	12.0	53.5	170	142	14.0	110	82	160.0	232.0	40.80	15.80	12.9	M16	22.0	23	15.0	15.0	213,000	411,600	11.63
RGW65HC									223.0	295.0	72.30								275,300	572,700	16.58

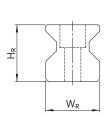
For dimensions of rail, see <u>Page 100</u>, for standard and optional lubrication adapter, see <u>Page 116</u>.

RG/QR series

### 3.6.10 Dimensions of the RG rail

The RG rails are used for both the RG and QR blocks.

### 3.6.10.1 Dimensions of RGR\_R



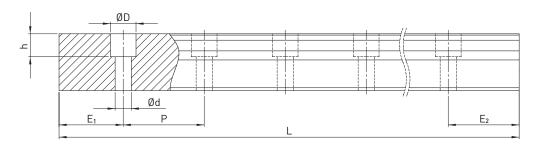
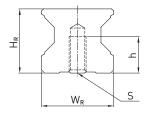


Table 3.99 Dimensions of rail RGR_R												
Series/	Assembly screw	Dimer	nsions o	f rail [mi	m]			Max. length	Max. length	E <sub>1/2</sub> min	E <sub>1/2</sub> max	Weight
size	for rail [mm]	$W_R$	H <sub>R</sub>	D	h	d	Р	[mm]	$E_1 = E_2  [mm]$	[mm]	[mm]	[kg/m]
RGR15R	M4 × 16	15	16.5	7.5	5.7	4.5	30.0	4,000	3,960.0	6	24.0	1.70
RGR20R	M5 × 20	20	21.0	9.5	8.5	6.0	30.0	4,000	3,960.0	7	23.0	2.66
RGR25R	M6 × 20	23	23.6	11.0	9.0	7.0	30.0	4,000	3,960.0	8	22.0	3.08
RGR30R	M8 × 25	28	28.0	14.0	12.0	9.0	40.0	4,000	3,920.0	9	31.0	4.41
RGR35R	M8 × 25	34	30.2	14.0	12.0	9.0	40.0	4,000	3,920.0	9	31.0	6.06
RGR45R	M12 × 35	45	38.0	20.0	17.0	14.0	52.5	4,000	3,937.5	12	40.5	9.97
RGR55R	M14 × 45	53	44.0	23.0	20.0	16.0	60.0	4,000	3,900.0	14	46.0	13.98
RGR65R	M16 × 50	63	53.0	26.0	22.0	18.0	75.0	4,000	3,900.0	15	60.0	20.22

### 3.6.10.2 Dimensions RGR\_T (rail mounting from below)



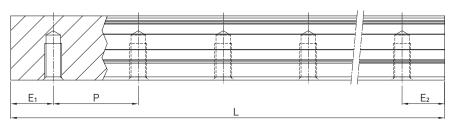


Table 3.100 <b>C</b>	Table 3.100 Dimensions of rail RGR_T											
Series/	Dimensio	ns of rail [	mm]			Max. length	Max. length	E <sub>1/2</sub> min	E <sub>1/2</sub> max	Weight [kg/m]		
size	W <sub>R</sub>	H <sub>R</sub>	S	h	P	[mm]	$E_1 = E_2 [mm]$	[mm]	[mm]			
RGR15T	15	16.5	M5	8.0	30.0	4,000	3,960.0	6	24.0	1.86		
RGR20T	20	21.0	M6	10.0	30.0	4,000	3,960.0	7	23.0	2.76		
RGR25T	23	23.6	M6	12.0	30.0	4,000	3,960.0	8	22.0	3.36		
RGR30T	28	28.0	M8	15.0	40.0	4,000	3,920.0	9	31.0	4.82		
RGR35T	34	30.2	M8	17.0	40.0	4,000	3,920.0	9	31.0	6.48		
RGR45T	45	38.0	M12	24.0	52.5	4,000	3,937.5	12	40.5	10.83		
RGR55T	53	44.0	M14	24.0	60.0	4,000	3,900.0	14	46.0	15.15		
RGR65T	63	53.0	M20 <sup>1)</sup>	30.0	75.0	4,000	3,900.0	15	60.0	21.24		

<sup>1)</sup> Deviating from DIN 645

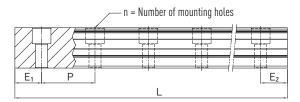
#### Note

- 1. The tolerance for E is +0.5 to 1 mm for standard rails and 0 to 0.3 mm for joints.
- $2. \ \text{If the } E_{1/2} \ \text{dimensions are not indicated, the maximum possible number of mounting holes will be determined under consideration of } E_{1/2} \ \text{min.}$
- 3. The rails are shortened to the required length. If the  $E_{1/2}$  dimensions are not indicated, these will be carried out symmetrically.



### 3.6.10.3 Calculating the length of rails

HIWIN offers rails in customized lengths. To prevent the risk of the end of the rail becoming unstable, the value E must not exceed half of the distance between the mounting holes (P). At the same time, the value  $E_{1/2}$  should be between  $E_{1/2}$  min and  $E_{1/2}$  max so that the mounting hole does not rupture.



F3.11 
$$L = (n-1) \times P + E_1 + E_2$$

- L Total length of the rail [mm]
- n Number of mounting holes
- P Distance between two mounting holes [mm]
- $E_{1/2}$  Distance from the middle of the last mounting hole to the end of the rail [mm]

### 3.6.10.4 Tightening torques for mounting bolts

Insufficient tightening of the mounting bolts strongly compromises the precision of the linear guideway. The following tightening torques are recommended for the relevant screw sizes.

Table 3.101 Tightening torques of the mounting bolts according to ISO 4762-12.9										
Series/size	Screw size	Torque [Nm]	Series/size	Screw size	Torque [Nm]					
RG_15	M4 × 16	4	RG_35	M8 × 25	31					
RG_20	M5 × 20	9	RG_45	M12 × 35	120					
RG_25	M6 × 20	14	RG_55	M14 × 45	160					
RG_30	M8 × 25	31	RG_65	M16 × 50	200					

### 3.6.10.5 Cover caps for mounting holes of rails

The cover caps are used to keep the mounting holes free of chips and dirt. The standard plastic caps are provided with each rail. Optional cover caps must be ordered separately.



Table 3.102 <b>Cove</b>	Table 3.102 Cover caps for mounting holes of rails										
Rail	Screw	Article number			Ø D [mm]	Height H [mm]					
		Plastic	Brass	Steel							
RGR15R	M4	5-001342	5-001344	_	7.5	1.1					
RGR20R	M5	5-001348	5-001350	5-001352	9.5	2.2					
RGR25R	M6	5-001353	5-001355	5-001357	11.0	2.5					
RGR30R	M8	5-001358	5-001360	5-001362	14.0	3.3					
RGR35R	M8	5-001358	5-001360	5-001362	14.0	3.3					
RGR45R	M12	5-001322	5-001324	5-001327	20.0	4.6					
RGR55R	M14	5-001328	5-001330	5-001332	23.0	5.5					
RGR65R	M16	5-001333	5-001335	5-001337	26.0	5.5					

RG/QR series

### 3.6.11 Sealing systems

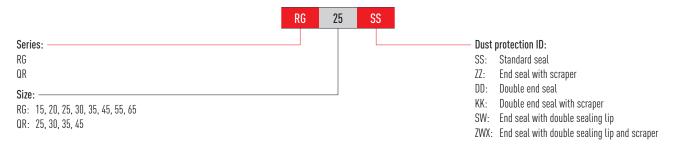
Various sealing systems are available for HIWIN blocks. You will find an overview on <a href="Page 22">Page 22</a>. The table below shows the total length of the blocks with the different sealing systems. Sealing systems suitable for these sizes are available.



Series/	Total length L					
size	SS	DD	ZZ	KK	SW	ZWX
RG_15C	68.0	72.4	70.0	74.4	-	_
RG_20C	86.0	90.4	88.0	92.4	-	-
RG_20H	106.0	110.4	108.0	112.4	-	_
RG_25C	97.9	102.3	99.9	104.3	-	_
QR_25C	97.7	102.3	99.9	104.3	-	-
RG_25H	114.4	118.8	116.4	120.8	-	_
QR_25H	112.9	117.3	114.9	119.3	-	_
RG_30C	109.8	114.6	112.8	117.6	-	_
QR_30C	109.8	114.6	112.8	117.6	-	-
RG_30H	131.8	136.6	134.8	139.6	-	_
QR_30H	131.8	136.6	134.8	139.6	-	-
RG_35C	124.0	129.0	127.0	132.0	-	_
QR_35C	124.0	129.0	127.0	132.0	-	-
RG_35H	151.5	156.5	154.5	159.5	-	-
QR_35H	151.5	156.5	154.5	159.5	-	-
RG_45C	153.2	160.4	156.2	163.4	156.5	166.2
QR_45C	153.2	160.4	156.2	163.4	-	_
RG_45H	187.0	194.2	190.0	197.2	190.3	200.0
QR_45H	187.0	194.2	190.0	197.2	-	-
RG_55C	183.7	190.9	186.7	193.9	186.9	198.3
RG_55H	232.0	239.2	235.0	242.2	235.2	246.6
RG_65C	232.0	240.8	235.0	243.8	235.2	245.3
RG_65H	295.0	303.8	298.0	306.8	298.2	308.3

### 3.6.11.1 Designation of seal sets

The sealing sets are always supplied along with the assembly material and include the parts needed in addition to the standard seal.





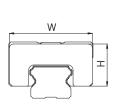
### 3.6.12 Friction

The table shows the maximum frictional resistance of the individual end seal. Depending on sealing setup (SS, ZZ, DD, KK), the value may have to be multiplied. The values indicated apply to blocks on uncoated rails. Higher friction forces occur on coated rails.

Table 3.104 Frictional resistance of the s	Table 3.104 Frictional resistance of the single-lipped seals									
Series/size	Friction force [N]	Series/size	Friction force [N]							
RG_15	2.0	RG/QR_35	3.5							
RG_20	2.5	RG/QR_45	4.2							
RG/QR_25	2.8	RG_55	5.1							
RG/QR_30	3.3	RG_65	6.7							

### 3.6.13 Lubrication unit E2

You will find more information about the lubrication unit in the general information in Section  $\underline{"2.6.3}$  Oil lubrication unit E2" on Page 15.



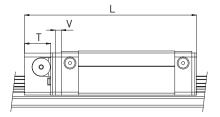


Table 3.105 <b>Dimensi</b>	able 3.105 Dimensions of block with lubrication unit E2												
Model	Dimensio	ns of the b	lock [mm]						Oil quantity	Mileage <sup>2)</sup>			
	W	Н	T	٧	L <sub>SS</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	L <sub>ZZ</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	L <sub>DD</sub> 1)	L <sub>KK</sub> 1)	[cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[km]			
RG_25C	46.8	29.2	13.5	3.5	114.9	116.9	119.3	121.3	5.0	6,000			
RG_25H	46.8	29.2	13.5	3.5	131.4	133.4	135.8	137.8	5.0	6,000			
RG_30C	58.8	34.9	13.5	3.5	126.8	129.8	131.6	134.6	7.5	8,000			
RG_30H	58.8	34.9	13.5	3.5	148.8	151.8	153.6	156.6	7.5	8,000			
RG_35C	68.8	40.3	13.5	3.5	141.0	144.0	146.0	149.0	10.7	10,000			
RG_35H	68.8	40.3	13.5	3.5	168.5	171.5	173.5	176.5	10.7	10,000			
RG_45C	83.8	50.2	16.0	4.5	173.7	176.7	180.9	183.9	18.5	20,000			
RG_45H	83.8	50.2	16.0	4.5	207.5	210.5	214.7	217.7	18.5	20,000			
RG_55C	97.6	58.4	16.0	4.5	204.2	207.2	211.4	214.4	26.5	30,000			
RG_55H	97.6	58.4	16.0	4.5	252.5	255.5	259.7	262.7	26.5	30,000			
RG_65C	121.7	76.1	16.0	4.5	252.5	255.5	261.3	264.3	50.5	40,000			
RG_65H	121.7	76.1	16.0	4.5	315.5	318.5	324.3	327.3	50.5	40,000			

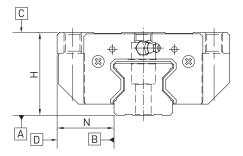
 $<sup>^{1]}</sup>$  Total length depending on selected dust protection. SS = Standard dust protection

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Mileage at which the oil tank level should be checked at the very latest.

RG/QR series

### 3.6.14 Tolerances depending on accuracy class

The RG and QR series are available in four accuracy classes depending on parallelism between block and rail, height accuracy H and accuracy of width N. The choice of accuracy class is determined by the machine requirements.



### 3.6.14.1 Parallelism

Parallelism of stop surfaces D and B of block and rail and parallelism of top of block C to mounting surface A of rail. Ideal linear guideway installation is required, as is a measurement in the centre of the block.

Rail length [mm]	Accuracy class											
	Н	Р	SP	UP								
- 100	7	3	2	2								
100 - 200	9	4	2	2								
200 - 300	10	5	3	2								
300 - 500	12	6	3	2								
500 - 700	13	7	4	2								
700 - 900	15	8	5	3								
900 – 1100	16	9	6	3								
1100 – 1500	18	11	7	4								
1500 – 1900	20	13	8	4								
1900 – 2500	22	15	10	5								
2500 – 3100	25	18	11	6								
3100 – 3600	27	20	14	7								
3600 – 4000	28	21	15	7								



### 3.6.14.2 Accuracy - height and width

### Height tolerance H

Permissible absolute dimension variance of height H, measured between centre of screw-on surface C and underside of rail A, with block in any position on the rail.

### Width tolerance N

Permissible absolute dimension variance of width N, measured between centre of screw-on surfaces D and B, with block in any position on the rail.

### Height variance of H

Permissible variance of height H between several blocks on a rail, measured in the same rail position.

### Width variance of N

Permissible variance of width N between several blocks on a rail, measured in the same rail position.

Series/size	Accuracy class	Height tolerance of H	Width tolerance of N	Height variance of H	Width variance of N
RG_15, 20	H (High)	± 0.03	± 0.03	0.01	0.01
	P (Precision)	0 -0.03	0 - 0.03	0.006	0.006
	SP (Super precision)	0 - 0.015	0 - 0.015	0.004	0.004
	UP (Ultra precision)	0 -0.008	0 - 0.008	0.003	0.003
RG_25, 30, 35	H (High)	± 0.04	± 0.04	0.015	0.015
25, 30, 35 225, 30, 35	P (Precision)	0 - 0.04	0 - 0.04	0.007	0.007
	SP (Super precision)	0 - 0.02	0 - 0.02	0.005	0.005
	UP (Ultra precision)	0 - 0.01	0 - 0.01	0.003	0.003
RG_45, 55	H (High)	± 0.05	± 0.05	0.015	0.02
NR_45	P (Precision)	0 - 0.05	0 - 0.05	0.007	0.01
	SP (Super precision)	0 - 0.03	0 - 0.03	0.005	0.007
	UP (Ultra precision)	0 -0.02	0 - 0.02	0.003	0.005
RG_65	H (High)	± 0.07	± 0.07	0.02	0.025
	P (Precision)	0 - 0.07	0 - 0.07	0.01	0.015
	SP (Super precision)	0 - 0.05	0 - 0.05	0.007	0.01
	UP (Ultra precision)	0 - 0.03	0 - 0.03	0.005	0.007

Unit: mm

Series/size	Accuracy class	Height tolerance of H	Width tolerance of N	Height variance of H	Width variance of N
RG_15, 20	H (High)	± 0.03	± 0.03	0.01	0.01
	P (Precision)	± 0.015	± 0.015	0.006	0.006
RG_25, 30, 35	H (High)	± 0.04	± 0.04	0.015	0.015
IR_25, 30, 35	P (Precision)	± 0.02	± 0.02	0.007	0.007
G_45, 55	H (High)	± 0.05	± 0.05	0.015	0.02
R_45	P (Precision)	± 0.025	± 0.025	0.007	0.01
G_65	H (High)	± 0.07	± 0.07	0.02	0.025
	P (Precision)	± 0.035	± 0.035	0.01	0.015

RG/QR series

### 3.6.14.3 Permissible mounting surface tolerances

Once the requirements relating to the accuracy of the mounting surfaces are met, the good accuracy, rigidity and lifetime of the RG and QR series linear guideways are achieved.

### Tolerance for the parallelism of the reference surface (P)

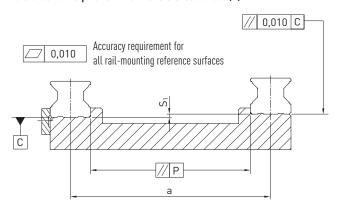


Table 3.109 Maximum tolerance for parallelism (P)						
Series/size	Preload class					
	<b>ZO</b>	ZA	ZB			
RG_15	5	3	3			
RG_20	8	6	4			
RG/QR_25	9	7	5			
RG/QR_30	11	8	6			
RG/QR_35	14	10	7			
RG/QR_45	17	13	9			
RG_55	21	14	11			
RG_65	27	18	14			
Unit: um	LI	10	14			

### Tolerance for the height of the reference surface $(S_1)$

**F3.12** 
$$S_1 = a \times K$$

- S<sub>1</sub> Max. height tolerance [mm]
- a Distance between rails [mm]
- K Coefficient of the height tolerance

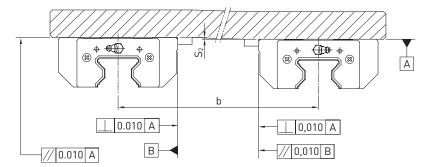
Table 3.110 Coefficient of height tolerance (K)							
Series/size	Preload class						
	<b>ZO</b>	ZA	ZB				
RG_15 - 65/QR_25 - 45	2.2 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.7 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.2 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>				



### Height tolerance of the block mounting surface

• The height tolerance of the reference surface in the parallel use of two or more blocks (S<sub>2</sub>)

> Accuracy requirement for 0.010 all block-mounting reference surfaces



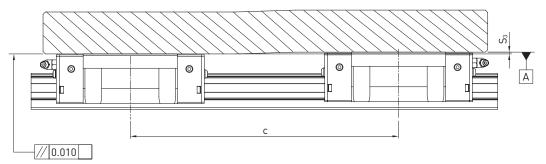
F 3.13

$$S_2 = b \times 4.2 \times 10^{-5}$$

- Max. height tolerance [mm]
- Distance between blocks [mm]
- The height tolerance of the reference surface in the parallel use of two or more blocks (S<sub>3</sub>)

Accuracy requirement for 0.010

all block-mounting reference surfaces



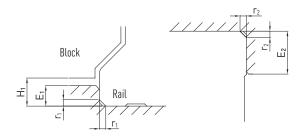
**F3.14** 
$$S_3 = c \times 4.2 \times 10^{-5}$$

- Max. height tolerance [mm]
- Distance between blocks [mm]

RG/QR series; PG series

## 3.6.15 Shoulder heights and fillets

Imprecise shoulder heights and fillets of mounting surfaces compromise precision and may lead to conflicts with the block or rail profiles. The following shoulder heights and edge profiles must be observed in order to avoid assembly problems.



Series/size	Max. edge radius r <sub>1</sub>	Max. edge radius r <sub>2</sub>	Shoulder height of reference edge of rail E <sub>1</sub>	Shoulder height of reference edge of block E <sub>2</sub>	Clearance under block H
RG_15	0.5	0.5	4.0	4.0	4.0
RG_20	0.5	0.5	5.0	5.0	5.0
RG/QR_25	1.0	1.0	5.0	5.0	5.5
RG/QR_30	1.0	1.0	5.0	5.0	6.0
RG/QR_35	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	6.5
RG/QR_45	1.0	1.0	7.0	8.0	8.0
RG_55	1.5	1.5	9.0	10.0	10.0
RG_65	1.5	1.5	10.0	10.0	12.0



### 3.7 PG series

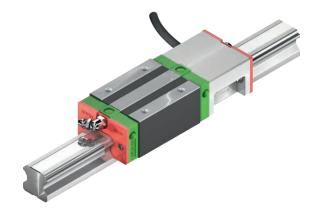
### 3.7.1 Properties of the linear guideways, series PG

The HIWIN linear guideways of the PG series are a special type of the HG/QH series with the integrated, magnetic positioning measurement system MAGIC. The positioning measurement systems of the MAGIC series are optimised for measuring the distances travelled in linear movements and particularly on linear motor axes. The measuring system consists of a magnetic measuring gauge on a stainless steel carrier tape and a sensing unit. The robust housing with excellent electrical shielding and real-time signal output make the HIWIN MAGIC series the positioning measurement system of choice for demanding applications.

In the PG series, the stylus is fitted directly on the HG/OH series block. The magnetic tape is integrated in an additional groove in the HGR rail. The MAGIC positioning measurement system is also available as a model not dependent on the rail. The customer can specify where the magnetic tape and stylus are positioned. For details, please refer to the catalogue "Electric drive technology – linear motors, torque motors, positioning measurement systems".

### 3.7.2 Structure of the PG series

- HG/QH series block
- O HG series rail with additional groove for measuring scale
- Encoder can be fitted on HG-20, HG-25, QH-20 and QH-25 size blocks
- Assembly direction: Looking towards the reference edge of the block, the encoder is fitted on the left as standard. The encoder cable is also on the side of the reference edge

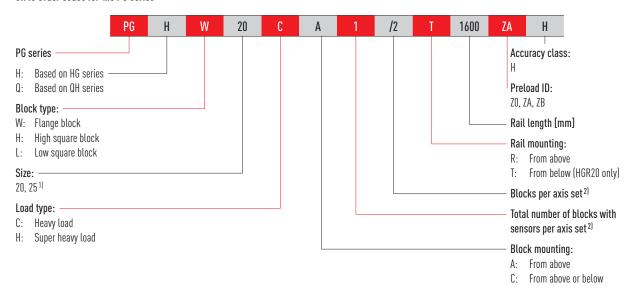


### Advantages:

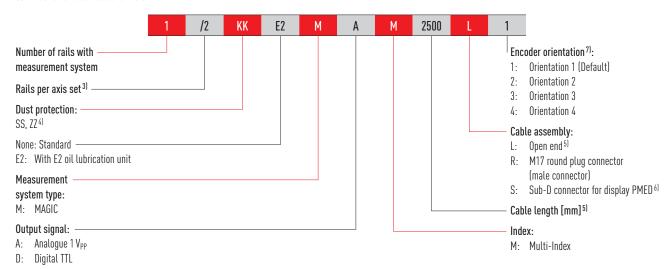
- $\circ$  Zero contact measurement with  $1\,V_{pp}$  or digital output
- O Digital resolution of 1 μm
- Encoder and housing are not sensitive to dust, humidity, oil and chips
- Encoder with metal housing and IP67 protection mode
- Simple assembly
- O Signal output in real time
- Special housing for EMC optimization

PG series

### 3.7.3 Order codes for the PG series



### Continuation of order codes for PG series



### Note:

- <sup>1)</sup> Not the same design as the HGR25R standard rail without groove. M5 assembly screw rather than M6.
- <sup>2)</sup> For the PG series, the total number of blocks per axis is specified (all blocks of the ordered article).
- <sup>3)</sup> The figure 2 is also a quantity, i.e. one item of the above-mentioned article consists of a pair of rails.

  No number is specified for individual rails. By default multi-part rails are delivered with staggered butt joints.
- <sup>4)</sup> If nothing is specified, the block is supplied with standard dust protection (standard end seal and bottom seal). For an overview of the various sealing systems, see <u>Page 22</u>.
- <sup>5)</sup> With open ends, the 5000 cable length should be selected as standard.
- 6) The display must be ordered separately.
- 7) See Section 3.7.6



### 3.7.4 Dimensions of the PG blocks

The following figure shows a HGH20CA/HGH25CA block. It is also possible to use the modules with HG20, HG25, QH20 and QH25 block sizes. The overall dimensions then change accordingly. The dimensions of all block sizes are shown in <u>Table 3.112</u>.

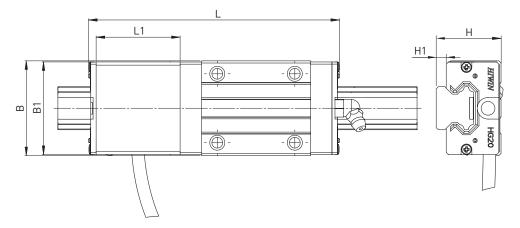


Table 3.112 Dimensions of the block							
Series/size	L [mm]	L1 [mm]	B [mm]	B1 [mm]	H [mm]	H1 [mm]	
HG_20C	118.0	41.5	44	43.0	30	4.6	
HG_20H	132.7	41.5	44	43.0	30	4.6	
HG_25C	124.5	41.5	48	46.4	40	5.5	
HG_25H	145.1	41.5	48	46.4	40	5.5	
QH_20C	117.2	41.5	44	43.0	30	4.6	
QH_20H	131.9	41.5	44	43.0	30	4.6	
QH_25C	123.9	41.5	48	46.4	40	5.5	
QH_25H	144.5	41.5	48	46.4	40	5.5	

Unit: mm

### 3.7.5 Dimensions of the PG rails

### 3.7.5.1 Rail with groove, mounting from above

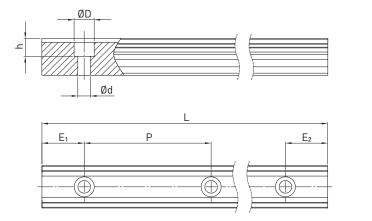




Table 3.113 Dimensions of HGR_R G1											
Series/	Dimensions of rail [mm]				Max. length	Max. length	E <sub>1/2</sub> min	E <sub>1/2</sub> max	Weight		
size	W <sub>R</sub>	H <sub>R</sub>	D	h	d	P	[mm]	$E_1 = E_2 [mm]$	[mm]	[mm]	[kg/m]
HGR20R G1	20	17.5	9.5	8.5	6.0	60	4,000	3,900	7	53	2.05
HGR25R G1C	23	22.0	9.5	8.5	6.0	60	4,000	3,900	7	53	3.05

PG series

### 3.7.5.2 Rail with groove, mounting from below

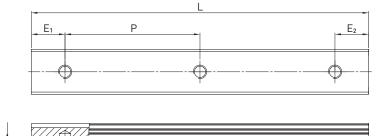






Table 3.114 Dimensions of HGR_T G1										
Series/	Dimensio	ns of rail [r	nm]			Max. length	Max. length	E <sub>1/2</sub> min	E <sub>1/2</sub> max	Weight
size	W <sub>R</sub>	H <sub>R</sub>	S	h	P	[mm]	$E_1 = E_2[mm]$	[mm]	[mm]	[kg/m]
HGR20T G1	20	17.5	M6	10	60	4,000	3,900	7	53	2.13

### 3.7.5.3 Tightening torques for mounting bolts

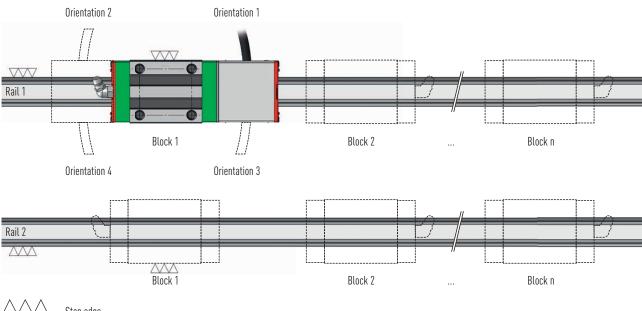
Insufficient tightening of the mounting bolts strongly compromises the precision of the linear guideway; the following tightening torques are therefore recommended for the relevant screw sizes.

Table 3.115 Tightening torques of the mounting bolts according to ISO 4762-12.9							
Series/size	Screw size	Torque [Nm]	Series/size	Screw size	Torque [Nm]		
HGR20R G1	M5 × 16	9	HGR25R G1C	M5 × 20	9		
HGR20T G1	M6	13					

### 3.7.6 Orientation of the HIWIN MAGIC-PG encoder

According to the order code (section  $\underline{3.7.3}$ ) the HIWIN MAGIC-PG encoder is available in the orientations 1 to 4 as shown below. Without a statement about the required orientation the encoder is delivered by default (orientation 1).

For more than one block on a rail or on a rail pair, the encoder is assembled on block 1, rail 1, as shown below. If a non-standard orientation is needed, this has to be defined in the MAGIC-PG project planning sheet (www.hiwin.de).



Stop edge



### 3.7.7 Specifications of the positioning measurement system HIWIN MAGIC and HIWIN MAGIC-PG

Table 3.116 Electrical and mechanical proper	ties of HIWIN MAGIC and HIWIN MAGIC-PG	
	1 V <sub>PP</sub> (analogue)	TTL (digital)
Electrical properties	·	
Output signal specification	sin/cos, 1 V <sub>PP</sub> (0.85 V <sub>PP</sub> - 1.2 V <sub>PP</sub> )	Quadrature signal acc. to RS 422
Resolution	Infinite, signal period 1 mm	1 µm
Repetition accuracy bidirectional	0.003 mm	0.002 m
Absolute accuracy	± 20 μm/m	
Reference signal 1)	Periodic index impulse at a distance of 1 mm	
Phase angle	90° ± 0.1° el	90°
DC component	2.5 V ± 0.3 V	_
Distortion factor	Typ. < 0.1 %	_
Operating voltage	5 V ± 5 %	
Power consumption	Typ. 35 mA, max. 70 mA	Typ. 70 mA, max. 120 mA
Max. measurement speed	10 m/s	5 m/s
EMC class	3, according to IEC 801	
Mechanical properties		
Housing material	Aluminium alloy, encoder bottom made of sta	inless steel
Dimensions of MAGIC encoder	L × B × H: 45 × 12 × 14 mm	
Standard cable length 2)	5 m	
Min. bending radius cable	40 mm	
Protection class	IP67	
Operating temperature	0 °C to +50 °C	
Weight of MAGIC encoder	80 g	
Weight of MAGIC-PG encoder	80 g	
MAGIC-PG suitable for blocks	HG-20, HG-25, QH-20, QH-25	

<sup>1)</sup> Can be used with proximity switch

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> For the use in drag chains we recommend our pre-assembled encoder cable with a pre-mounted round connector M17 (coupling, female) on one side, which matches the optional round plug connector M17 (male) of the encoder. For details, please contact your HIWIN technician.

Table 3.117 <b>Properties of the magnetic scale</b>	
Properties	Magnetic scale (including stainless steel protective cover tape)
Accuracy class <sup>1]</sup>	± 20 μm/m
Linear expansion coefficient	11.5 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> m/K
Period	1 mm
Thickness magnetic scale	1.70 ± 0.10 mm
Thickness magnetic scale + protective cover tape	1.85 ± 0.15 mm
Width	10.05 ± 0.10 mm
Maximum length	24 m
Magnetic remanence	> 240 mT
Pole pitch (distance north/south pole)	1 mm
Single reference marks	Optional
Material	Elastomers, nitrile and EPDM
Temperature range	0 °C to +50 °C
Weight	70 g/m
1) at 20 °C	

PG series

# Separate magnetic scale (left) without protective cover tape and integrated into a profile rail (right) with stainless steel protective cover tape



### 3.7.8 Connection for MAGIC positioning measurement system

### 3.7.8.1 Cable assignment (analogue and digital variant)

A high-quality, 8-core cable

(1 each of V1+, V1-, V2+, V2- and V0+, V0- (or A,  $\bar{A}$ , B,  $\bar{B}$  und Z,  $\bar{Z}$  for the digital variant) suitable for cable track is used twisted in pairs.

In drag lines, we generally recommend our pre-assembled extension cables, which are designed especially for use in such lines. The extension cables are supplied with a round plug connector on one end (female coupling) or customized.

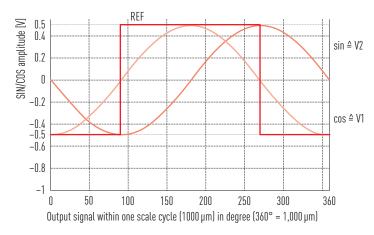
### 3.7.8.2 MAGIC measurement system formats and outputs (analogue)

### Signal format of sine/cosine 1 V<sub>PP</sub> output

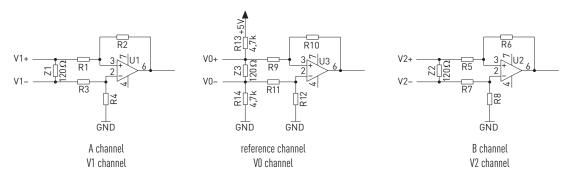
The electrical signals after the differential input of the subsequent electronics. The HIWIN MAGIC sine/cosine 1  $V_{PP}$  interface is strictly oriented towards the Siemens

specification. The period length of the sine output signal is 1 mm. The period length of the reference signal is 1 mm.

# Electrical signals after the differential input of the downstream electronic components (analogue version)



### Recommended subsequent electronics circuit for sine/cosine $1\,V_{PP}$ output

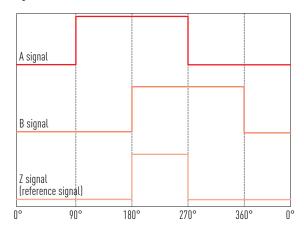




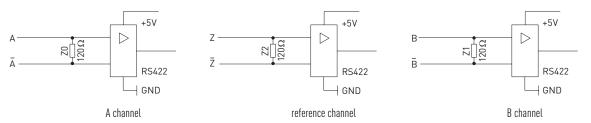
### TTL-output (digital)

The signals on A and B channels have a 90° phase shift (according to RS422 specification in DIN 66259). Recommended terminal resistance Z = 120  $\Omega$ . Output signals: A,  $\bar{A}$ , B,  $\bar{B}$  and Z,  $\bar{Z}$ . Individual reference pulse (optional) and definition of a minimum pulse duration are possible as an option.

### Signals of the MAGIC encoder (TTL version)



### Recommended subsequent electronics circuit for TTL output



Accessories

## 4. Accessories

### 4.1 Lubrication adapters

A grease nipple is attached to the front side of the block as standard (1). The lubrication connection on the opposite side is sealed with a plug screw. Alternatively, lubrication can also be carried out through one of the four laterally provided connections on the recirculation unit (2) or from above (3). Grease nipples, lubrication adapters or push-on connectors can be used for lubrication.

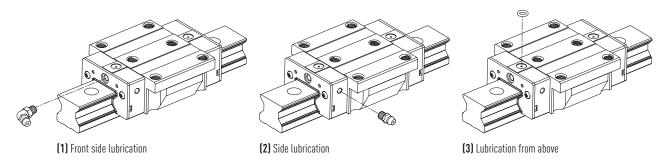
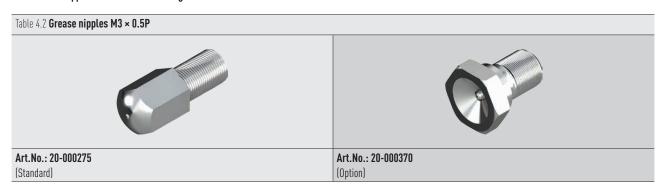
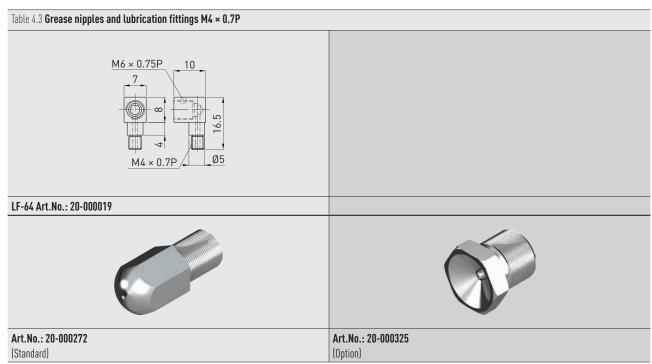


Table 4.1 Overview block type/thread size					
Block type	Thread size front/side				
HG_15	M4				
HG_20, HG_25, HG_30, HG_35	M6 × 0.75				
HG_45, HG_55, HG_65	1/8 PT				
QH_15	M4				
QH_20, QH_25, QH_30, QH_35	M6 × 0.75				
QH_45	1/8 PT				
EG_15	M4				
EG_20, EG_25, EG_30, EG_35	M6 × 0.75				
QE_15	M4				
QE_20, QE_25, QE_30, QE_35	M6 × 0.75				
WE_17	M3				
WE_21, WE_27, WE_35	M6 × 0.75				
WE_50	1/8 PT				
MG_15	M3				
RG_15, RG_20	M4				
RG_25, RG_30, RG_35	M6 × 0.75				
RG_45, RG_55, RG_65	1/8 PT				
QR_25, QR_30, QR_35	M6 × 0.75				
QR_45	1/8 PT				



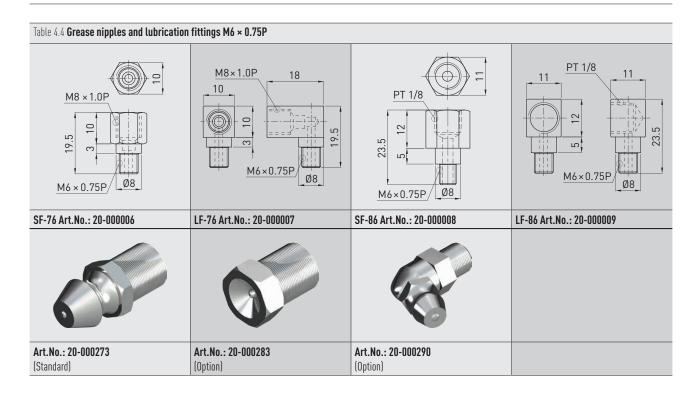
### 4.1.1 Grease nipples and lubrication fittings

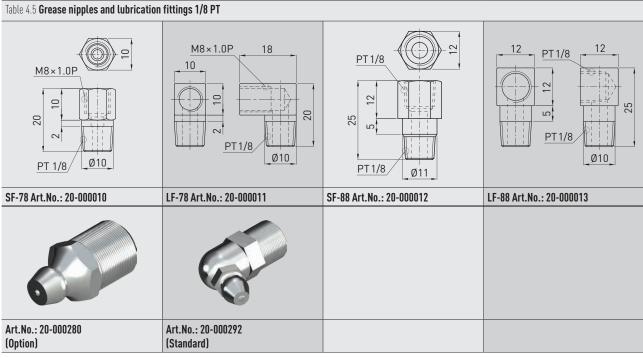




The stated article numbers apply to the standard dust protection. Article numbers for optional dust protection available on request.

Accessories

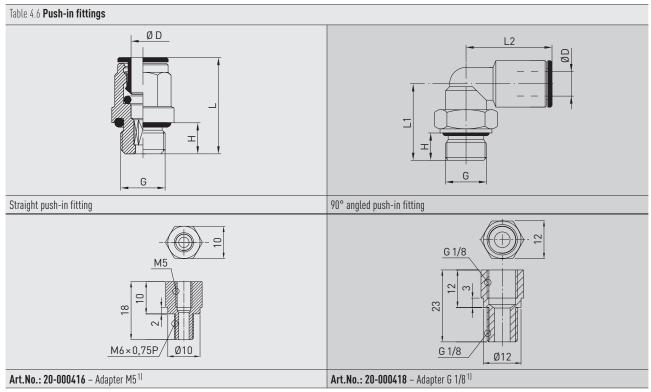




The stated article numbers apply to the standard dust protection. Article numbers for optional dust protection available on request.



### 4.1.2 Push-in fittings



The adapters shown are needed for push-in fittings with threads M5 or G 1/8. Push-in fittings with thread M6 are screwed in the block without adapter.

Table 4.7 <b>Dimensi</b>	Table 4.7 Dimensions of push-in fittings							
Article number	G	Ø D	Shape	Н	L	L1	L2	
20-000439	M5 × 0.8	4	Straight	4	20.5	_	_	
20-000462	M5 × 0.8	6	Straight	4	22.5	_	_	
20-000465	M5 × 0.8	4	Angled	4	_	14.5	18	
20-000466	M5 × 0.8	6	Angled	4	_	14.5	21	
8-12-0127	M6 × 0.75	4	Straight	5	23.5	_	_	
20-000463	M6 × 0.75	6	Straight	4	22.5	_	_	
8-12-0128	M6 × 0.75	4	Angled	5	-	15.5	18	
8-12-0138	M6 × 0.75	6	Angled	5	-	15.5	21	
8-12-0131	G 1/8	4	Straight	6	20.0	_	-	
8-12-0136	G 1/8	6	Straight	6	24.0	_	-	
8-12-0130	G 1/8	4	Angled	6	-	20.0	20	
8-12-0137	G 1/8	6	Angled	6	-	20.0	21	

The stated article numbers apply to the standard dust protection. Article numbers for optional dust protection available on request.

Accessories

### 4.2 HIWIN grease guns and lubricants

Table 4.8 HIWIN grease guns							
Article number	Grease gun	Lubrication adapter and set of nozzles	Direct filling	Cartridge			
20-000352	•	_	•	70 g			
20-000332	•	•	•	70 g			
20-000353	•	_	•	400 g			
20-000333	•	•	•	400 g			
20-000358	_	•	_	_			

Table 4.9 <b>HIWIN greas</b>	Table 4.9 <b>HIWIN greases</b>							
Grease type	Area of application	Article number						
		70 g cartridge	400 g cartridge	1 kg container				
G01	Heavy-duty applications	20-000335	20-000336	20-000337				
G02	Clean room applications	20-000338	20-000339	20-000340				
G03	Clean room applications High speed	20-000341	20-000342	20-000343				
G04	High speed	20-000344	20-000345	20-000346				
G05	Standard grease	20-000347	20-000348	20-000349				

Table 4.10 <b>HIWIN oils</b>			
Article number	Description	Scope of delivery	Comment
20-000350	SHC 636	1-litre bottle	Oil for filling the E2 lubrication tank

You will also find details about the HIWIN lubricants and lubrication of the linear guideways in the "HIWIN assembly instructions for linear guideways" available from www.hiwin.de.



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# **Linear Guideways** Notes





Linear Guideways



**Ballscrews** 



Linear Motor Systems



Linear Axes



Linear Actuators



Robots



Linear Motor Components



**Rotary Tables** 



Drives & Servo Motors

Germany
HIWIN GmbH
Brücklesbünd 2
D-77654 Offenburg
Phone +49 (0) 7 81 9 32 78 - 0
Fax +49 (0) 7 81 9 32 78 - 90
info@hiwin.de
www.hiwin.de

Taiwan
Headquarters
HIWIN Technologies Corp.
No. 7, Jingke Road
Taichung Precision Machinery Park
Taichung 40852, Taiwan
Phone +886-4-2359-4510
Fax +886-4-2359-4420
business@hiwin.tw
www.hiwin.tw

Taiwan
Headquarters
HIWIN Mikrosystem Corp.
No. 6, Jingke Central Road
Taichung Precision Machinery Park
Taichung 40852, Taiwan
Phone +886-4-2355-0110
Fax +886-4-2355-0123
business@hiwinmikro.tw
www.hiwinmikro.tw

France
HIWIN France s.a.r.l.
20 Rue du Vieux Bourg
F-61370 Echauffour
Phone +33 (2) 33 34 11 15
Fax +33 (2) 33 34 73 79
info@hiwin.fr
www.hiwin.fr

Italy
HIWIN Srl
Via Pitagora 4
I-20861 Brugherio (MB)
Phone +39 039 287 61 68
Fax +39 039 287 43 73
info@hiwin.it
www.hiwin.it

Poland HIWIN GmbH ul. Putawska 405a PL-02-801 Warszawa Phone +48 22 544 07 07 Fax +48 22 544 07 08 info@hiwin.pl www.hiwin.pl

Switzerland
HIWIN Schweiz GmbH
Eichwiesstrasse 20
CH-8645 Jona
Phone +41 (0) 55 225 00 25
Fax +41 (0) 55 225 00 20
info@hiwin.ch
www.hiwin.ch

Slovakia HIWIN s.r.o., o.z.z.o. Mládežnicka 2101 SK-01701 Považská Bystrica Phone +421 424 43 47 77 Fax +421 424 26 23 06 info@hiwin.sk www.hiwin.sk

Czechia HIWIN s.r.o. Medkova 888/11 CZ-62700 BRNO Phone +42 05 48 528 238 Fax +42 05 48 220 223 info@hiwin.cz www.hiwin.cz

# Netherlands HIWIN GmbH info@hiwin.nl www.hiwin.nl

HIWIN GmbH info@hiwin.at www.hiwin.at

# **Slovenia** HIWIN GmbH

# China HIWIN Corp. www.hiwin.cn

# Japan HIWIN Corp. mail@hiwin.co.jp www.hiwin.co.jp

# USA HIWIN Corp. info@hiwin.com www.hiwin.com

**Korea** HIWIN Corp. www.hiwin.kr

**Singapore** HIWIN Corp. www.hiwin.sg